

SGL-35/Sec/2025-26

25th October, 2025

National Stock Exchange of India Limited

Exchange Plaza, 5th Floor
Plot No.C-1, Block G
Bandra-Kurla Complex
Bandra (E),
Mumbai - 400 051

BSE Limited

1st Floor
New Trading Ring, Rotunda Building
P J Towers, Dalal Street
Fort,
Mumbai - 400 001

**Stock Code: SHANTIGEAR
Through NEAPS**

**Stock Code: 522034
Through BSE Listing Centre**

Dear Ma'am/ Sir,

Sub: Intimation under Regulation 47 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

With reference to the Regulation 47 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, we would like to inform you that the Extract of Unaudited Financial Results for the quarter and six months ended on 30th September, 2025 has been published in Dinamani (Tamil) and Business Line (English) Newspapers on 25th October, 2025.

Kindly take the above details on record.

Thanking you,

Yours faithfully,

For Shanthi Gears Limited

**Walter Vasanth P J
Company Secretary & Compliance Officer**

QUICKLY.

Private sector activity
eases to 5-month low in Oct

Bengaluru: Growth in India's private sector eased to a five-month low in October as weaker demand and rising output prices weighed on business optimism, a survey showed on Friday. HSBC's flash India Composite Purchasing Managers' Index, compiled by S&P Global, fell to 59.9 this month from 61 in September. Despite slipping to the lowest since May, growth remained robust and well above the 50-mark separating expansion from contraction. The flash manufacturing PMI rose to 58.4 from 57.7 last month while the services business activity index slipped to 58.8 from 60.9. REUTERS

Govt extends investment
options under NPS, UPS

New Delhi: The government has approved the extension of two investment options, Life Cycle and Balanced Life Cycle, to Central government employees under the National Pension System (NPS) and the Unified Pension Scheme (UPS), the Finance Ministry said on Friday. This is in line with the continued demand from Central government employees for a broader range of investment options similar to those available to non-government subscribers. These options are designed to enhance flexibility in retirement planning, the Finance Ministry said. PTI

Russian crude flows to India to remain firm until November 21

SANCTIONS IMPACT. Refiners may race to secure cargoes from Moscow over the next month

Rishi Ranjan Kala
New Delhi

Even as the sanctions on Rosneft and Lukoil by the US threaten to upend India's crude oil import strategy, the next 30 days are expected to witness a flurry of deals with refiners topping up on cargoes from Moscow. The two Russian oil giants account for more than 70 per cent of Russia's crude cargoes to India.

Sanctions by the US Office of Foreign Assets Control (OFAC) against the two oil majors, which is President Donald Trump's first major action on Russia during his second term, will kick-in on November 21, 2025.

NEAR-TERM EFFECTS

Global real time data and analytics provider Kpler said, "India will feel near-term effects as sanctions effectively turn Russian oil molecules — at least from these two entities — into a sanctioned commodity, shifting the market dynamic from one of influence to enforcement," it added.

Sumit Ritolia, Kpler's Lead Research Analyst for Refining & Modeling, pointed out that Russia currently supplies nearly a third of In-



KEY SUPPLIERS. The two Russian oil giants — Rosneft and Lukoil — account for more than 70 per cent of Russia's crude cargoes to India. REUTERS

dia's crude imports, averaging around 1.7 million barrels per day (mb/d) in 2025, of which more roughly 1.2 mb/d, came directly from Rosneft and Lukoil.

Most of these volumes were directed toward private refiners Reliance Industries and Nayara Energy, with smaller allocations to PSU refiners Indian Oil Corporation, Bharat Petroleum Corporation and HPCL, he added.

"Russian crude flows are expected to remain in the 1.6–1.8 mb/d range until November 21, but direct volumes from Rosneft and Lukoil are likely to decline thereafter, as Indian refiners seek to avoid any risk of OFAC-related sanctions. Nonetheless, refiners will continue sourcing Russian grades through third-party

intermediaries, which remain unsanctioned, though with heightened caution," Ritolia told *businessline*.

THE TURBULENCE

Ajay Srivastava, GTRI founder, said that Rosneft and Lukoil account for about 57 per cent of Russia's oil output and export earnings. The remaining 43 per cent, produced by other firms, technically remains unsanctioned. In theory, global buyers could keep purchasing from these non-sanctioned entities without violating US restrictions.

"But does this flexibility extend to India? Apparently not. Washington has imposed an additional 25 per cent tariff on Indian exports, accusing New Delhi of 'fueling the war' by using Russian oil. The penalty applies

not only to oil from sanctioned companies like Rosneft or Lukoil, but to any Russian-origin crude, even legally sourced barrels. No other country faces such a sweeping penalty," he added.

Despite the near-term turbulence, a complete ban on Russian crude imports by Indian refiners remains highly unlikely given the compelling margins and geopolitical stance, emphasised Ritolia.

"Unless Indian refineries themselves are sanctioned, or the Government of India formally restricts Russian crude — both unlikely scenarios — Russian oil will continue to flow to India, albeit through more complex financial, logistical, and trading structures," he added.

With its term contracts with Rosneft now affected, RIL will need to shift to wards third-party spot buying, reworking its supply and financial chains to ensure compliance with OFAC rules while maintaining operational continuity, Ritolia explained.

Nayara Energy, already under sanctions, is expected to continue its Russian crude imports as usual.

Unless New Delhi steps in with direct pressure, Nayara's operations and sourcing pattern are unlikely

to change materially. "More broadly, the sanctions architecture is becoming increasingly interconnected. When one targets sources, payment channels, transport mediums, terminals, ports, and refineries, it raises the level of compatibility among sanctioned entities, reinforcing their interdependence," Ritolia said.

OPERATIONAL CHALLENGE

Technically, Ritolia pointed out that India's refining system is among the most flexible globally and can adapt to other crude oil grades. However, the operational challenge is minimal. It is the economic trade-off (loss of discounts) that is the bigger issue.

In the near term, refiners can incrementally raise purchases from the Middle East (Saudi Arabia, UAE, Iraq), West Africa (Nigeria, Angola), Latin America (Brazil, Guyana, Mexico) and the US.

"India already has term contracts or spot mechanisms and logistics in place for most of these regions, so diversification is technically feasible, though not cost-neutral. Right now, I feel energy security takes centre stage, with refining economics also at play," Ritolia added.

We will comply with guidance from Indian govt, EU: RIL on sanctions

Our Bureau
New Delhi



Reliance Industries (RIL) on Friday said that it is currently assessing the impact of the sanctions imposed by the US, European Union (EU) and the UK on crude oil imports from Russia and export of refined products to Europe.

"We have noted the recent restrictions announced by the European Union, UK and the US on crude oil imports from Russia and export of refined products to Europe. Reliance is currently assessing the implications, including the new compliance requirements," an RIL spokesperson said.

The oil-to-clean energy conglomerate will comply with EU's guidelines on the import of refined products into Europe. "Whenever there is any guidance from the Indian government in this respect, as always, RIL will be complying fully, the spokesperson emphasised.

"Reliance has consistently aligned itself with the objectives of ensuring India's energy security. The company remains fully committed to maintaining its longstanding and impeccable record of adherence to applicable sanctions and regulatory frameworks and will be adapting the refinery operations to meet the compliance re-

Reliance says its diversified crude sourcing strategy will continue to ensure stability and reliability in its refinery operations

quirements," the spokesperson added.

SUPPLY CONTRACTS

As is customary in the industry, supply contracts evolve to reflect changing market and regulatory conditions. Reliance will address these conditions while maintaining the relationships with its suppliers.

"Reliance is confident that its time-tested, diversified crude sourcing strategy will continue to ensure stability and reliability in its refinery operations for meeting the domestic and export requirements, including to Europe," the company spokesperson said.

EU Parliamentary delegation to visit India ahead of trade pact deadline

Our Bureau
New Delhi

A delegation of the EU Parliamentary committee on international trade will be in India next week to discuss trade, economic and investment relations ahead of the year-end deadline for finalising the India-EU free trade agreement negotiations.

The seven-member team will be in India from October 27 and will be led by Cristina Maestre, the committee's standing rapporteur for India, and Brando Benifei, the committee coordinator.

FTA TALKS

"The main objective of this visit is to contribute to increasing our mutual understanding amid intensive trade negotiations between the EU and India," the two co-chairs said in a statement.

The mission is timely taking place just a few months ahead of the deadline to conclude negotiations for a Free Trade Agreement (FTA) by the end of 2025, they added. "We look forward to discussing the issues at stake as both sides have a mutual interest in reaching a meaningful bilateral agreement and in protecting the rules-based multilateral trade order," they said.

Negotiating teams from India and the EU met in Brussels earlier this month to sort out lingering problems in areas such as automobiles, alcoholic beverages, services and quality standards, sources said.

Prime Minister Narendra Modi and EU President Ursula von der Leyen set a year-end deadline for wrapping up the trade negotiations.

India's bilateral trade in goods with the European

Union's bilateral trade in goods reached €120 billion in 2024, surpassing that of China and the US, per EU figures.

The visiting European Parliament members will engage with a variety of stakeholders, to receive "first-hand information" on the opportunities and challenges posed by these trade negotiations. INTA Members are set to hold various meetings at both ministerial and parliamentary level.

They will also meet the Federation of European Business in India and with the Confederation of Indian Industry.

"Other meetings will be organised with civil society working on sustainability issues and with workers and employers' representatives and organisations working on labour rights," the EU statement said.

India to focus on 26 nations to expand rice exports

Our Bureau
New Delhi

India has identified 26 countries as potential markets for expanding its rice exports, including Indonesia, the Philippines, Vietnam and the US, with a potential of unlocking ₹1.8 lakh crore of export orders, and is set to focus on these at the two-day International Rice Conference (BRIC) 2025 in Delhi next week.

India wants to strengthen its position in regions where competitors such as Pakistan and Ireland currently dominate, and has identified 26 such markets, according to Dev Garg, Vice President of the Indian Rice Exporters Federation (IREF), at a media briefing on Friday.

These markets import ₹1.80 lakh crore worth of rice from other countries. So, various rice varieties, GI, non-bas-

mati, and basmati, have been identified which can exploit this opportunity, Garg said.

Memoranda of understanding (MoUs) worth ₹25,000 crore of exports are expected to be signed during the conference, per the government.

The conference will bring together producers, exporters, importers, policymakers, financiers, logisticians, research institutions, and allied service providers to strengthen transparency, efficiency, and resilience in the global rice trade. Sustainability, innovation, and transparent, rules-based commerce will be at the core of the deliberations.

Over 3,000 farmers and Farmer Producer Organisations, 1,000 foreign buyers from more than 80 countries, and 2,500 exporters, millers, and allied industries are likely to participate in the event on October 30-31.

Forex reserves rise \$4.49 billion

Our Bureau
Mumbai

India's forex reserves jumped by \$4.49 billion week-on-week to \$702.28 billion as on October 17, primarily led by sharp rise in gold reserves, according to data released by the Reserve Bank of India.

Foreign currency assets stood at \$570.41 billion, down \$1.69 billion compared to last week. During the week

ended October 17, the RBI bought gold amounting to \$6.18 billion, taking the overall share of gold in forex reserves to \$108.54 billion.

The RBI has been swiftly building its gold reserves this year and lowering investment in US bonds to diversify its reserves from the US dollar, analysts say. In fact, regulators across emerging countries, especially in Asia, are buying gold and de-dollarising on account of growing practise of a few coun-

tries of freezing other countries' overseas held assets during geopolitical crises.

Special drawing rights (SDRs), which refers to India's commitment to provide resources under the International Monetary Fund's (IMF) New Arrangements to Borrow (NAB) and investment in SDR denominated Notes issued by IMF, were at \$18.72 billion, while the reserve tranche position in IMF stood at \$4.60 billion.

'ISA's endeavour is to create clean energy thought leadership in Global South'

bl.interview

Rishi Ranjan Kala
New Delhi

Emphasising the shift in clean energy leadership from the US and EU to Asia, Africa, and Latin America, Ashish Khanna, Director General of the International Solar Alliance (ISA), underscored the importance of developing thought leadership from the Global South perspective to accelerate energy access to millions. In this direction, he said the upcoming Eighth Assembly will deliberate on options such as distributed renewable energy (DRE) to fast-track access to clean and affordable energy access. Excerpts:

What ails the Global South, particularly Africa, in energy access and how can solar power help?

The world's irony is that some of the best places for solar are also the places where solar is not happening. It's happening everywhere else, but Africa, which has less than 1 per cent of solar investments. And the irony over that is they desperately need energy as an artery of



The world is going through a huge shift. It took 25 years to do the first 1,000 GW solar. The next 1,000 GW happened in just two years. This will become 4,500 GW in next three years.

ASHISH KHANNA, Director General of the International Solar Alliance

economic growth.

For instance, Nigeria is resource rich in terms of energy, but it also has the world's largest energy access gap. This is not allowing industries, SMEs and jobs to happen, including in agriculture for two reasons—they don't have energy and those who have energy, it's all diesel, which costs 25-30 cents (USD). Tariffs in these poor countries are 20-25 cents as generation is via heavy fuel oil or diesel.

So, if you are a consumer in any of these countries, you have three choices. Either take a utility tariff of 20-25 cents and get 5-6 hours supply, or have diesel, which is 25 cents, or have no power. Solar power is the answer.



Even if it is not 4-5 cents, like in India and other places, and is say 8-9 cents, even after all the risk premiums, it will still be an economically viable option.

Why has the Global South become so critical for clean energy transition?

The world is going through a huge shift. It took 25 years to do the first 1,000 GW of solar. The next 1,000 GW happened in just two years. This will become 4,500 GW in three years. Seventy per cent of this is happening in Asia Pacific, which means that while some countries are receding, especially the US and EU, the leadership of this agenda is going to be

more and more with Asia, Africa and Latin America, with Asia being the big thing. At what cost? Who will manufacture? How will this lead to energy security? Suddenly, this is going to become a lot more of a Global South driven agenda that I think is a very big global shift that we should all recognise.

You have emphasised the importance of DRE at several platforms for driving transition. What is the rationale?

DRE is going to become more important. First, if you have to work in Africa, because a lot of our focus is going to be on Africa, millions of people do not have access to energy. At least half of them are going to get it through DRE.

Second, unlike India, China and Vietnam of the world, where 98 per cent people got grid-based energy access, Africa is a different story. Which means innovation in models for mini grids, off grids is going to be very different for energy access in Africa. Most of this will happen through solar, because Africa has huge solar potential and the need is to work out innovative business models in DRE. We worked with Nigeria in scaling up

mini grids, where ISA collaborated to create an ecosystem right from financing to policy and regulatory reforms. That ecosystem challenge is now leading to 10,000 mini grids being planned in Nigeria, world's largest mini grid market.

How can ISA empower farming communities in the Global South?

Distributed RE can catalyse the farm sector. Here, India's experience with PM-KUSUM will create a pivot. I worked in Africa, they import \$400 billion of food, and only 4 per cent of land is irrigated.

So, when I met the Ethiopian head, or the president of Ghana, they say, our problem is that our farmers are working only 2-3 months on rain fed crops with no second or third crops because there's no irrigation. The only way for irrigation is solar crops. So, they are looking to India and other examples.

As a pivot, Africa needs a big programme on solarisation of agriculture. Solar pumps will revolutionise the farm sector in such developing countries, particularly Africa.

TAMILNADU INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION LTD (TIDCO)
CIN-U65993TN1965SGC005327

E-Tender Notice No. TCA / Fintech / 2025 / 04 Dated : 25.10.2025
E-Tender cum E-Forward Auction

TIDCO invites bids from eligible firms through e-Tender cum e- Forward Auction for selection of a Lessee to grant Long Leasing rights for 99 years of the following Developed Vacant Plot for development of Prime Hotel (4 & 5 Star) at Fintech City Nandambakkam, Chennai.

Sl.No	Plot No	Tentative Plot Area (Acre)
1	S11/1	2.38

Interested Bidders can download the tender document from <https://tidco.com> and <https://intenders.gov.in> at free of cost.

The schedule for the bidding process is as follows:

- Pre-bid meeting will be held on **07.11.2025 at 3:00 P.M** at TIDCO Office/online VC.
- Last date and time for submission of Proposals/ Bids is on or before **25.11.2025 at 3.00 P.M** through <https://intenders.gov.in>.
- Opening of Technical Proposals / Bids on **25.11.2025 at 4.00 P.M** at TIDCO Office.
- Any subsequent notification on the tender would be published on the above website.

MANAGING DIRECTOR
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DIPR / 5806 / Tender / 2025

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Statement of Unaudited Financial Results for the Quarter and Six months ended 30 September 2025

Sl No	Particulars	Quarter ended			Six months ended			€ Crores
		30.09.2025	30.06.2025	30.09.2024	30.09.2025	30.09.2024	31.03.2025	
1	Revenue from operations	131.91	134.89	155.08	266.80	293.90	604.62	
	Other income	5.94	3.77	3.37	9.71	6.76	14.66	
	Total income	137.85	138.66	158.45	276.51	300.66	619.28	
2	Expenses							
	(a) Cost of materials consumed	61.50	62.50	75.12	124.00	153.25	281.97	
	(b) Changes in inventories of finished goods and work-in-progress	0.38	1.07	1.38	0.09	15.15	2.33	
	(c) Employee benefits expense	20.55	19.35	21.28	39.90	40.88	81.69	
	(d) Depreciation and amortisation expense	3.78	3.66	3.23	7.44	6.32	13.30	
	(e) Other expenses	22.36	23.60	25.90	45.96	52.11	109.90	
	Total expenses	109.17	108.04	124.15	217.21	237.41	489.19	
3	Profit before tax (1-2)	28.68	30.62	34.30	59.30	63.25	130.09	
4	Tax expense							
	Current tax	7.54	8.26	9.07	15.80	16.61	33.95	
	Deferred tax charge / (benefit)	(0.37)	(0.33)	(0.40)	(0.70)	(0.85)	0.11	
	Total tax expense	7.17	7.93	8.67	15.10	15.96	34.06	
5	Profit after tax (3-4)	21.51	22.69	25.63	44.20	47.29	96.03	
6	Other comprehensive income (net of tax)							
	Items that will not be reclassified to statement of profit and loss in subsequent periods:							
	Re-measurement gain/(loss) on defined benefit/(obligations) (Net)	(0.32)	-	(0.33)	(0.32)	(0.45)	0.01	
	Income tax relating to item that will not be reclassified to statement of profit and loss in subsequent periods	0.08	-	0.08	0.08	0.11	(0.00)	
	Other comprehensive gain/(loss) for the period / year	(0.24)	-	(0.25)	(0.24)	(0.34)	0.01	
7	Total comprehensive income (5+6)	21.27	22.69	25.38	43.96	46.95	96.04	
8	Paid up equity share capital (Face value of ₹ 1 each)	7.67	7.67	7.67	7.67	7.67	7.67	
9	Reserves and surplus (i.e. Other equity)						395.32	
10	Earnings Per Share (EPS) of Face value of ₹1 each (Not annualised for the quarters)							
	Basic EPS ₹:	2.80	2.96	3.34	5.76	6.16	12.52	
	Diluted EPS ₹:	2.80	2.96	3.34	5.76	6.16	12.52	

Notes:

1. The unaudited financial results have been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles provided in Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS 34) on 'Interim Financial Reporting', the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"), as applicable and guidelines issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) under SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 as amended. The above financial results were reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company at their respective meetings held on October 24, 2025 and has been subjected to limited review by the Statutory Auditors of the company.

2. The Company's main business is manufacture of Gearboxes and Gear Products. There are no separate reportable segments as per Ind AS 108 - Operating Segments.

3. Previous period/year figures have been re-grouped / re-classified, where necessary to make it comparable with the current period.

4. The above financial results are also available on our website www.shanthigears.com. The financial results can be accessed by scanning the QR code provided below:

For Shanthi Gears Limited
M Karunakaran
Whole-Time Director
DIN: 09004843

Place : Coimbatore
Date : October 24, 2025