

इंडियन रेलवे कैटरिंग एवं टूरिज़्म कॉर्पोरेशन लिमिटेड

(भारत सरकार का उद्यम—नवरत्न)

INDIAN RAILWAY CATERING AND TOURISM CORPORATION LTD.

(A Govt. of India Enterprise-Navratna)

"CIN-L74899DL1999GO1101707", E-mail: info@irctc.com, Website: www.irctc.com

No. 2019/IRCTC/CS/ST.EX/356

November 12, 2025

BSE Limited (Through BSE Listing Centre)

1st Floor, New Trade Wing, Rotunda Building Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers,

Dalal Street Fort, Mumbai – 400 001

Scrip Code: 542830

National Stock Exchange of India Limited (Through NEAPS)

Exchange Plaza, C- 1, Block-G, Bandra-Kurla Complex,

Bandra (East), Mumbai - 400 051

Scrip Symbol: IRCTC

Sub: Communication regarding Tax Deducted at Source (TDS) on Interim Dividend for the Financial Year 2025-26.

Sir/ Madam,

This is in reference to our letter of even no. dated November 12, 2025, vide which, it has been informed that the Board of Directors at its meeting held on **Wednesday**, **November 12**, **2025**, declared an Interim Dividend of ₹ 5/- per equity share for the FY 2025-26 and fixed **Friday**, **November 21**, **2025** as the "**Record Date**" for the purpose of determining the members entitled to receive interim dividend for the FY 2025-26. It is also provided that the dividend will be paid within a period of 30 (thirty) days in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder.

In terms of the applicable provisions of the Income-tax Act, 1961 ("the Act") as amended by the Finance Act, 2020, any dividend paid or distributed by a Company is taxable in the hands of the members. The Company shall therefore be required to deduct tax at source at the time of making the payment of the interim dividend.

In line with above, please find enclosed a communication regarding Tax Deducted at Source (TDS) on Interim Dividend for the Financial Year 2025-26, *inter-alia*, prescribing the process and requirement of requisite documents for claiming tax exemption on Interim dividend for the Financial Year 2025-26 for Resident and Non-Resident members.

The above-mentioned is submitted herewith for your information and records.

Thanking You,

Yours faithfully,

For Indian Railway Catering and Tourism Corporation Limited (IRCTC)

(Suman Kalra)
Company Secretary and Compliance Officer

Encl: As above



पंजीकृत कार्यालय : 4वां तल, टावर डी, वर्ल्ड ट्रेड सेंटर, नौरोजी नगर, नई दिल्ली-110029 दूरभाष : 011-26181550, 26181551



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CIN: L74899DL1999GOI101707

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Website: www.irctc.com; Email ID: investors@irctc.com

Telephone: 011-26181550/51

IMPORTANT COMMUNICATION FOR ATTENTION OF SHAREHOLDERS

Dear Shareholder,

Subject: Deduction of tax at source on Interim Dividend for financial year 2025-26

We are pleased to inform you that the Board of Directors at its meeting held on Wednesday, 12th November, 2025 has inter-alia declared Interim Dividend @ ₹5/- per equity share of face value of ₹2/- each for the financial year 2025-26.

The Interim Dividend, as declared by the Board, will be payable to all shareholders holding equity shares of the Company, either in electronic or in physical form as on Friday, November 21, 2025, i.e. Record Date.

As you may be aware, as per the Income-tax Act, 1961 (Act), as amended by the Finance Act, 2020, with effect from 1st April 2020, dividend paid or distributed by the Company after, shall be taxable in the hands of the shareholders and the Company shall be required to deduct tax at source (TDS) at the prescribed rates from the dividend to be paid to shareholders. The TDS rate would vary depending on the residential status and documents submitted by the shareholder and acceptance of the same by the Company. Accordingly, the Interim Dividend will be paid after deducting TDS as explained hereunder:

| I. FOR RESIDENT SHAREHOLDERS | | |
|------------------------------|--|--|
| Category of shareholders | Exemption applicability/Documentation requirement | |
| Mutual Funds | No TDS is required to be deducted where a self-declaration (as per format available on link https://einward.alankit.com/Docs/7- Declaration%20for%20Mutual%20Fund%20Companies.pdf) is provided under the provisions of Section 10(23D) of the Act is provided along with a self-attested copy of a valid SEBI registration certificate. | |
| Insurance Companies | No TDS is required to be deducted where a self-declaration (as per format available on link https://einward.alankit.com/Docs/8- Declaration%20for%20Insurance%20Companies.pdf stating that it has full beneficial interest with respect to the Ordinary Shares owned by it is provided along with self-attested copy of valid IRDAI registration certificate. | |

| Category I and II Alternative Investment Fund | No TDS is required to be deducted where a self-declaration (as per format available on link https://einward.alankit.com/Docs/6- Declaration%20for%20Alternate%20Investment%20Fund%2 OCompanies.pdf) stating that its income is exempt under section 10(23FBA) of the Act and they are established as Category I or Category II AIF under the SEBI regulations is provided along with self-attested copy of valid SEBI registration certificate needs to be submitted. |
|---|--|
| Any other entity entitled to exemption from TDS | Valid self-attested documentary evidence (e.g. relevant copy of registration, notification, order, etc.) in support of the entity being entitled to TDS exemption needs to be submitted. |
| Other resident shareholder | A. TDS is required to be deducted at the rate of 10% under Section 194 of the Act. B. No TDS is required to be deducted, if aggregate dividend distributed or likely to be distributed during the financial year to individual shareholders does not exceed ₹ 10,000/ C. No TDS is required to be deducted on furnishing of valid Form 15G (as per format available on link https://einward.alankit.com/Docs/1-annexure-1-form-15G.docx) (for individuals, with no tax liability on total income and income not exceeding maximum amount which is not chargeable to tax) or Form 15H (as per format available on link https://einward.alankit.com/Docs/2-anexure-2-form-15H.docx) (for individual above the age of 60 years with no tax liability on total income). D. TDS is required to be deducted at the rate of 20% under Section 206AA of the Act, if valid PAN of the shareholder is not available. E. TDS is required to be deducted at the rate prescribed in the lower tax withholding certificate issued under Section 197 of the Act, if such valid certificate is provided. |

- In case of resident individuals, as deadline for linking PAN with Aadhar (30th June 2023) has been expired, Income Tax department had made these PANs inoperative. In such cases, TDS will be deducted at 20% as per the provisions of Income tax.
- The Company will be relying on the information verified by the utility available on the Income Tax website.

| II. FOR NON-RESIDENT SHAREHOLDERS | |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Category of shareholders | Exemption applicability/Documentation requirement |
| FPIs and FIIs | TDS is required to be deducted at the rate of 20% (plus applicable surcharge and cess) under Section 196D of the Act. (Or as per Section 90) or rate provided in relevant DTAA, read with MLI whichever is more beneficial. |
| Any entity entitled to | Valid self-attested documentary evidence (e.g. relevant copy of registration, notification, order, etc. by Indian tax authorities) in support of |

| exemption from TDS | the entity being entitled to exemption from TDS is to be submitted. |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Other non-resident shareholder | A. Taxes are required to be withheld in accordance with the provisions of Section 195 of the Income Tax Act, 1961, as per the rates as applicable. As per the relevant provisions of the Act, the withholding tax shall be at the rate of 20% (plus applicable surcharge and cess) on the amount of dividend payable to them. B. Further, as per Section 90 of the Act the non-resident shareholder has |
| | the option to be governed by the provisions of the Double Tax Avoidance Treaty as read with relevant clauses of Multilateral instrument (if any) between India and the country of tax residence of the shareholder, if they are more beneficial to them. To avail Tax Treaty benefits, the non-resident shareholders will have to provide the following: |
| | Self-attested copy of the PAN allotted by the Indian Income Tax authorities; |
| | Self-attested copy of valid Tax Residency Certificate obtained from the tax authorities of the country of which the shareholder is a resident for the period April 2025 to March 2026; |
| | 3. Self-declaration in Electronically filed Form 10F (as per format given on link https://einward.alankit.com/Docs/FORM%2010F.docx); and |
| | 4. Self-declaration in the attached format (as per format given on linkhttps://einward.alankit.com/Docs/5-No%20pe%20declaration%20other%20than%20foreign%20company.docx) certifying that the non-resident shareholder does not have Permanent Establishment in India in accordance with the applicable Tax Treaty and has Beneficial ownership of the shares. |
| | C. TDS is required to be deducted at the rate prescribed in a valid lower tax withholding certificate issued under Section 195/197 of the Act, if such certificate is provided. |
| | D. The Company is not obligated to apply the beneficial DTAA rates as read with relevant clauses of Multilateral instrument (if any) at the time of tax deduction / withholding on dividend amounts. Application of beneficial DTAA rate shall depend upon the completeness and satisfactory review by the Company, of the documents submitted by non- resident shareholders. |

Attention:

- 1. For all self-attested documents, Shareholders must mention on the document "certified true copy of the original". For all documents being uploaded by the Shareholder, the Shareholder undertakes to send the original document(s) on the request by the Company.
- 2. In case, the dividend income is assessable to tax in the hands of a person other than the registered shareholder as on the book closure date, the registered shareholder is required

to furnish a declaration containing the name, address, PAN of the person to whom TDS credit is to be given and reasons for giving credit to such person.

- 3. Above communication on TDS sets out the provisions of law in a summarized manner only and does not purport to be a complete analysis or listing of all potential tax consequences. Shareholders should consult with their own tax advisors for the tax provisions that may be applicable to them.
- 4. It may be further noted that in case the tax on dividend is deducted at a higher rate in absence of receipt of the aforementioned details/documents, there would still be an option available with the shareholder to file the return of income and claim an appropriate refund, if eligible. No claim shall lie against the Company for such taxes deducted.
- 5. In the event of any income tax demand (including interest, penalty, etc.) arising from any misrepresentation, inaccuracy or omission of information provided / to be provided by the Shareholder(s), such Shareholder(s) will be responsible to indemnify the Company and also, provide the Company with all information / documents and co-operation in any appellate proceedings.

In case tax on dividend is deducted at a higher rate in the absence of receipt of the aforementioned details / documents, shareholders would still have an option of claiming refund of the excess tax deducted at the time of filing their income tax return by consulting their tax advisors. No claim shall lie against the Company for such taxes deducted. Shareholders will be able to see the credit of TDS in Form 26AS, which can be downloaded from their e-filing account at https://incometax.gov.in.

Moreover, all Shareholders are requested to ensure that the above details are completed and/or updated, as applicable, in their respective demat account(s) maintained with the Depository participant(s); with the Company, on or before **Friday, November 21, 2025.**

Shareholders are requested to ensure that their bank account details in their respective demat accounts are updated, to enable the Company to make timely credit of dividend in their bank accounts.

No communication on the tax determination / deduction shall be entertained after Friday, November 21, 2025.

Shareholders are requested to upload the scanned copies of the documents mentioned above at the portal https://einward.alankit.com/ against their folios.

We seek your cooperation in the matter.

Thanking you,

Yours faithfully, For and on behalf of Indian Railway Catering & Tourism Corporation Limited

(Suman Kalra)

Company Secretary and Compliance Officer