

ZEAL AQUA LIMITED
CIN No: L05004GJ2009PLC056270



Date: 07/08/2025

To,
BSE LIMITED
Phiroze Jeejeebhoy towers,
Dalal Street,
Mumbai- 400 001.

Scrip Code : **ZEAL | 539963**

Subject : **Intimation of Newspaper Advertisement of Extract of standalone unaudited financial results for the Quarter Ended 30th June, 2025**
Reference No. : **Regulation 47 and 30 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.**

Dear Sir/Madam,

We wish to inform that pursuant to Regulation 47 and 30 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, we enclose herewith copies of Extract of Unaudited Financial Result for the Quarter ended on 30th June, 2025 published in Newspapers on Thursday, 07th August, 2025

1. English Daily: "Free Press Gujarat" dated 07th August, 2025
2. Regional Language Daily: "Lokmitra" dated 07th August, 2025

You are requested to kindly take the same on record.

Yours Faithfully,
Thanking you

For Zeal Aqua Limited

ANITA
DIGBIJAY PAUL

Digitally signed by
ANITA DIGBIJAY PAUL
Date: 2025.08.07
12:29:28 +05'30'

Anita Digbijay Paul
Company Secretary and Compliance Officer
FCS:9282
Place: Surat

Encl: Copy of Newspaper

How everyone's health can benefit from washing their hands ?



Vinod Chandrasekhar Dixit
Free-lance Journalist, Writer & Cartoonist
(dixitpatrakar@yahoo.in)

Hand washing is one of the most effective ways to prevent the spread of illnesses. There is a need to increase awareness and understanding about the importance of hand washing with soap as an easy, effective, and affordable way to prevent diseases and save our lives. The habit of proper hand washing is directly linked to one's health especially among school going children.

For hand washing to be more effective it must be accomplished consistently at key times, such as after using the toilet or before contact with food. Habit formation is currently a hot topic in behavior change and the water, sanitation, and hygiene sector.

Hand-washing is the No. 1 prevention against spread of infection, inside and outside the hospital setting. It is important in the home, in schools and in every workplace. It is the cornerstone of infection-control practice and education for everyone who works in health care. Every year, worldwide, 8.8 million children younger than age 5 die of preventable illnesses. There are many children in the world who do not have access to clean water, or the habit or means to wash their hands properly.

It is also observed that when students have access to clean water, soap, and toilet facilities, they are less likely to drop out or miss classes due to illness. We know that hand

washing with soap is the most effective and inexpensive way to prevent diarrheal diseases, reduce incidence by up to 47% and combined with improved sanitation, this is boosted to 68%.

Many diseases are transmitted when we don't wash our hands. Bacterial, viral and fungal infections can be prevented if the hands are washed properly every day. Worm infestation, anemia, malnutrition and diarrhea are the common health hazards caused by unhygienic hands. If there is no hygiene, there is no health. 1. Hand washing helps remove germs, bacteria, and viruses from hands. Regular hand washing can prevent the spread of diseases like diarrhea, respiratory infections, and more. Hand hygiene is essential in healthcare settings, food handling, and everyday life.

The introduction of water, sanitation and hygiene interventions in schools, including hand washing with soap, is an entry point for children to understand and then take these good hygiene practices back into their homes and communities.

Hand washing is a small action that can have big benefits. Let us progress towards the goal of maintaining a global profile on the importance of hand hygiene in health care and to 'bring people together' in support of hand hygiene improvement globally.

It is a need of the hour to spread the word about hand washing, build sinks and tippy taps, and demonstrate the simplicity and value of clean hands. We need to emphasize the importance of hand washing as a way to prevent disease, the necessity of using soap instead of only water, how everyone's health can benefit from washing their hands, and the key times for hand washing, including before and after eating. (B-15 Jyoti-Kalash Society, Jodhpur Tekra, Satellite, Ahmedabad - 380 015)

Malaysia Airlines Champions Elevated Journeys with 'Time for Premium Escapades'



Ahmedabad, Malaysia Airlines continues to redefine premium travel with exclusive Time for Premium Escapades campaign an invitation for discerning travellers to embark on unforgettable journeys in Business Class, featuring seamless connectivity, thoughtful comforts, and a curated inflight experience rooted in Malaysian Hospitality. Dersensish Aresandiran, Chief Commercial Officer of Airlines, Malaysia Aviation Group (MAG) said, "As the national carrier

with a proud legacy of connecting Malaysia to the world, we remain steadfast in our commitment to delivering a premium travel experience that is distinctly Malaysian. Through Time for Premium Escapades, we invite travellers to rediscover the comfort, care and excellence that have long made Malaysia Airlines the carrier of choice in Asia Pacific - serving as a bridge that connects communities across the region and beyond." (20-4)

Taiwan Excellence Showcases Cutting-Edge Smart and Green Manufacturing Solutions

Ahmedabad, Taiwan Excellence will spotlight 22 award-winning brands and 44 pioneering industrial sectors at Automation Expo 2025 (August 11-14, Bombay Exhibition Centre, Mumbai), reinforcing Taiwan's strategic role in India's green and digital manufacturing revolution. The showcase under the concept of "Green Vision, Smart Manufacturing" features AI-powered automation, sustainable metalworking technologies, and Industry 4.0-ready robotics aimed at boosting productivity, energy efficiency, and ESG performance across Indian industries. Backed by Taiwan's Ministry of Economic Affairs (MOEA), Taiwan Excellence is a globally respected certification that recognizes products excelling in R&D, design, quality, and market viability. This year's pavilion comes amid rapidly deepening Taiwan-India



industrial cooperation highlighted by a historic US\$10.6 billion in bilateral trade in 2024 and a proposed labor mobility pact poised to strengthen supply chain and human capital ties. A new feature for this year, the Taiwan Robotic Zone, will demonstrate state-of-the-art human-robotic collaboration and smart factory enablers from leading manufacturers including HIWIN, LEANTEC, TECHMAN ROBOT, and others. This hands-on exhibit aims to illustrate real-world applications that align with India's ambitions under Make in India, Digital India, and Green Industrialization. (22-2)

Why India should recognise South Yemen's independence



An Indian security guard was rescued from the Red Sea on July 10, 2025, after Yemeni Houthis sank the Eternity C, the ship on which he worked. The Islamic Revolutionary Guard Corps (IRGC), meanwhile, helps the Houthis target Red Sea shipping not only out of animus toward Israel and the United States, but also because Revolutionary Guards-owned transport companies lose out financially if India-Middle East Economic Corridor (IMEC) traffic bypasses Iran. As a regional superpower and the world's fourth largest economy, India also relies on freedom of navigation and stability and security in the Indian Ocean basin. Rather than follow the West's tired and failed strategies on Yemen, India should take the diplomatic lead. For too long, Western priorities and assumptions have shaped policy toward Yemen. First and foremost, the US, the UK, and the UN have prioritised unity over defeating the Houthis. Outside powers have also promoted a big-ten approach. Both approaches make defeat of the Houthis and restoration of security impossible.

The assumption that broad coalitions bring peace and stability is rooted in wishful thinking rather than evidence. Forcing US President Donald Trump to share an office with Kamala Harris, the Democratic Party nominee for the post-Troubled contest and won would bring dysfunction, not smooth governance. Yet the international community forces divergent groups together into Yemen's Presidential Leadership Council. President Rashid al-Alimi represents the General People's Congress, the former political party of Yemen's long-time leader Ali Abdullah Saleh. Vice Chairmen of the Council come from the Southern Transitional Council, the Muslim Brotherhood, and Saleh's own family. Other tribal leaders and religious figures fill out the council.

The practical problem with the Council, though, is that each member promotes his agenda over the paramount goal of defeating the Houthis. Yemen's Muslim Brotherhood branch too often supports Al Qaeda in the Arabian Peninsula and facilitates the smuggling of weapons to the Houthis. Their actions make them liable to the former terror designation, yet they remain a Trojan Horse inside the Presidential Leadership Council. Other northern officials prioritise undermining southern success over Houthi defeat. Aden has a surplus of fuel oil in its storage tanks, yet northern officials will not allow them to sell it. Residents of

Aden suffer through 45-degree Celsius days with high humidity and no electricity for fans, let alone air conditioners. The greater problem, however, is the unchallenged belief among many diplomats that unity brings stability. In Yemen, that has never been the case. The British colonial Aden in 1839 as a coaling station to support British commerce and shipping to and from India. The Aden Colony became the Aden Protectorate, which then formed the Federation of Arab

Emirates of the South and finally the Federation of South Arabia before the British withdrew and Communist insurgents formed the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen, colloquially called South Yemen. With the fall of the Soviet Union, North and South Yemen united, but it was not a happy marriage. South Yemen has always been more cosmopolitan, tolerant, and progressive. It sought to leave the union in 1994, but North Yemeni forces conquered and occupied the region. Even if outside powers date Yemeni unity to 1990, the Houthis conquest of Sana'a in 2014 led South Yemen to restore its de facto autonomy. Put another way, Yemeni unity accounts for only 13 per cent of Yemeni history. 20 years represent the most tumultuous and least stable time in Yemeni history. Any honest historical assessment would conclude that Yemen is most stable with South Yemen—or South

Arabia, as many residents now see themselves—Independent. The notion that there must be only one Yemen makes no logical sense when there are 22 Arab states and two Albanians (one called Kosovo), and two Romanians (one called Moldova). The international community recognised Kosovo and Moldova for purely practical reasons, as they recognised that forcing unity could actually worsen regional conflict. Here, India should play a diplomatic role. South Yemenis orient themselves toward India. Many Indians immigrated into Aden during the period of British control and

chose to stay following South Yemen's independence. Today, Indian heritage is a source of pride. Some Yemenis introduce themselves as Indian, and it is common for Yemenis whose families arrived from India five generations back to still speak Hindi and know their home regions and towns.



ZEAL AQUA LIMITED					
CIN: L05004GJ009PLC056720					
Registered Office: At Opad GIDC Plot No. 4, 5, To Opad, Surat 394540, Gujarat					
Tel.: +91-2621-220047, Email: zealqua@gmail.com, Website: www.zealqua.com					
Extract of Unaudited Financial Result for the Quarter ended 30th June, 2025					
Amount in Lakh except EPS					
Sl. No.	Particulars	Quarter ended	Quarter ended	Quarter ended	Year ended 31st
		30th June 2025	31st March 2025	30th June 2024	March 2025
		(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
1	Total Income from Operations	238.798	542.278	89.636	1494.388
2	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (Before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	1260.660	1260.660	1260.660	1260.660
3	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (After tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	238.798	542.278	89.636	1494.388
4	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	153.798	542.278	89.636	1009.885
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period (Comprising Profit / (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss) (excluding tax)	153.798	542.278	89.636	1009.885
6	Paid-up Equity Share Capital (Face value of Rs.1/- each)	1260.660	1260.660	1260.660	1260.660
7	Reserves (excluding Retention Reserve) as shown in the Audited Balance Sheet of the previous year	-	-	-	7651.343
8	Earnings Per Share (Face value of Rs. 1/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations)	0.12	0.43	0.07	0.80
9	Diluted	0.12	0.43	0.07	0.80

Note: 1. The above is an extract of the detailed format of Quarterly/Annual Financial Results filed with the Stock Exchanges under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing and Other Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the Quarterly/Annual Financial Results are available on the websites of the Stock Exchanges at www.bseindia.com and the listed entity at www.zealqua.com.

2. The above financial results have been reviewed and recommended by the Audit Committee and have been approved by the Board of Directors at its meeting held on 05th August, 2025.

