

TCS/SE/170/2025-26

December 23, 2025

National Stock Exchange of India Limited Exchange Plaza, C-1, Block G, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East) Mumbai - 400051 Symbol - TCS BSE Limited P. J. Towers, Dalal Street, Mumbai - 400001 Scrip Code No. 532540

Dear Sirs,

Sub: Transcript of the TCS Analyst Day 2025 held on December 17, 2025

Pursuant to Regulation 30 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, and in furtherance to our letter dated December 11, 2025, please find enclosed the transcript of the TCS Analyst Day 2025 held on December 17, 2025, at 04:00 PM (IST), for your information and records.

The above information is also available on the website of the Company: www.tcs.com.

Thanking you,

Yours faithfully,

For Tata Consultancy Services Limited

Yashaswin Sheth Company Secretary ACS 15388

Encl: As above

TATA CONSULTANCY SERVICES





TCS Analyst Day 2025

Date: 17th December 2025

Opening Remarks and Forward-Looking Statement

Nehal Shah - Head Investor Relations, TCS:

Good afternoon, everyone. Welcome to TCS's Analyst Day 2025 on behalf of the entire TCS management. I also welcome everyone who has been listening to our webcast live from our website. As you are aware, we don't provide any specific revenue or earnings guidance, and anything said in today's session which can be construed as a forward-looking statement, must be viewed in conjunction with the risks that the company faces. You can view some of those risks here. Please note that we will not be taking any Q&A during the speaker sessions. Kindly hold on to your questions for some time. We will have an executive Q&A session at the end of all speaker sessions.

We are also recording these sessions, and post-event, a recording of all the sessions and a transcript will be available on the website. Without taking too much time, I would now like to invite our CEO and MD, Mr. K. Krithivasan. Over to you, Krithi.

CEO Session - Leadership in the AI Era

K Krithivasan - MD & CEO, TCS:

- Thank you, Nehal. Once again, a very warm welcome to all of you for joining us here. So, over the next hour or so, what we want to do is showcase to you what we are doing, why we are doing what we are doing, and why we believe this is the right strategy. And if you look back, all of us have seen multiple technology cycles that we have passed through. An important aspect of each of these technology cycles in the past has been that every time a new technology cycle comes in, it actually puts technology right in the centre of the business. And every business ends up spending more on technology because the value that they are getting from technology keeps going higher and higher. And the value that TCS has been able to derive is, we've been able to master this navigation from each technology. Whether it's from mainframe to personal computers or from personal computers to internet and web or from web to digital, every one of these transitions, TCS has been able to use as a growth accelerator and grow further on these technology changes.
- And of course, what we are seeing today is a new technology in terms of Generative AI. Of course, it's a misnomer to call it just a technology. This is a fundamental shift. It's very different from the previous changes, the technology disruptions we had, because of the scale with which it is going to impact and the speed with which it's going to impact and the benefits that we can deliver from it. In fact, because of this reason, our Chairman called it out as a civilizational shift. It's a very, very important change and transition. And we want to talk to you about how we are going to navigate and what we define by this shift.
- First thing, what does the AI enterprise look like? If you look on the left-hand side what you see on the data we are reporting, these are some of the characteristics we declared for a digital enterprise some time ago. Now, how do you characterize the AI enterprise? I think it's important for us to first characterize what an AI enterprise is, then talk about why we have a strategy or how we justify the strategy we have.



- The most important or the number one important aspect of this is a digital enterprise was data-aware. It had access to all the data. But an AI enterprise is what we call context-aware. It has complete knowledge about the context in which the data is being available, and the decisions are made in the context; it's not without the context. That's what differentiates the AI enterprise. Similarly, a digital enterprise made reporting, on-time reporting possible every day. But an AI enterprise, we are looking at advanced analytics and reasoning. Why the report says what it says and what smart choices and actions somebody has to take based on the reporting and the reasoning available? Third, within the digital enterprise, we talked so much about automation. In fact, if you looked at our layer, you would see a data layer, enterprise layer, experience layer. The focus was on straight-through processing. How do you automate stuff end-to-end? But in an AI enterprise, the focus is going to be on autonomy. How the systems take decisions on their own, based on the reasoning, based on the judgment, and supported and supervised by humans. So that's the nature of AI enterprise.
- And the software that you would see here are not going to be rule-based software.
 These are all software that's going to be... that can learn and adapt and take decisions.
 And essentially, that's what we call in a digital enterprise, it's about data informing humans. But here, it's AI becoming a decision coach.
- In fact, we did a joint research with MIT. They came up with this overall architecture, what they call an 'Intelligent Choice Architecture'. What a future AI enterprise would have is a choice architecture that throws all the choices in front of you, not the data points, throws the choices and helps you in taking the decision and creates a feedback loop, so that next time you have to take a decision, the feedback loop, the past experience is taken into consideration. So, this is broadly our view of how AI enterprise would be. And we've been doing many... we want you to keep this context on what we define by AI enterprise and so that will probably later on, when we describe what we are doing, it will come quite handy.
- We've been doing many projects, since 2023, when the ChatGPT moment happened, we've been working with our customers, helping them do POCs, exploring, experimentation, so many things have been happening. By now, we have done more than 5,000 projects. And if you look ask us, like all of you are in one of those immersion sessions, some of the basic engagements we get into would be how do I help the customers accelerate AI adoption? They ask us to come and see how we can help them change their culture, adopt AI at scale. But the interesting nature of the projects are also on how do we help them anchor AI to their strategy and business value, because AI is a lever that has to be embedded into a strategy and otherwise it will not deliver value to you.
- Second, we are helping our customers make those technology choices in the context of their business strategy. And more importantly, we are actually helping them design for change. This is a very important aspect, because we all see that these technology cycles keep happening at more frequency than before. Which means, what you buy today, build today, may not be fit for purpose, maybe five years, two years down the line; that's shrinking. And even within AI, the technology is evolving so fast. So, we



need to be building and choosing technologies that can adapt and that can change very fast. So, the design for change is very important. That's what we are helping our customers with.

- And helping them get the right operating model, more importantly, the organizational culture. That's a very important aspect as you adopt AI, because the roles of people are going to change. The roles of humans in organization are going to change. What we are going to... For instance, even if you take an IT services company, we keep talking about how many programmers we'll have, how many coaches we'll have, how many trainers we'll have; we'll keep changing and new roles will keep evolving. And organization should be dynamic, should be adaptable. That's what we are helping.
- Next one is assurance, like how do you establish the right guardrails? Because without the guardrails, many of these programs will fail on the first day itself. Because if the AI doesn't give the right results that you are expecting, or say something it's not supposed to be saying, it's a huge setback. That assurance, being ethical and being responsible is very important.
- And last is ROI certainty. Because we can do a few projects as an experimentation. We can do a few POCs, but eventually enterprises have to get ROI benefit. And the kind of projects that we are doing with our customers broadly fall into this category. And if you look at the important aspect of it is, the kind of projects we are doing, based on many years of our deep customer experiences, we are also moving up the value chain. If you looked at, in the past, the kind of projects that we would have helped our customers, it would be in building the system. Somebody designs what they need to do, we go and help them in implementing. But this technology shift and the deep customer connect and context we have is helping us move up the value chain now.
- And these number of projects that we have done gives us the experience and the confidence that we have to aspire to be in a league of our own. And we are on a journey towards this, to build a future-ready TCS. And the future-ready TCS is built on a vision that we have put forward. This vision is a vision to be the world's largest Alled tech services company. And we believe with the customer context we have, deep customer relationships we have, the experience that we have built, and the investments, the strategy, investments we are going to put in and the strategy we have, we are really poised and in fact, we feel that we are destined to be there, and we are making every step to achieve that.
- And what is driving this AI-led technology services company ambition are these five pillars. Essentially, we have defined five broad pillars on which we will be working.
 While Aarthi will come later and double-click on each of these five pillars, I just want to take a minute to explain.
- First is achieving the internal transformation. Essentially, we want to be our own customer zero. Whatever we want to tell our customers, if you want to tell our customers, you need to have an AI culture, an AI-first culture, you need to have a culture that you can change yourself readily, we want to do it for ourselves first. In fact, there's a massive internal transformation exercise going on, and we are encouraging all our associates to adopt an AI-first culture. What does an AI-first



culture mean for us? Every time we do a project, every time we engage with our customers, first question we ask is what can AI do here? Can AI do something better than what we are doing, even if it is going to cannibalize our revenue? See, that's what we define as AI-first culture: giving AI the first right of refusal before we do any other option. And of course, we are building our own AI solutions, we are scaling with AI.

- And I would let Aarthi come and talk about each of these, like we are redefining each
 of the services. We have a new leader that takes care of AI and service integration.
- We are redefining every one of our services in a structured way and we are re-looking at our talent model. How do we train our people? What are we training our people in?
 What should be the structure of the team? How does project get delivered? We are re-looking at every piece of this talent puzzle.
- And fourth is, while all of us know AI can deliver productivity in software engineering, but we believe the best value through AI will come when there is a business change, we are able to deliver business change or we are able to introduce new products, new services, give better customer experience. So, we are re-imagining the customer's value chain. For example, for one of the customers, we re-imagined their claim's process by which we did not throw away the human being working there. For instance, the call centre agent was continuing to work, but the call centre agent was able to focus on being empathetic to the customer, while having a discussion at the same time collecting the data and able to close the claim in a very short period of time. So, number of such examples where we re-imagine the customer's business value chain. We believe this is where the maximum value release will happen and our customers are very keen on working with us because of the deep contextual and domain knowledge that TCS has.
- And the last one, if we have to broaden our play, we need to have more partnerships, we have to be more acquisitive in nature, we have to get into new ventures. We have spoken about some of them, I will talk about what we are doing. But most important reason that we are doing this is as I said, this technology change, one important aspect is the speed at which it is happening. If we need to address the speed aspect of it, we cannot be only building everything on our own, we need to partner with others, we need to acquire capability wherever it is required. That is the reason we have chosen the ecosystem play as the most important pillar in this journey.
- So, if you look at where is the money being spent in this overall AI transition. We looked at the stack of this... there are five different layers in this stack. Money is being spent in building new infrastructure, developing new hardware. And customers are building, leveraging models, building models or fine-tuning models, creating SLMs. Then, once you have them, you need to have the frameworks, you need to have the platforms in which these models could be leveraged. On top of that, you need to have the agents that can be built on these platforms, that can deliver value. And last is, how do you show this intelligence in action? The intelligence in action is shown as physical AI. I know you will probably be seeing a quadruped today, where we have been able to integrate physical and digital AI coming together. And of course, where you are able to give integration services, conversational AI using digital AI. And what we are doing is playing in all the stacks. It's important for us to play in each one of these layers so



that we provide end-to-end value to all the customers. And only by playing in the entire ecosystem, you give the best value to your customers.

- Like, your customers can engage with you. We see many of our customers engaging with us in creating a model foundation and then using a platform on top of it, then engaging with us in building agents, and then conversational AI. So when a customer engages with us in the entire value chain, there is more and more increasing value for our customers. And that's the reason that you see right from the infrastructure... we announced the creation of HyperVault. And we work with many other chip makers today, and we are helping them in chip design. And we are working in the devices platform area. And we are actually working in integrating models for our customers. We are building SLMs. We are fine-tuning LLMs for our customers for their domain needs. We created platforms like Ignio, a number of platforms. CodePlus is a very interesting platform that helps you in migrating from one tech to any; multiple technology transformations it can do, reducing tech debt reduction. And we have, of course, built agents on top of that for many domain use cases. And of course, I talked about Quadruped and other intelligent services.
- And as I said, we will be doing all these things... while we build most of it internally, we will also be partnering. We are developing deeper partnerships with our partners, like all the hyperscalers, AI-related companies. And also acquiring. We talked about ListEngage, of course, Coastal acquisitions, and we are being more acquisitive.
- There's another angle on why we do this. By participating end-to-end, the partnership with all the ecosystem partners is also becoming 360 degrees. It creates a very, very virtuous cycle for us. Hyperscaler is our go-to-market partner. We consume hyperscaler services. We provide service to hyperscalers. While it is true for hyperscalers, it could also be an industrial company from whom we are buying a switchgear, or it could be an AI company. It provides multiple opportunities for us to integrate ourselves into the AI ecosystem by playing end-to-end. So, our end-to-end strategy is very, very deeply thought out, and creates a stickiness, creates the ability to give a lot of value to every stakeholder, and makes our play very strong in this ecosystem.
- And why do we believe that we will succeed in whatever we have put as our strategy and investment? See, we look at more... we are currently about 60 clients with whom we make \$100 million a year annual revenue. Of these 60 clients, for 54 of them, we are engaged in AI work. And as I said, we have done more than 5,000 engagements, and these engagements have resulted in a satisfaction of close to 95%. These are all only AI engagements. So very strong customer endorsement and satisfaction.
- Second, we went ahead and trained 100% of the customer-facing team in Al technology so that they can articulate what is the value the customer will get by deploying AI in a particular way. And we also went ahead and trained more than 180,000 associates in higher-order AI skills. We conducted the largest AI hackathon in the world to prove the point that TCS can scale, help our customers scale. 280,000 associates, the largest hackathon, where they all created... first ideated. Close to 175,000 builds were done within a short period of about three to four weeks. And of



- course, all this has been recognized in the market. 14 of our engagements in the last one year have been recognized as best-in-class.
- And we have been found in the leaders' quadrant in 8 of the 8 Analyst reports that have been published. And I talked about platforms in terms of ignio™, WisdomNext™, CAP.AI. Collectively, more than 200 platform implementations have happened. So, what we have seen in the customer gives us the confidence, first proof point, that we are on the right track.
- The second, from a revenue perspective: Our AI-related services have garnered a total revenue of US\$1.5 billion annualized. And I said, about 54 of the top 60 clients use TCS for AI. 85% of all the clients, greater than US\$20 million, leverage TCS for their AI work. And based on the success we've been able to get in the market from our customers, our quarter-on-quarter growth on AI alone has gone up by 16.3%. And if you see, it's reflecting in every service line. Every service line, the AI revenue is growing and growing significantly. Like, whether it's Banking and Financial Services (BFSI) or Life Sciences, you see strong growth across the board.
- And I talked about reimagining every service that we deliver. The reimagination of services actually is creating the growth acceleration for every service line. Today, what we can call non-traditional services, if you take ADM and testing and BPS out, the non-traditional or the new-age services, if you can call, constitute almost US\$11 billion of our revenue, and all of them are growing at a rate higher than TCS' average rate.
- So, all this put together, again, is another proof point that gives us the confidence that
 we are on the right path. We are reimagining the services right, and our customers are
 acknowledging what we are doing.
- And TCS continues to be very well recognized and accepted by their customers directly. The Whitelane survey, which is an independent research agency in Europe, has ranked TCS came as No.1 in customer satisfaction, for the 12th year in a row. And of course, our internal customer satisfaction scores are above 94%, and it keeps increasing.
- And this is another very interesting statistic. Recently, Newsweek in US published a list of the 'Most Reliable Companies'. TCS was globally the No. 1 Tech Services Company in the list, ahead of many other peers and competitors. And of course, we continue to be the Top Employer and one of the best in retention rates in the industry. And Fortune ranked us as the most admired company. So, as I said, we have our customers trusting us. We are seeing that validated in the revenues and the service line and the industry line growth. And of course, our employees are continuing to like and be delighted by the investment that we continue to make in them.
- And the last aspect on why we are uniquely positioned to go through this transition: Because as I said, this transition is going to require a lot of discipline, and it's based on certain investment that we are committing. For a long period, as all of you know, that we've been a benchmark on our margins. Our cash conversion has been consistently over 100%, and we have industry best return on equity. And Samir has \$6.3 billion to spend as well.



- With that, I just want to conclude and let Aarthi, Samir and Mangesh talk about the different aspects of our strategy. But I just want to give a high-level summary:
- The first is, the shift from digital to AI is a huge opportunity for all enterprises, particularly for TCS, based on the deep partnership we have with our customers and deep investments that we are making.
- And we have a very well differentiated strategy. We are committing our investment.
 And our strategy, which is based on these five pillars, is, we believe, well validated by many of our customers.
- And the enduring partnerships with our customers, is very important. The contextual knowledge you have gained with these partners over the years, helps you in building the solution and making AI real for our customers, because this enduring partnership is very important in converting an idea or converting a technology into a business value proposition.
- And of course, with the strong, robust financials and execution discipline, we all very strongly believe TCS is best positioned to gain leadership in AI.
- I'll be happy to take questions after Aarthi, Samir and Mangesh's presentations. But once again, I want to thank you all for being here. Thank you.

Nehal Shah - Head Investor Relations, TCS:

Thank you, Krithi, for that very insightful keynote. Next on the agenda, I would like to invite our COO and Executive Director, Aarthi Subramanian. Over to you, Aarthi.

COO Session – Building a Future-ready AI-led Tech Services Organization

Aarthi Subramanian - Executive Director & Chief Operating Officer, TCS:

- Thank you, Nehal. Thank you, Krithi, for setting out our aspiration and the five pillars that are driving our transformation in the company. So, as part of my session today, I'll cover the five pillars that are driving our transformation.
- And I'll start with the first pillar. As Krithi said, the first pillar is about TCS's own internal transformation. And we have codenamed this transformation tcs^{AI}. So, as part of this transformation, what we are looking at is, how do we make every TCSer, senior, junior, in every role, an AI practitioner? How do we create AI-first mindset, as Krithi alluded to earlier, in every employee in the company? So, that's the focus of this internal transformation initiative.
- And to achieve this, what we have done is, we have made some big investments. We have been working on this, as Krithi said, since the ChatGPT moment. We have been making Al available to select employees. But in the last 6 to 8 months, today, we have what I believe is one of the largest Al infrastructure available for employees. 600,000 TCSers have access to Al at their fingertips. What this includes is access to all the models, access to all the coding assistants and other tools, and also access to all the hyperscaler Al tooling which is available, with which we actually build solutions for our



customers. So, these tools are available in a safe, secure, and on-demand fashion to all the 600,000 employees.

- Now that we have made this infrastructure available to all the employees, the next question was, how do we get all these employees engaged and use this infrastructure, put it to use to the maximum extent? So, we ran what we call the world's largest tcs^{AI} Hackathon. It is the largest because we had more than 280,000 associates engage during the hackathon. We ran it in two phases Ideate with AI for four weeks, and build with AI for another four weeks from August to September. What this generated was: these 280,000 employees created more than 500,000 submissions, about 330,000 ideas, and about 170,000-plus builds. So, in the four weeks, people actually took the idea, brought it to life, built a solution, and all this is available on a platform which is powering the tcs^{AI} Hackathon.
- It was also the most inclusive, because like I said, we want to make every TCSer an AI practitioner. So, all of us, including the senior leaders in the room, HR, Finance, every function participated. And obviously, all the engineers and the development community were very much part of it, but we wanted to make sure that senior, junior, people in Finance functions who wouldn't have ever coded in their lives, really got hands-on with AI, and it became the most inclusive hackathon from that point of view.
- Another thing we are very proud of is it was also the most innovative hackathon. 500,000 submissions, if we had to evaluate with humans, would have taken us 90 people, 12 months. We put AI to the task. We built a model which evaluated these entries, and we completed 500,000 submissions evaluated in three weeks. And we had a big recognition event where our best employees who really did outstanding contributions and generated great ideas for our customers and for internal consumption. They were recognized and felicitated by our CEO.
- Now, the hackathon is something we did, a large one in August, September, but it's something which is continuing on a regular basis. Different teams, different functions keep running these hackathons, and this is an ongoing activity. But what we also did is, we said we want to really bring people together. Because a lot of times you could be sitting at your desk and ideating and building, but we also wanted to bring teamwork into the hackathon. So, we launched something called tcs^{AI} Fridays. This is where our AI infrastructure... and we have created AI Friday Labs. This is a physical infrastructure in every delivery centre, and we have brought the best AI mentors in that location all together to run what we call AI Fridays, which is basically, what it does is, it helps our teams solve problems, come up with ideas, but most importantly, discover the power of this technology, and also discover their own capabilities by building solutions.
- So, what we do is this is on every Friday, there is a 4 to 6-hour AI Friday, gamified hackathon which is run, and it's competitive, and people start ideating from Monday through Thursday, then come together as teams, self-organized teams, and they build, and they present to a jury, and on the spot they're awarded for their creativity and innovation. And what this is doing is, the teams actually include not just the AI-native talent, we actually bring together senior people 20 years, 30 years, 15 years experience, some of them who are still hands-on, some of them who are not hands-



on, but also with the Al-native engineers, some of whom you met when you went through the immersion session today. We bring them together. And what this is doing is really blurring and bridging the gap between seniors and juniors, and expert and novice. And that's what we are trying to do internally. This is something that started. It's a movement which will continue because the technology is changing every day.

- The second part of tcs^{AI} is building AI-first solutions, which is making TCS the best showcase of AI internally for the industry, and also in front of our customers. We are driving this across two areas: one in IT -TCS's own internal IT, how do we develop software? How do we disrupt? How we run our Service desk? How we run our IT operations, whether it's infrastructure operations or application operations? So, we have put together a very ambitious goal to disrupt how we use AI in our IT. 97% of our developers and engineers have access to coding assistants, and we are well on our way to drive productivity improvements. There are portfolios where we are already seeing 20–30% improvements, and also, we are looking beyond coding and looking at how we can disrupt the entire software engineering. Testing, again, high levels of productivity, generating Figma designs, UX with AI. These are areas where higher levels of productivity are already being seen, and we are creating our own showcase. We are also learning from the work that we do for our customers.
- The second aspect is how do we put AI to use for our own business, for our own business functions, our business users, whether it's HR how do we disrupt learning, how do we disrupt hiring, whether it's for Finance, Procurement, every function in TCS, we are looking at how do we disrupt with AI. Jana took over as our Chief Information Officer from July, and he's driving the entire internal transformation within TCS.
- Let me show you an example of how we are creating disruption within from a learning point of view. So, as all of you know, TCS, for not just now, over the decades, if you look at the last 20–30 years, we have always invested in learning for our employees, and over the last many years, we have put together a very strong learning infrastructure. So, it provides on-demand learning, anytime, anywhere, any device; top-notch content is available to our employees; clear pathways are available for taking your capability to the next level, but we didn't want to stop at that. We said that now, with this new form of AI, Generative and Agentic AI, with reasoning being available, we have disrupted learning within TCS. What we have built is an N=1 Personalized Coach. It's a learning coach which is available to every TCSer. What does it do? You can see a video which is playing out there. You see a TCS employee there interacting with the AI avatar, which is the learning coach, to understand how containerization works in the context of microservices. That's the video. So, what it does is we have brought all the learning content that we have and made this available to the AI model which the AI avatar is consuming. So, in some ways, the AI avatar is an all-in-one SME. It understands all domains, it understands all technologies and can also coach an associate on soft skills.
- So, the key differentiation here is that it has complete understanding of where the skill level of the employee is, what the aspiration and learning goals of the employee is, and then how do you now bridge the gap, and that's where the N=1 coaching comes



- into play. And here, traditional AI, Generative AI, and Agentic AI all have been put to use, and this is under deployment, and we are seeing great results.
- Let me now move on to the next pillar, which is a very important pillar. If you look at AI today, it is a hugely promising and powerful technology. It's disrupting every industry. But what is important is it has a huge opportunity, and it's creating a disruption in our own industry. So, we are looking within and saying how do we use AI to disrupt every service that we deliver to our customer?
- So, this is where we have now appointed Amit Kapur, who's here, as the AI and Service Transformation Officer. We are looking at all service lines and saying how do we disrupt every service line for the new world of autonomy? All services, if you really look at not just in the last few years but over decades, automation has always been central to how we deliver services. But with this AI, we are shifting from autonomous to autonomy, and that's where we are looking at how we need to look at the human-plus-AI autonomy model.
- So, just to give you a very quick view, when you look at our services, so, just you look at it, whether it's infrastructure services, application services, all the services around business, across all these service lines, there is a huge opportunity for us to disrupt how we deliver each of these services to our customers. And to do this at scale, at TCS scale, and also do it consistently, we said, okay, how do we do it at scale? How do we deploy the autonomy at scale?
- So, the first thing that came to mind when you think about autonomy is ADAS. All of us are familiar with autonomous cars. So, we drew inspiration from the autonomous cars, where all of us are familiar with the five levels of autonomy. So, we have Level 3 and Level 4 cars internationally. We have Level 2 cars here in India. So, we said that why don't we create our own TCS Services Autonomy Model, which is inspired by the autonomy that we see in vehicles? And this is the model that we have created. It's a five-level services autonomy framework which we are consistently deploying across every service line. What you see here is the framework. This has been instantiated for every service, whether it's development, whether it's testing, whether it's production support, whether it's SAP implementation, Salesforce implementation, or a ServiceNow implementation, or autonomous GBS. For each service line, we have instantiated this framework.
- What this does is, it gives us a blueprint to think, consistently deploy, more importantly, it becomes an assessment framework when we engage with our customers. How do we go and find what is the current maturity of the customer on this model on any service line? This is becoming a cookbook for us to go and tell our customers: use this framework to say that you are at Level 3 or you are at Level 1. This is how we can take you to Level 2. On development, coding assistance usage, you are at Level 2. We can take you to Level 3, and this is what it takes.
- So, let me give you an example of how we have put it to use in the application development software engineering context. So, as you can see, just like cars, a Level 5 car is not on the street. So, even here, the Level 5 and Level 4 capability, the technology capability, may not be available. But we have created a blueprint of what



the art of the possible is. And for Level 1, 2 and 3, where the technology is available and those levels of autonomy can be put to execution in our own internal context and customer context, that's exactly what we are working on.

- The first one, as you can see in a development context, is coding using a general-purpose LLM: lower accuracy, lower context. You move to Level 2: it generates better productivity because you're using purpose-built coding assistance, whether it's Windsurf, whether it's GHCP, or any of those tools. And Level 3 is where the customer context starts flowing in, where the entire enterprise knowledge of the customer... you start building agents who understand the customer code base, the customer knowledge, and that's when you get the next level of autonomy, and obviously, the higher level of productivity, where Al can now start autonomously executing some of the software engineering tasks.
- So, just to bring this to life with a few examples: for a large customer in Asia-Pacific, the customer had already very good maturity and was at Level 2 and had made significant investments. We worked with the customer and used this framework to take the customer from Level 2 to Level 3 and helped generate higher-order benefits: 30% productivity.
- For a global consulting firm, we helped them, again, take them from Level 2 to Level 3 with 25% benefits in terms of productivity.
- Again, the third one is a very interesting example, where we already were executing this project, and this is a large application development portfolio that we deliver for this large aerospace OEM. We proactively went and disrupted. And Krithi talked about doing the right thing, Al-first culture, cannibalizing our own revenue. We went ahead and proactively deployed coding assistants and moved them from Level 1 to Level 2, delivering 20% benefit, and we are now on our way to take the customer to higher levels of autonomy. And what you see here is the quote from this customer, which shows how proactively we went in and delivered savings to the customer.
- Let me move to the third pillar of our transformation agenda, which is building a talent model which is future-ready. Here, we are looking at three pillars. First is building future-ready skills: Al fluency at scale How do we train every employee to learn how to work alongside and with Al? So, when over the last 2-3 years we had made significant investments once GenAl came into the scene. As of date today, pretty much all employees, 580,000 people, are Al-aware, but Al awareness is not enough, it is necessary, not sufficient. So, then over the last two years, we are driving higher-order Al skill development. And today, 180,000 TCSers possess higher-order Al skills. This number was 80,000 at the end of last year. So, we have almost doubled capability building when it comes to building higher-order skills.
- The other element is the Al-native fresh graduates. I think this is a very exciting time because all these fresh graduates are very Al-native. They really know how to use Al very organically. And what we have done is, our intake of trainees, fresh trainees from universities, we have actually doubled on that. And what we are finding, and you met with some of these trainees today, these people really know how to treat Al as a teammate. And that's the big learning that we have, and that's where the seniors and



the juniors coming together, the fusion that I talked about, is really helping create that Al-first culture.

- The second element of our transformation on the talent model is role transformation. Here, I was talking to some of you before we started today: every role in the company is changing because of AI. So, every customer conversation is an AI conversation today. So, how do we drive AI-centric customer conversations, whether it's from sales to advisory or solutioning to delivery, every role in the company has to become AI-first, AI-centric. So, we have a program called AI Dojo which we have launched to all our sales, solutioning, advisory, and delivery teams. And this has been done at scale. This is the starting point and this is something that we need to continuously engage and keep further honing the skills. And another important thing here is that AI is also introducing new roles. We have rapid-build engineers, rapid-build leads. So, we are also looking at new roles that are becoming very relevant for the future.
- The third pillar is future-ready hiring. Here, we are looking at securing top talent. So, over the last year, we have doubled down on advisory and consulting talent across the big bets, and I'll talk about big bets in a little bit. These are areas like cybersecurity, enterprise solutions, cloud, all these areas. We are hiring a lot more advisory and consulting talent and positioning them closer to customers. And our experienced hires, if you look at today, more than 50% of our experienced hires are coming with next-gen skill sets. So, that's the talent transformation that we are driving, and we are well on our way to make TCS ready for the talent transformation which is required for our AI future.
- The fourth pillar, extremely important one, is making AI real for our customers. So, I talked about how we are driving our own transformation with AI as part of the first pillar. I think it's a very similar transformation that we need to drive for our customers, most importantly, helping them deliver value with AI deployment across their industry-specific needs, across cross-industry needs that they have common needs, whether it's HR, Procurement, Finance, Customer Service and most importantly, helping them scale with AI.
- And when you look at AI adoption in our customer base, if I look back the last three years, 2023 was a year of experimentation. GenAI was just available. People wanted to know what the promise and the power of the technology is. But in '24, we started to see a lot more scaled, I would say, still, experimentation and some projects going live. But 2025 has been different. And I think that Generative AI, along with Agentic AI, with the reasoning models coming into play in early 2025, is really creating the tailwind for us to deliver solutions which have reasoning, and that's what leads to creating solutions that have more intelligence baked in and building solutions which can take better decisions.
- So, let me talk through how we are working with enterprises to make AI real and taking AI close to customers. So, if you really look at... when I reflect on our conversations with customers, there are dual priorities, and these are not sequential; they are parallel. First one is customers want to get ready for AI, and the second one is customers want to lead with AI. If you really look back, the digital transformation started sometime early 2010s with cloud, mobile, and enterprise systems



transformation and cyber and everything else. But if you look at the technology debt that still exists in infrastructure, enterprise core systems, and data foundation, it is still there across enterprises. So, there is a good amount of work that we continue to do. If you look at cloud adoption, it's still 35% across the globe. So, significant work across cloud, data, S/4HANA transformation, Salesforce, ServiceNow. Each of these enterprise solution implementations, there are many transformational opportunities that we are engaged with our customers on. Cybersecurity, again, top area of focus across. So, I think a lot of our service lines, what Krithi referred to as our next-gen services, are focused and really driving that customer transformation to get them Already.

- On top of this, what we are working on is really helping our customers lead with AI: how do we work with our customers to help them realize value and help them shift from use cases, pilots, experiments to real projects which deliver ROI at scale? And that's what we are working on. And how are we doing this? We are doing this across three areas. First, we engage with our customers to help them Innovate with AI, Build with AI, and Scale with AI. And here, it's all about how do you create value-chain impact. Value-chain impact could be vertical-specific or horizontal, like I said earlier, but the whole focus is drive adoption across value chain and create value-chain impact. Let me talk about each one of these.
- Today morning, in the immersion session, you experienced what 'Innovate with Al' really means. So, many of our customers, what we are doing is, when they are visiting us here at our offshore delivery centres, when we meet customers at their premises, or we host customers at our Al experience zones, Pace Ports, or even when we are responding to an RFP, we are really bringing rapid builds and integrating in every customer interaction. So, what we do is, we engage customers and help them identify what are the challenges that are worth solving and how you can solve it differently with Al, and completely shifting the narrative from presentations to really build an experience. This is something that we are doing across the board, and this is really resonating extremely well, because what it does is, it is helping customers understand how they can use Al in their context.
- The second one is where you shift from ideas to execution, and we have created this rapid-build methodology which is all about taking a problem and solving the problem, saying that, okay, this is the metric you want to move the needle on, come out, comebackward, solve the problem with Al. In a short period, anywhere from 8 to 16 weeks, this is what we call the rapid-build approach. And what it typically entails is bringing together a rapid-build squad which has Al-native trainees and people with contextual knowledge from our customer accounts, and that's a great combination. And the contextual knowledge and the Al skills together is what is the secret sauce for really doing that build. And one thing important to understand is, while you can do the rapid build in a day or two, what takes time is really integrating the solutions with the data and the systems within our customer.
- And once we deliver the rapid builds, and we have proof points and these are in production and the customer sees value, the next obvious question is how do I scale AI within the enterprise? And this is where you will hear from one of our customers



later today: how do we really work with our customers to put the AI architecture, the technology selection, putting the AI platforms, so that you can really build at scale and go live at scale. And here, what we have done is our own investment. Some of the platforms that Krithi talked about are the AI platforms that we have built and taking to our customers. But on top of those platforms, we are creating TCS's own industry-specific agent marketplaces. So, we are taking different vertical domains. For example, in Manufacturing and BFSI as two cases in point, we have 100-plus agents identified that we are creating, and more than 30–40 of them are already live, and some of these are already getting deployed in our customer engagements.

- The other important aspect is safe and secure AI, and also AI which delivers value. So,
 AI Office is about setting up program management to put responsible AI and also looking at ROI from the AI projects that we deliver.
- The last one is again a very important part of scale. This is about how do you create Al Labs which are nothing but rapid-build factories. So, many customers are looking at... after a successful build with AI, we go ahead and set up a factory where multiple problems that we want to solve, multiple projects that have been jointly identified, become the pipeline for the factory, and multiple rapid-build squads come together to deliver value. But not only the AI Labs, what we are also doing in our customer engagements, we are deploying our rapid-build teams in our existing projects also. So, embedding rapid-build teams as well as setting up AI Labs, it's a dual approach that we are taking to help customers scale AI.
- Now, very quickly, many of these examples you are going to see when you are visiting our Executive Briefing Centre later today. The left one, the first one on 'Innovate with AI', I think Ashok already covered this, but this is a very unique one because we engaged with the CEO and direct reports, and we ran an AI Innovation Day, generated high-impact ideas which had the endorsement of the senior management. This resulted in a subsequent AI Innovation Day which ran for two days with 200 people from the customer service organization, and eight high-impact ideas have been put into motion.
- The second example I would like to share is with 'Build with AI.' Again, we are seeing a lot of opportunities to create value in the industry for the specific industry value chain. But I think another big area where we are seeing AI come in, is in modernization. GenAI has this unique capability to really understand the old and generate the new. So, tech-modernization projects which were earlier put aside because they were capital-intensive and they would take a very long time, are now becoming big opportunities for us to engage. You can see here, how we delivered an integration modernization from TIBCO to Java: rapid build, three weeks delivered, proof point shown, then led to scaled projects in modernization.
- The other example is an electronics OEM example, where we have built a site inspection to expedite the construction, and there's a great example of physical AI which our teams will talk about. The first MVP that we were able to put in production was done in eight weeks.



- The last one on 'Scale with AI', the UK high-street bank. There's a customer who's going to be talking to all of you today, so I'll not cover that, but there's a great example of how we have partnered with this customer to scale AI across their enterprise.
- And the last one is again an interesting example of scaling AI in AI for modernization, where we are working with a payments tech provider for mainframe modernization. This is a huge amount of work, 50 million lines of code in mainframe being modernized to a completely new microservices stack, and this is a great example of human and AI coming together, and TCS's contextual knowledge of mainframes, contextual knowledge of the modern tech stack, and bringing it all together.
- The last pillar is the AI Ecosystem play. I will cover the partnerships, and then Mangesh will come in later and talk about M&A and how we are setting up new ventures.
- Partnerships, as Krithi said, are an integral part of the business that we operate in. And we are doubling down on partnerships. And let me explain what I mean by that. So, we're looking at partnerships across four areas. Enterprise partnerships and domain partnerships these are longstanding partnerships we have had for decades. But what is new here is all these partners are infusing AI in their products. So, now when we are solutioning or upgrading, we need to leverage the AI features, functionality, which are now coming out of the box. So, we are working with these partners to expand the centres of excellence to really build AI competencies in these products. So, that's what we are focused on in the first two areas.
- We are also expanding our partnership ecosystem to cover deep-tech partnerships.
 So, you can see whether it's Anthropic, OpenAI, NVIDIA, Mistral, all these are new partnerships that we have set up and working closely with them to really build competencies.
- The fourth area is also an important element, which is AI-native partnerships. There are many AI-first solutions which are available, which can be plugged into the overall solutioning that we do for customers. So, this is again an area where we are investing in building partnerships.
- In summary, I think when you look at these partnerships, partnerships are pivotal to us working with our customers. So, we are doubling down, building the required competencies for the future with our partners, in terms of capabilities, certifications, and everything else. And we are also looking at how we can really innovate with these partners, and I would like to leave you with two examples.
- So, if you look at NVIDIA, and I'll give you an example of how our manufacturing teams have worked with NVIDIA, and we have built 12 industry solutions. And these are all innovative solutions which we are already taking to market with our customers. And in our meetings with NVIDIA, what we have heard is TCS is a gold standard in manufacturing NVIDIA solution development. We have built platforms. So, I think really pioneering work done by our manufacturing teams.
- The other example is if you take Google even before their new launch this year on
 Google Gemini Enterprise, we started work with them ahead of time on their agent-



to-agent protocol, and TCS teams have done really pioneering work with Google, which we started quite early. And we continue to partner with these companies, and this is a very essential part of the solution and the integration work that we do for our customers.

So, with this, I'll wrap it up.

Client Testimonial from Ranil Boteju, Chief Al Officer for Lloyds Banking Group

Mr. Balaji - CEO's Office, TCS:

We have a very special session today. You heard our CEO talk about building multi-decadal partnerships with our customers and the deep trust that they have with TCS. You also heard about how we make AI real for our clients from Aarthi in detail. We have a special guest today joining us from London, Mr. Ranil Boteju. He is the Chief AI Officer for Lloyds Banking Group. Lloyds Banking Group, all of you would know, is a premier bank globally, especially in the UK, and has been a pioneer in terms of embracing technologies well ahead of its time. TCS has a very strong partnership with them, right from the early digital days, through to the cloud transformation, and then subsequently now with AI.

Ranil has over 25 years of global experience. He spearheads the bank's data and AI strategy, overseeing cloud, data platforms, machine learning products, ethical AI frameworks, and data literacy initiatives. Prior to joining Lloyds, Ranil held significant senior positions at major institutions, such as HSBC, Standard Chartered, Vodafone, and the Commonwealth Bank of Australia. Additionally, Ranil contributes to the UK's Information Commissioner's Office as a non-executive director, where he plays a crucial role in data privacy and transparency governance. Ranil's leadership is pivotal to Lloyds' transformation into a data-driven organization with a strong emphasis on operational efficiency, customer experience, and responsible innovation.

Without much ado, Ranil, the floor is yours.

Mr. Ranil Boteju - Chief Al Officer, Lloyds Banking Group:

- Thank you very much. So, look, I would really like to share my experience with TCS in terms of the data and AI transformation they have been delivering at Lloyds Banking Group. So, I've been at Lloyds Banking Group for about four years now. And, when I started, we embarked on a very comprehensive transformation of data and AI. And I really want to share with you how TCS has been a partner along that entire journey.
- So, obviously prior to me starting, TCS has had a very long relationship with Lloyds Banking Group. But in the context of my role, I'll share with you the data and AI story. So, really the first step coming into Lloyds Banking Group was a real focus for me on building much more modern, up-to-date foundational data capabilities. And in the work that was predominantly about migration of a significant amount of on-premise data sources, from Hadoop, Cloudera Hadoop, to Teradata, to, you know, significant amounts of data, we basically partnered with TCS to migrate that to public cloud.
- And really our relationship was very much around leveraging two things. So, firstly, proven experience from TCS. So, in terms of the skills and experience they had with



similar migrations to public cloud, we were able to tap into experts. And then similarly, really build out the team. We had to scale very quickly. There was no way that we could have actually built up our own team to do this work internally ourselves. So, the partnership was very much on bringing us the skills, the IP, the thinking, the knowhow to supplement my own team. And then as well as the really skilled engineers to do the work as well. So, that was a very difficult program of work, but we managed to get through that over '22 and '23.

- And then once we had a solid foundation of data on the cloud, my next focus was very much on really scaling the new thing at the time, which was Generative AI. And so, one of the things that I did was set up an AI Centre of Excellence, a whole bunch of AI platforms. And again, we wanted to really leverage specific skills from TCS. And so, we had a very senior-level engagement, almost CEO to CEO, where we said, look, we want to get access to your best people. And we were able to get access to skilled engineers, skilled AI developers from TCS who helped me form my AI team whilst I built my own. But more importantly, really built out basically our initial Generative AI workbench, we call that Cortex. That's now up and running. You know, we set some really strong goals for ourselves. We said that by the end of 2025, we want to deliver at least 50 Generative AI use cases in production. We've actually overachieved on that. This year we'll end with 57 use cases in production.
- TCS has been very much part of that journey, right. So, essentially, it's the access to the skilled resources. It's your knowledge of the products that we work with. You know, we work with both Google and Microsoft, but per the previous presenter, you have strong proven links with both of these hyperscalers. We're able to tap into that knowledge. And then secondly, just really helping us build the team. So, that's been tremendously successful.
- Where we are now is, though, a very significant pivot to Agentic AI. So, we are now really scaling up our Agentic AI capabilities. And again, we've had to lean very heavily on TCS to access... Agentic AI is new for everyone. We've had to access TCS skills on the engineering side, AI developers, but also in areas like responsible AI. I have a Responsible AI team. It's stacked full of PhDs, but I still need access to what do others do outside in thinking. And again, we've been able to secure some very skilled colleagues from TCS to help us do that work.
- So, look, in summary, over the last four years at Lloyds, in our data and AI transformation, TCS has been pretty critical to building the foundational capabilities on public cloud. Secondly, when we pivoted to Generative AI, really standing up our AI Centre of Excellence and the AI platforms, we really partnered, I would call it a partnership, with TCS; that was very successful. We've ended the year with more than 50 use cases live in production. And our latest pivot towards Agentic AI, again, we're going to lean very heavily on TCS. So, very exciting.
- What I would say, though, is I'm really excited about our partnership with TCS. So myself, but all of my colleagues at Lloyds, all of the CIOs, even our CEO, I feel that the one thing is... I've talked a lot about the skilled resources that you have, the ability to spin up teams very quickly. That is definitely something that we value. But more importantly, for us, we see the culture of TCS as being the thing that we like the most.



I mean, whenever I'm in India, I will spend as much time with the TCS team as with my own Lloyds Banking Group team. They are very much part of the team. We treat them like the team. It's there's no real boundaries as far as I'm concerned. But just that culture of coming to us with new ideas, suggesting things, it's been incredible for me personally, but also for our AI progress at Lloyds Banking Group.

So, that's kind of the summary. Really excited about the continued innovation with TCS. So we've seen... Some of my colleagues were in India recently. We've seen a lot of the new off-the-shelf Agentic AI solutions. So, again, very keen to explore those as we continue to build out our own capabilities. So, look, I'm really pleased about the direction of travel with TCS. We've achieved a lot together and very excited about continuing to work together as we transform Lloyds Banking Group with Agentic AI. So, that's kind of the main things I really wanted to cover.

Balaji Raghavan - CEO's Office, TCS:

Thank you, Ranil. You've been very kind and generous with your time today. With that, I would like to thank you for your time and hand it over back to Nehal. Thank you very much, Ranil.

Nehal Shah - Head Investor Relations, TCS:

Thank you, Balaji. I would now like to invite our Chief Strategy Officer, Mangesh Sathe, on the floor. Over to you, Mangesh.

TCS AI Ecosystem

Mangesh Sathe - Chief Strategy Officer, TCS:

- Yeah, good afternoon, everyone. So, before I start, just an interesting observation. I tried to chat with an LLM and ask whether I should wear a tie for this event. And I said, it's an analyst day. And it said that absolutely I need to wear a tie. But if I look at the room, I think that the LLM really requires more training, right? So, context.
- So, yeah, so I think if you see what we have covered till now, we have covered our aspiration, right? And Krithi has laid out what we are all set to achieve. We have talked about the five pillars. And today, I'm going to spend a few minutes on the fifth pillar, the AI ecosystem, and the approach we are taking to build that ecosystem.
- So, if you see the Infrastructure-to-Intelligence stack, the AI stack that we have outlined, there are multiple layers. And Krithi covered that there are a lot of investments happening across all these layers. So, a lot of changes that are coming in these layers. So, today, the customers look up to TCS or a partner like TCS and say, hey, look, I really need someone who can make sense of all the layers of the stack, right? So, I don't need a partner who comes and only talks about a particular layer. I want somebody who can really understand that entire stack and also provide services and navigate the stack so that we are able to really create some impact. I think we talked about Lloyds Banking Group and how we have kind of created impact.
- Aarthi talked about autonomous cars. So, if, let's say a car company comes to us and says that, look, we want to really build an autonomous product. So as TCS, if I have to



really help the company end-to-end, I'll have to start with the chip as to what does the chip need to look like, what should be the specification of the chip. Then I need to really help cover the AI infrastructure, because every car is going to emanate a lot of data, right? So, how do you really manage that data? How do you really deal with the latencies that are required for a fully autonomous product? And then we get into the models, the applications, and then the whole digital layer of interaction, right? So, as a company, if I have to really add value to this particular case, my ability to really understand this fully is very, very critical.

- So, one of the core elements of our strategy is to really have a meaningful presence across all these layers. So, that's one of the core parts of our strategy. And now to do that, of course, we are doing a number of things organically on our own. We are building products, AI platforms. We are building services, transforming services. But in addition to that, to really augment all of this, we feel that we need to also do what we are calling as Build, Partner, and Acquire, because that is going to really help us accelerate this journey. Because this whole aspiration has to be achieved soon. So, in that case, we really need to use these levers as well. So, I'm just going to spend a minute on each of these.
- So, the first one is the 'Build' part. Now, this is one example of the Build. This is not the only build we'll do. So, building can also be around capabilities, services. We have taken an example of a venture that we are building. So, this is the whole AI data centre venture that we announced a few weeks back. The rationale for us to really do that is, of course, there's a huge requirement that you see on the left. We currently in India only have around 1.7 gigawatts. Expected demand is 10 to 12 gigawatts (by 2030).
- More importantly, if you see the middle column, the type of customers we are targeting for this AI data centre are hyperscalers and AI companies. These are the primary targets for us. And then, of course, we will also work with public sector and private sector customers. Now, the reason we felt the need that we need to really address this requirement is that the requirements are very unique. If I look at hyperscalers, they are really talking about, if I have to get an AI data centre, it also needs to work with all the other non-AI data centres that they may have in the region. So, the latency becomes very important. The kind of performance they are expecting from this data centre is very different from what today exists in the country.
- Similarly, in AI companies, while of course the default expectation is to really look at India as a destination for inferencing, we are also working with them to really ask the question, can I also look at India as a base for training? What can it kind of do? In addition to whatever they are doing in the US and other geographies, can we look at India as a geography for training?
- Public sector, of course, sovereign. I think a lot of things are said about that. So, sovereign is a big requirement. All governance how do you really govern the infrastructure? And then private sector, if you see what they are expecting, like the example I gave, they want somebody who can come in and do the full stack. But more importantly, apart from just providing services across the stack, you also need to provide it at a low TCO (Total cost of ownership). That is finally... Like today, in initial stages, maybe people are not asking so much about the spend, but this is going to



become very critical soon. And once billions and trillions of tokens are going to get generated, of course the cost becomes a very important factor.

- And lastly, the whole AI-led transformation. How do you deal with all these stacks, layers of stack, and then really deliver a very meaningful transformation? So, for us, the rationale was simple, that we feel that there is a unique opportunity for us to position ourselves as a one-stop shop for all AI services. We also feel it is a great opportunity to use this to deepen our partnership with hyperscalers, AI companies, and the ecosystem per se. We also want to leverage all the deep domain expertise. I think the examples that were given earlier, showcase a lot of depth in terms of industry-specific, function-specific domain expertise that we have. So, how can we translate that?
- And lastly, of course, this is a high-growth segment. So, whatever expertise we are building, building our own data centres, we can start offering it to the other data centre companies across the globe. So, that's one example of what we are building. Finally, the plan is to build a gigawatt scale. We have announced a partnership with TPG, and we are going to do the funding through equity and debt.
- Second part, Build, and then Partner. Partner, Aarthi has already covered a lot of it. I'll probably highlight the middle portion first, which is when we say partnership and 360-degree, what do we really mean? To look at these three parameters: the whole aspect of mutual services. I offer some services to the partner, we take some services from the partner. So, that's one element that really creates a very tight relationship between the two entities. But more importantly, then also, how do we work together in driving growth? And this is... okay, you can start with regular go-to-market kind of initiatives, but here we are also... with some of the logos that we have put here, we are also working with them to define unique initiatives where we can penetrate a certain industry segment, or a certain use case, or a certain function. How do we really take that to the market in a very unique fashion? And lastly, the innovation and the co-development that we can do with these partners.
- So, a lot of examples. So, NVIDIA, Aarthi spoke about. Similarly, with Google, now we are defining how can we build industry-specific workflows. So, a number of things that we are doing with each of these partners, which can help us become more tightly coupled with the partner, as well as take something unique to the market.
- Lastly, on the acquisition part, the core focus of M&A is centered around capabilities. We really want to ask the question strategically as to what capabilities can I Build? What capabilities do I need to Acquire? And in some cases, build and acquire to kind of do it together. So, some of the examples we have put is, like for example, in the bigbet areas, there are certain areas we want to acquire capabilities. But across the service lines, advisory is a big area that we want to build and, in a way, acquire capabilities for.
- Similarly, if I look at deep domain or service-line capabilities, all the big-bet areas that were talked about, I think those become focus areas for us. Those are the growth areas for us in the future.



- And then market access, whichever markets, because as you start seeing the overall technology market, you will have to now start going geography by geography, within a geography, maybe sector by sector to really ask the question, where is the penetration opportunity and how do I really now go after that aggressively? So, one case in point here are the recent two acquisitions we have announced in the Salesforce space, which is ListEngage and Coastal Cloud. So, the reason we did these back-to-back and kind of did it together: one, it helps us really bolster capabilities across advisory, implementation, and managed services. So, it helps me complete the entire capability set. So, advisory services, it gives me multi-cloud. All the modules within Salesforce get covered. It helps me deepen my partnership with Salesforce because the companies that we have acquired have partner advisory board positions, are summit partners, so they have a very deep connect with the Salesforce ecosystem. So, it helps me deepen my partnership with Salesforce. It helps me cover market segments. And lastly, of course, gets me 500-plus talented individuals in this particular space.
- So, if you look at the map, so the top line is essentially the combined entity where I put all these three entities together. And then below that, you see that individually, TCS, ListEngage, and Coastal, how do they fare in terms of capability map across the various modules within Salesforce. So, from services all the way to industry clouds, you will see now that we have a full set covered. And it helps us, in a way, strengthen the entire platform to take larger aspirations in this particular space.
- Also, market coverage, we have covered both the large enterprise as well as the midmarket, and the sectors as well. So, coverage aspect is also covered very well.
- And so, this is the approach that we will be using for M&A. I think even for partnering, the unique approach we are looking at. And building, I think we have just started; we'll look at other areas as well. Yeah, thank you.

Nehal Shah - Head Investor Relations, TCS:

Thank you very much, Mangesh. I would now like to invite our Chief Financial Officer, Samir Seksaria. Samir, the floor is all yours.

Balancing Speed & Scale with Discipline

Samir Seksaria - Chief Financial Officer, TCS:

Thank you, Nehal, and good evening, everyone. So, I think through the day, through the immersion sessions which we had, when we heard Krithi, Aarthi, and Mangesh speak, and probably from the demos also which we are going to see at EBC, you could relate to it that we are doubling down on our aspiration to become the world's largest AI-led tech services company. And towards that, we are focusing on two key things: One is execution rigor, that is delivering real customer outcomes, and talent transformation, which will ensure we stay ahead of the curve. And we have called out our five-pillar strategy, the five-pillar framework, which will help us tap this opportunity. And as you can see, in the past couple of months, we are shifting gears quite rapidly in this fast-paced era.



- So, if you look at the tech cycles, they have been compressing. Krithi also alluded to it in his opening keynote. And in that context, gaining an early-mover advantage is something which is important, and a competitive advantage. And unlike in the past, when competitive advantage was only through acquiring capabilities, in the current day and age, it is also dependent on how fast you are able to take those capabilities to the customers, and how rapidly and efficiently you are able to scale them.
- Our investment approach, keeping that in mind, is towards balancing innovation speed with scalable, profitable growth. And that is what should position TCS as a market leader in the Al-driven services. I'm not going to cover the investments because Aarthi and Mangesh covered a lot across on the investments part. But putting it in the framework, our overall strategy is built towards three growth engines in terms of 'Build, Acquire, and Partner'. Traditionally, TCS has looked at investing primarily on the organic side, but as we heard through the conversations, it is important that we invest across our strategy, our investment approach, across all three of them: Build, Partner, and Acquire.
- If you look at 'Build', which is basically driving innovation from within, we have been investing on talent, on the intellectual property, on infrastructure, and in terms of democratizing AI across TCS. If we look at our annual spend just on the 'Build' part of it, we spend about US\$1 billion annually on learning and development, on targeted research and innovation, and on specialized infrastructure towards the new services which we have been talking about. This doesn't include the use case which Mangesh talked about on the HyperVault (AI DC). This is the existing investments which we currently do.
- From an acquisition strategy, our focus is on building capabilities, acquiring synergies, and driving high-quality revenue, which will help us build multi-year cross-sell opportunities.
- And from a 'Partnership' perspective, this was covered in detail, mainly the benefits
 which we get is faster integration in client environments. We are able to lower our
 upfront build cost. We have an opportunity to have a shared investment model. And
 most importantly, like Mangesh also said, we get early access to innovation, and we
 are able to build cross-sell pipelines.
- To reiterate, we want to invest at scale across the stack from 'Infrastructure to Intelligence', and this is where we believe we will be able to deliver exponential value to our clients.
- Looking at all the investments which are coming, I'm sure the question which comes to mind is how are we going to manage the return metrics and the margins? And, as I talked about, we already invest about US\$1 billion as investments, and our focus would be, the incremental investments would be funded partly through repurposing some of the existing spend, specifically around the learning and development part of it, into newer age spend which are required. Second, is leveraging our balance sheet. And lastly, there would be areas which will require an offset, through operational efficiencies. And towards that, we will be continuing our focus on operational levers, the ones which we have called out traditionally utilization, pyramid, SG&A, etc. We



will also look at prioritizing tools, platforms, and reusable components. We'll also look at shifting the revenue mix towards higher value, higher margin services, and focus on delivery productivity. Our intent would still be to make all the investments, and over a period of time, shift towards our aspirational band, the guided beacon of 26% to 28%. Currently, as of last quarter, we were at 25.2%.

- Next, we will discuss how some of our investments affect our ROE. If you look at the last five years, our ROE has improved from 38% to 51%. And if you look at our peer set of six competitors who are in our closest band range, their average ROE is at less than 25%, approximately 23.6%, and the next best is at 30%. So, we are 2x the average of our peer set. And if you look at the AI Data Centre business case also, the way we have been able to structure it, not just the debt part of it, but the variable return with the private equity partner, which we have announced, ensures that we are able to participate and lock in higher returns for us, and that should give us better IRRs, as well. Most of the data points are available publicly for you to calculate and evaluate, that the impact of the investments which we'll be making, is not more than US\$ 1 billion over a period of seven years, annual investments being even less, on the TCS balance sheet, will be very marginal, and we are confident we'll be able to maintain industry leading return metrics.
- Lastly, we come to our capital allocation policy. If you look at the data point, last five years we have been returning 80% to 100% of free cash flow to our shareholders, and, our stated policy has been that we'll be returning substantial free cash flows back to our shareholders. Going forward, we'd look towards returning 80% to 100% of FCF post all investments. Since our share listing 21 years, if I take the IPO price at ₹ 850, and if we take the dividends which have been given, just the dividends in the last 21 years, it totals up to about ₹5,600, for one equity share which was invested, plus an opportunity to participate in the five buybacks which we have done, and the capital appreciation itself which has happened on the baseline is about 30x. So TCS has been and will remain a long-term value compounder.
- Re-emphasizing the messages which Krithi alluded to, we are entering this decade, or this positioning, with a strategy which is clear, a team which is prepared, and a balance sheet that gives us optionality without volatility. And what plays to our advantage is what we call as the TCS advantage, which is in terms of our client trust, our delivery, our execution prowess, our talent, and our financial architecture. And with that, we should be able to deliver growth with profitability and ensure shareholder returns.
- That's it from me.

Question & Answer Session

Nehal Shah - Head Investor Relations, TCS:

Thank you very much, Samir. With this, we come to and end for all the speaker presentations. We would now like to start the Q&A session. Anyone wishing to ask a question, kindly please raise your hand, so that the volunteers can come and share a mic. Please share your name and organization name for the benefit of everyone who's listening to the webcast.



I would now like to call upon the TCS management: Krithi, Aarthi, Samir, Mangesh, and Sudeep, to start the Q&A session.

Ankur Rudra – JP Morgan:

Thanks. This is Ankur from JP Morgan. First question is, you know, thank you first of all for the great presentation and all day long has been excellent and a lot more data, so really learned a lot. Your vision statement of becoming the leading Al-led tech services firm, how should investors evaluate that over time? If you can just highlight which metrics, what drivers, what should we see to see the success over the next three to five years?

K Krithivasan - MD & CEO, TCS:

- So, we define those five pillars. Each of these five pillars also have sub parameters. Internally, the way we are looking at is, how do we drive these five pillars? For instance, we talked about what is the business value? How do we reimagine the business value chain as the fourth pillar? We talked about how we redefine our services through leveraging AI. So, each of these have sub pillars. The way internally we are going to be measuring is on how we are progressing on each of these individual metrics.
- See, obviously, overall metric could be on how would be the AI driven revenue that comes to the organization.

Ankur Rudra - JP Morgan:

Thank you. Just a follow-up question is on margins. You did say that you want to maintain the 26% to 28% band. However, if you look at the last 7-8 years, it's been tough to sort of stay there. Given a lot of the investments, you will be doing going forward, doesn't it make sense to maybe change the band to around where we are right now, giving you a lot more operational flexibility and be more competitive in the market?

Samir Seksaria - Chief Financial Officer, TCS:

- See, overall, what we believe is, with our cost structures, we should be able to operate in the 26% to 28% band. We believe that the early investments which we have been making has been the source of how we are able to maintain sustained industry-leading margin band. And we are taking the challenge that considering all the investments, we will incrementally make, we would want to shift towards 26% 28%.
- To the point in terms of the last couple of years, you would also see that there would be various points of times where we would have come closer to 26%, and then we would have made some investments. So, it won't be that we will be stuck on not making the required investments at the cost of profitability. Growth with profitability will remain our mantra, and we will not be shy of investments, at the same time we will be driving margins towards the 26% 28%.

Kawaljeet Saluja - Kotak Institutional Equities:



Hi, this is Kawaljeet Saluja from Kotak Institutional Equities. Thanks a lot for the presentation. First question is, advisory/consulting focus. That's an area where, let's say, TCS may have not prioritized this, at least explicitly, in the past. Now, as you drive down the advisory path, both through organically as well as through acquisitions, what are the challenges in execution that you see? And more importantly, what has changed for you to prioritize the advisory/consulting part so much?

Mangesh Sathe - Chief Strategy Officer, TCS:

- So, if you see the overall tech and advisory space, I think most of the incumbent firms are also going, or rather experiencing a lot of change, both in terms of what customers expect them to deliver, as well as the way they need to deliver it. I feel this is the right window for us to look at a more updated model of advisory or consulting, which will essentially be more driven by AI and analytics, and coming from our place of strength, which is technology. Given some of the stack conversations we have had, I don't think success can be just about providing advisory, it is also about going through all the other layers of the stack to actually help the customer deliver it.
- But we'll have to build that initial muscle of advisory as well, because that's where the
 impact, or the conversations get pegged at the right level for us to drive that impact
 across the layers. So, we see that as an opportunity, right opportunity for us to
 consider building that capability.

Kawaljeet Saluja - Kotak Institutional Equities:

 The second question that I had is for Samir. How do you define that US\$ 1 billion of investment? Is it annual? Is it to the P&L? Is it OpEx, CapEx? If we can just get some more color on it.

Samir Seksaria - Chief Financial Officer, TCS:

This is one billion dollars in annual spend, completely on OpEx, completely on the P&L.
 The key components are on the learning and development part, learning and talent-related, industry-specific or new services-specific R&I, and specialized infrastructure.

Kumar Rakesh - BNP Paribas:

Hi, thanks. This is Kumar Rakesh from BNP Paribas. My first question is around the new-age services revenue, which you called out at about US\$11 billion. That means there is still a large legacy revenue base, almost two-thirds of it. How do you see managing that in the coming years? More importantly, this new-age services revenue of \$11 billion is growing at about mid-single digits, so the growth is not phenomenally great in that piece as well. The new-age services growth is not significantly strong, and the legacy revenue will most likely continue to get cannibalized as we expand Al implementation across our service lines. How are you going to manage your growth in this overall context?

K Krithivasan - MD & CEO, TCS:



– Kumar, as pointed out, our overall new-age services revenue is growing faster. First of all, you'll understand that, there is moderation and subdued performance due to overall market sentiment; that's the overhang we have. But within that, new-age services are growing faster than traditional services. With increased investments under a stronger strategy around new partnerships, new investments, and initiatives like data centres, and our new strategy, we believe new-age services will grow faster to offset any deceleration or drag in traditional services.

Kumar Rakesh - BNP Paribas:

— Got it. My second question goes back to something we discussed earlier: how do you define being the world's largest AI-led services company? Are there any specific metrics?

K Krithivasan - MD & CEO, TCS:

- Kumar, we will try to publish. See, at this time, we took it as a vision and identified five pillars we are working on. Like I was telling Ankur, we look at the sub-pillars where we are putting our energy and effort.
- The obvious metric is Al-driven revenue; we have published where we stand and we
 will continue to publish it as we go forward, and that's the external metric.
- But internally, we are going to be driving all the parameters. To us, those parameters
 are equally or more important because there could be a lag in the external revenue
 we report, but it will keep us honest. We will focus on internal parameters and
 individual line items Aarthi described.

Ruchi Mukhija – ICICI Securities:

Two questions. First, in any technology transformation cycle, we have seen first-mover advantage along with scale. As TCS looks at data centres, and TCS has always enjoyed the scale advantage, do you think scale will be essential, along with being a first mover?

Samir Seksaria - Chief Financial Officer, TCS:

 Scale definitely plays a role. One of TCS's advantages, apart from delivery execution and client trust - multi-decadal trust; our scale and breadth and depth will play a positive advantage.

Ruchi Mukhija – ICICI Securities:

So, we will put capital to use to achieve that scale advantage as well?

Samir Seksaria - Chief Financial Officer, TCS:

 When we saw the full stack and what we talked about, the investments, we will be leveraging and making investments where we see focused returns coming in. Yes, absolutely, we will be using our capital.



 But we will also be partnering. As we saw, if you take the data centre case, the investments would be prudent and it would be structured. So, the balance sheet does play a role.

Ruchi Mukhija – ICICI Securities:

Secondly, the US\$1 billion spent that we highlighted, can you tell us how historically it has trended? Is the intensity of investment on rise as we are going through these technology changes, or have we been consistent at whatever level you want to define in making those investments?

Samir Seksaria - Chief Financial Officer, TCS:

We have been making early investments across, and if we take it as a percentage, as I said, our focus would be to make the right investments. Some part of the investments will also be repurposed into things where we want to focus on. And we would, if required, to the other question previously, we will elevate our investment need also. 'Growth with profitability' would be the mantra. It need not be that we will shrink our investments in the near term to let go long-term growth.

Arup Roy - Gartner:

- Arup from Gartner. My second question first is to Aarthi, and I'll let you think about it, which is, how do you foresee your organization structure to look like by 2030, because you will have your agents as co-workers with your engineers.
- My first question is perhaps to Samir or Mangesh, which is about your India AI DC venture, which is going to be completely opposite to the asset-light DNA that TCS has maintained over the past 20–25 years. Are you not thinking about coming up with a special purpose vehicle to do it, or is it going to be done under the TCS fold? But the key question over here is where is the synergy? That's what I'm getting at. Where is the synergy with TCS's overall services business in the global scheme of things?

Samir Seksaria - Chief Financial Officer, TCS:

- So, to answer your first question, there is a special purpose vehicle. We'll be making the investments with locking in an anchor customer. And as I talked about the structured investment, we will be leveraging the balance sheet. We have also announced an equity partner i.e TPG. We have announced creation of a subsidiary HyperVault which is formed as a special purpose vehicle to invest in AI DC.
- In terms of synergy, we benefit from both front-end synergies. As I said, the anchor customer typically would be a hyperscaler or an AI-led company, and it is not just about the business. It's a 360-degree relationship which we will get from them. Also, the back-end synergies, where we can leverage, because the data centre is all about cooling, power, and connectivity. With the #OneTata advantage, we can also look at getting optimized value from them or any other players which would be available.

Aarthi Subramanian - Executive Director & Chief Operating Officer, TCS:



Arup, your question on how the organization structures would look like. You know, in a world where humans and agents work alongside, I think this is an area which is evolving. The more we move to Level 4, Level 5 autonomy is where you'll have agents which can do a task that a human does. Today, if you really see Level 2 and Level 3, that is where the human is primary and AI is in a supportive role, in an assistant role, if you will. So, this is something which is evolving, but where we are seeing this play out currently is more in the autonomous GBS. In business process, we're seeing that there are certain tasks in the business process value chain which are being completely done by agents. In BPS, we have got this model where human plus AI is working together, and there are tasks which are autonomous. How do you orchestrate work? That's where we are building orchestration layer, where the orchestration layer really knows what task is being done by the human plus what tasks are being done by the AI, so that oversight is coming in that layer. But early days.

Nitin Padmanabhan - Investec:

- So, two questions actually. First one is, last year I think for the first time you actually showcased COBOL to Java application modernization and things like that. It's been a year now. There should have been a lot of learnings on nuances. Just trying to understand, that's a very large market, obviously, and how much adoption are you seeing on this, and how rapid is it? Do you think you'll see a lot of those next year? And, just to get a feel of these things, you highlighted a project with 50 million lines of code being converted. Typically, as an example, how large are these projects, and how long does it take? That was the first question.
- The second one is, earlier today you showed us how we could rapidly create a use case, and how it's very interesting for organizations. I understand that very well, because CEOs would love that because it creates momentum in the organization in terms of GenAl creation. But what I'd like to understand is, there's a lot of talk around creation of an AI fabric or a foundation layer. What does that look like? My understanding is something, and I'd like you to ratify whether right or wrong, and what it means. My understanding is that you have all the APIs, all the knowledge, all the context in a layer. Does it mean that if I'm able to create that use case rapid prototype with just the front end, you can agentically stitch together something if there is maturity on that fabric layer? If that is the case, then from a TCS perspective, where we have always been master systems integrators, what happens to business in general, and how long does this transition take?

K Krithivasan - MD & CEO, TCS:

Yeah, I'll take the first question. On the modernization front, there is immense demand. In the past, there has not been a proper business case for technology modernization. Particularly when you want to move from a technology like mainframe into any new modern technology, there was no financial business case. Even from a risk perspective, not many people knew what was the business logic that was used in those old systems, and to reliably translate them into a modern technology has always been a challenge. But what Generative AI does is, gives you the ability to understand, and a human can validate the understanding, so you can encapsulate the knowledge



- that's residing. It also provides a framework through which you can modernize to a new technology.
- The example that you talked about is progressing quite well. Again, these are also very complex programs. It's not that you turn on a switch and 50 million lines of code convert themselves into Java. It requires an amount of human intervention and validation. But of course, that's one large example. What you see more and more common are what Aarthi calls rapid builds, we showed it as CodePlus as a platform here, where we have the ability to move from X to Y, like from Tableau to Microsoft platform, or from a TIBCO code to Java. There are multiple opportunities that exist, and these are all much simpler because the codes are more recently written within the last 10 to 12 years, and not very large or complex like the 50 million lines of code. Such programs are very time-bound. Outcome could be measured, and results and value can be achieved in a short time. Mostly, we try to do it in a three-month period. Those programs are quite often. I don't know the number, probably Aarthi has a number of programs we have done. We've done a very significant number of programs, and there's a real opportunity for that.

Aarthi Subramanian - Executive Director & Chief Operating Officer, TCS:

- If I may just add, if you look at the technology debt across the organization, it's in core systems, it's in integration, it's in data, it's in reporting; so across layers. The CodePlus platform that Krithi talked about, and some of it you'll see when you go to our Executive Briefing Center. So, what it does is, it actually accelerates X to Y migration, as I like to call it, across these layers, like Krithi gave some examples. So, I think what we're also seeing is, the same modernization programs that we did last year, this year we are able to do with much more productivity. One, technology capability has advanced. Plus, our own understanding of work with AI and what the human in the loop needs to do, has also advanced.
- In terms of projects, we are seeing the mainframe, the 50 million lines of code, those are all big projects. But there are also a number of short-cycle projects that we are seeing. Today, we are seeing a lot of that in BFSI, and other industry verticals are now starting to catch up. But I would say that we're seeing a lot more in the BFSI space.
- Now, coming to your second question, I would like to answer it more simply from an SI (systems integrator) perspective; the role that we play. I think I sort of briefly covered it. If you really look at it in any enterprise, while we can do the rapid builds, build the AI apps, agents, right, fairly quickly, where the work goes is in the plumbing; connecting it back to the data, connecting it back to the systems. And more importantly, if you look at the Infrastructure-to-Intelligence (I2I) layer, across each layer there is a significant amount of work to be done to integrate. And today when we move... the way we're building apps today, we're connecting it to the model and to the data. But going forward, to Krithi's point on building learning systems, the more we start creating these learning systems, creating the decision infrastructure, that is where a lot of work across all layers of the I2I framework we showed you.
- When it comes to agents, not just individual agent building, but agent-to-agent interaction, agent interaction which is the fabric layer that you alluded to, while you



can build many things quickly, but stitching things together and bringing the contextual knowledge of the customer is where we come in.

Nehal Shah - Head Investor Relations, TCS:

Thank you, participants, and the TCS management. We conclude the session now. We hope these sessions have been informative and useful for all of you.

Note: This transcript has been edited for readability and does not purport to be a verbatim record of the proceedings.

