



सत्यमेव जयते

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

IMPLEMENTATION OF BUDGET ANNOUNCEMENTS 2020-2021

[Budget Speech — 1st February, 2020]

February 1st, 2021

Ministry of Finance
Department of Economic Affairs

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STATUS OF IMPLEMENTATION OF BUDGET ANNOUNCEMENTS, 2020-2021

Sr. No.	Para No	Budget Announcements	Status of Implementation
1.	14	<p>With this backdrop, our government shall work towards taking the country forward so that we can leapfrog to the next level of health, prosperity and well-being. We shall strive to bring Ease of living for every citizen.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: NITI Aayog</p>	<p>Various initiatives are being taken by the Ministries concerned. NITI Aayog is anchoring the Aspirational District Programme under which 112 most backward districts have been identified & efforts are on to transform them rapidly, especially in sectors like health, nutrition, school education, financial inclusion & basic infrastructure.</p> <p>In short span, the programme has led to major improvement & has contributed to improving the well being of citizenry. NITI Aayog is also currently finalising district score card & ease of living index for districts for bringing the indicators which determine ease of living under focus.</p> <p>Process for revising the Ease of Living Index to take into account the benefit coming out of the proposed National Infrastructure Pipeline, is also currently underway.</p>
2.	18.01	<p>To achieve seamless delivery of services through Digital governance</p> <p>Ministry/Department: MeitY</p>	<p>According to United Nations E-Government Development Index (EGDI), India has climbed 11 ranks (107th in 2016) to 96 in just four years to gain a place among the top 100 nations. EGDI is a weighted average of normalized scores on the three most important dimensions of e-government. India's score under different indices viz Online Service Index (OSI): 0.9514, Telecommunication Infrastructure Index (TII): 0.2009 and Human Capital Index (HCI): 0.5484.</p> <p>India has a promising OSI score of 0.9514 (evaluated on the basis of accessibility and quality of online services of government websites). India has gained 15th Rank in E-Participation Sub-Index with a score of 0.955 among the 193 United Nations member states. Further, as per Global Open Data Index, India has been placed at 32nd position among United Nations.</p> <p>Under Digital India Programme, Ministry has taken various e- Governance initiatives for providing seamless service delivery such as DigiLocker, UMANG, e-Sign, Common Service Centres (CSCs) 2.0, e-District Mission Mode Project, MyGov, e-Hospital, e-Taal, Open Government Data (OGD), email solution, Jeevan Pramaan, National MeghRaj, Centre of Geo-informatics (NCoG), Government eMarket Place (GeM), Rapid Assessment System (RAS), Digital Village, etc.</p>
3.	18.02	<p>To improve physical quality of life through National Infrastructure Pipeline</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Economic Affairs</p>	<p>NIP Task Force report was submitted on 29/04/2020 and all the NIP projects now features in a NIP portal launched on 10/08/2020. Regular monitoring of projects is being done at various levels. Ministries/ Departments are regularly updating project details and important projects. In addition, implementation of these projects are being followed up by concerned Ministries. NITI Aayog will monitor improvement in physical quality of life and ease of living. It is ongoing work and will continue till 2024-25. Recommendations of Sub Groups of Inter-Ministerial Steering Committee (IMSC) for financing National Infrastructure Pipeline (NIP) are being taken up with the concerned agencies.</p>

Sr. No.	Para No	Budget Announcements	Status of Implementation
4.	18.03	<p>Risk mitigation through Disaster Resilience</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Home Affairs</p>	<p>National Disaster Risk Reduction Strategies requires continuous activity. National Disaster Management Plan revised in 2019. 33 States have approved State Disaster Management Plan. 670 districts have District Disaster Management Plan. Government is committed to enhance international Cooperation with developing countries. Hon'ble Prime Minister had launched CDRI at UN Climate Action Summit in New York on 23 September 2019. India hosted. Asian Ministerial Conference on Disaster Risk Reduction as well as joint disaster response exercises with SAARC, BIMSTEC and Shanghai Cooperation Organisation in previous years. An online tool i.e. National Disaster Management Information system (NDMIS) is developed for national data loss database reporting by Districts / States. Online monthly reporting for NDRF and SDRF is also mandatory. These reporting will facilitate reporting indicators under the targets of SFM Tool for the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction (SFDRR) 2015- 2030 adopted by India. Guidelines for Preparedness and Capacity Building funding window under NDRF/SDRF has been issued on 19.11.2020.</p>
5.	18.04	<p>Social security through Pension and Insurance penetration</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Financial Services</p>	<p>Enrollment under various Social Security Pension Schemes :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 7.66 crore under PMJJBY - as of 31.10.2020. • 20.51 crore under PMSBY - as of 31.10.2020. • 2.68 crores under APY as on 8.12.2020. <p>Further steps to increase social security penetration have been taken up as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Creation of a Unified Digital Platform to ensure seamless enrolment, claims settlement, de-duplication and fraud prevention. • Allowing Corporates to treat expenditure incurred on enrolment under PMJJBY/PMSBY towards their Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR). • Amendments to PFRDA Act, 2013 is currently underway enabling important steps for ensuring greater pension penetration in the country. • Voluntary coverage under NPS (private sector) has increased from 6.86 lakh subscribers on 31.03.2016 to 24.85 lakh subscribers as on 5.12.2020.

Sr. No.	Para No	Budget Announcements	Status of Implementation
6.	22(1)	<p>Prosperity to farmers can be ensured by making farming competitive. For this, farm markets need to be liberalised. Distortions in farm and livestock markets need to be removed. Purchase of farm produce, logistics and agri-services need copious investments. Substantial support and hand-holding of farm-based activities such as livestock, apiary, and fisheries need to be provided for. Farmers desire integrated solutions covering storage, financing, processing and marketing.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Animal Husbandry & Dairying, Agriculture Cooperation & Farmers Welfare, Fisheries</p>	<p>D/o Animal Husbandry & Dairying Department of Animal Husbandry and Dairying is implementing Dairy Infrastructure Development Fund scheme for strengthening dairy processing infrastructure with an outlay of Rs 11184 crore since 2017-18. The scheme guidelines are amended from time to time for smooth implementation. This helps in integrating farmers with organised milk processing and in turn in marketing.</p> <p>A revision has been made in the guidelines of DIDF scheme to make the fund more competitive in the market with interest rate of Banks/FIs and accordingly an addendum to the administrative approval has been issued in October 2020.</p> <p>The Department is also implementing a scheme viz National Programme for Dairy Development since 2014-15 focusing on setting up of bulk milk coolers at village level and strengthening of milk testing facilities. This will reduce milk spoilage, improve quality, bring transparency and increase returns to milk producer.</p> <p>D/o Agriculture Cooperation & Farmers Welfare Central Sector Scheme on “Formation and Promotion of 10000 Farmer Producer Organization (FPO)” is implemented for collectivization of Small & Marginal farmers.</p> <p>Hon’ble Prime Minister launched the scheme on 29.02.2020 at Chitrakoot, Uttar Pradesh. About 2200 clusters have been allocated for formation of FPO to various implementing agencies.</p> <p>Hon’ble Agriculture Minister on 26.11.2020 inaugurated five specialized Honey based Farmer Producer Organizations (FPOs) implemented through NAFED.</p> <p>1000 Mandis have been integrated with e-NAM of 18 States and 3 UTs.</p> <p>Government has promulgated “The Farmers’ Produce Trade and Commerce (Promotion and Facilitation) Ordinance, 2020” on 5th June, 2020 and subsequently converted in Act. The rules were notified on 20th October, 2020. It is intended for creation of an ecosystem where the farmers and traders enjoy the freedom of choice relating to sale and purchase of farmers’ produce. It also to provide a facilitative framework for electronic trading and for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto.</p> <p>As of now, ₹ 2991 Cr. has been in principal sanctioned under the scheme to 3055 PACS by NABARD. PACS have submitted 37823. applications for loan amount of ₹ 2754 Cr on Portal. As of now, 1695 applications have been received on Portal by entities other than PACS. Out of which 964 applications seeking loan of ₹ 934Cr. have been prima facie found eligible by PMU and sent to respective banks. Out of 964 applications, 230 applications have been sanctioned by banks for loan amount of ₹ 235 Cr.</p>

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			<p>D/o Fisheries:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Proposals to the tune of ₹ 6567.57Crores have been received from 34 States/UTs along with additional proposal in phase –II from 10 States/UTs. • Project Approval Committee (PAC) led by CE, NFDB has approved and forwarded to Department of Fisheries (DoF) for release of the proposals to the 2642.38 crores with admissible central share of ₹ 915.36 Crores form 34 States/UTs. • Proposals from Eighteen (31) States/UTs (except Tripura, Sikkim, Damn& Diu, WB and Chandigarh) at a total cost of ₹ 2267.62 Crores involving central share of ₹ 772.60 Crores have been approved and 1st instalment of Central share of ₹ 339.12 Crores have been released. • Proposals from 2 States viz. Tripura and Sikkim, & Additional proposals from 7 States namely Himachal Pradesh, Tamil Nadu, Bihar, AP, Mizoram, A&N and Lakshadweep at a total cost of 273.72 Crores with central share of 103.37 Crores have been scrutinized by NFDB and being processed for releases.
7.	23(1)	<p>We propose to encourage those State governments who undertake implementation of following model laws already issued by the Central government:</p> <p>a) Model Agricultural Land Leasing Act, 2016 b) Model Agricultural Produce and Livestock Marketing (Promotion and Facilitation) Act, 2017;, and c) Model Agricultural Produce and Livestock Contract Farming and Services (Promotion and Facilitation) Act, 2018.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Agriculture Cooperation &Farmers Welfare NITI Aayog</p>	<p>D/o Agriculture Cooperation & Farmers Welfare</p> <p>1) We propose to encourage those State governments who undertake implementation of following model laws already issued by the Central government:</p> <p>a) Model Agricultural Land Leasing Act, 2016 b) Model Agricultural Produce and Livestock Marketing (Promotion and Facilitation) Act, 2017, and c) Model Agricultural Produce and Livestock Contract Farming and Services (Promotion and Facilitation) Act, 2018.</p> <p>The Farmers (Empowerment and Protection) Agreement on Price Assurance and Farm Services Act, 2020 (No.20 of 2020) was notified by the Legislative Department in the Government of India Gazette on 27th September, 2020. In pursuance of enactment of the Farmers (Empowerment and Protection) Agreement on Price Assurance and Farm Services Act, 2020, the Farming Agreement Guidelines and the FAQs have been amended and uploaded on the web-site of the Department. Further, consequent amendment of the statutory rules, namely, the Farmers' Argument on price Assurance and Farm Services (Dispute Resolution) Rules, 2020, notified earlier on 20th July, 2020, was notified by the Legislative Department in the Government of India Gazette on 21st October, 2020. The same has been placed on the website of the Department.</p> <p>NITI Aayog:</p> <p>NITI Aayog in consultation with State Governments had drafted a Model Land Leasing Act-2016.</p> <p>The proposal is under consideration in consultation with State Governments and Central Ministries including Department of Land Resources.</p> <p>Many states have started to review/reformulate their land leasing acts like Uttarakhand, Uttar Pradesh, Andhra Pradesh, Maharashtra and Madhya Pradesh . A workshop to sensitize the State Governments to adopt 'Model Agriculture Land Leasing Act, 2016') is being considered.</p>

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8.	23(2)	<p>Water stress related issues are now a serious concern across the country. Our government is proposing comprehensive measures for one hundred water stressed districts.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Water Resources</p>	<p>In View of Covid the implementation of this Scheme has been deferred.</p>
9.	23(3)	<p>In the Budget speech of July 2019, I had stated that “annadata” can be “urjadata” too. The PM-KUSUM scheme removed farmers’ dependence on diesel and kerosene and linked pump sets to solar energy. Now, I propose to expand the scheme to provide 20 lakh farmers for setting up stand-alone solar pumps; further we shall also help another 15 lakh farmers solarise their grid-connected pump sets. In addition, a scheme to enable farmers to set up solar power generation capacity on their fallow/barren lands and to sell it to the grid would be operationalized.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: MNRE</p>	<p>The proposal for expansion of the PM-KUSUM Scheme as announced in the Budget Speech for 2020-21 was approved by Ministry of Finance and accordingly expansion order was issued by MNRE on 04th November, 2020. The Scheme has provision for setting-up of small solar plants by farmers on their barren/fallow/marshy/pasture land(s).</p>
10.	23(4)	<p>Our government shall encourage balanced use of all kinds of fertilizers including the traditional organic and other innovative fertilizers. This is a necessary step to change the prevailing incentive regime, which encourages excessive use of chemical fertilisers.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Agriculture Cooperation & Farmers Welfare</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • During 2020-21, village level demonstrations and trainings for awareness generation of the farmers on balanced use of fertilizers is being taken up on large scale. The Executive Committee (EC) has approved the proposals from 32 States/UTs for 98,515 villages. • So far, 44,048 demonstrations and 18,708 trainings have been organized for farmers by States/UTs. 870 holdings based Soil Health Cards were also distributed in Sevapuri Block, District Varanasi. • The EC has also approved establishment of 899 Village Level Soil Testing Labs (VLSTLs) through entrepreneurs, especially NRLM groups i.e. Women Self Help Groups. • Apart from this establishment of 70 new Soil Testing labs (STLs), 11 new Mobile STLs, strengthening of 76 existing STLs and promotion of micro-nutrients in 2,53,949 ha area have also been approved to States/UTs.

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11.	23(5)	<p>India has an estimated capacity of 162 million MT of agri-warehousing, cold storage, reefer van facilities etc. NABARD will undertake an exercise to map and geo-tag them. In addition, we propose creating warehousing, in line with Warehouse Development and Regulatory Authority (WDRA) norms. Our government will provide Viability Gap Funding for setting up such efficient warehouses at the block/taluk level. This can be achieved, where States can facilitate with land and are on a PPP mode. Food Corporation of India (FCI) and Central Warehousing Corporation (CWC) shall undertake such warehouse building on their land too.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Financial Services Food & Public Distribution Economic Affairs</p>	<p>NABARD has identified 1.08 lakh ASIs covering 26 States and 8 UTs. The geo-tagging of the ASIs is progressing in full steam. As on date, survey has been completed in 82,000 ASIs. The geo-coordinates of these warehouses have been captured in a mobile app specifically developed for the purpose. After verification the data will be uploaded on Google map.</p> <p>D/o Food & Public Distribution: Central Sector Scheme is being implemented for construction of godowns for augmenting storage capacity in the States of North Eastern (NE) Region and a few other States like Himachal Pradesh, Jharkhand and Kerala. During 12th Five Year Plan (2012- 17), a total capacity of 1,84,175 MT has been created in NE States and other than NE States (1,37,680 MT by FCI and a capacity of 46,495 MT by State Governments). This scheme has been extended for 5 years from 01.04.2017 to 31.03.2022. A total capacity of 54,250 MT (45,870 MT by FCI and 8,380 MT by State Governments) has been created from 01.04.2017 to 30.11.2020. A capacity of 54,305 MT is under construction in North Eastern Region (30,020 MT by FCI and 24,285 MT by State Governments) and capacity of 26,220 MT is under construction by FCI in States other than North East like Himachal Pradesh and Jharkhand.</p> <p>-Construction of silos of total capacity of 11.25 LMT (6 LMT State Govt., 4.75 LMT FCI, 0.50 LMT CWC) has been undertaken by FCI/State Governments/CWC on their land (as on 31.12.2020). Out of which capacity of 6 LMT has been undertaken and completed by State governments. A capacity of 4.75 LMT is being implemented by FCI out of which 0.25 LMT completed at Kotakpura (Punjab), 4.50 LMT under progress in Assam, Bihar, Punjab, Uttar Pradesh, Delhi and Maharashtra, out of which a capacity of 0.50 LMT at Borivali (Maharashtra) and 0.50 LMT capacity at Nabha (Punjab) has been terminated.</p> <p>-CWC has created a total capacity of 38,100 MT in 2019-20. Total capacity of 1,41,797 MT has been planned for the year 2020-21 in Delhi, Gujarat, Karnataka, Madhya Pradesh, Chandigarh, Andhra Pradesh, Rajasthan, Kerala, Uttar Pradesh, Maharashtra. 47747 MT new capacity has been created during 2020-21 (till 31.12.2020).</p> <p>D/o Economic Affairs: Department of Food and PD as well as Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare have been informed to avail the benefits of VGF in PPP mode. This scheme is demand driven as and when proposal for VGF for setting up of warehouses is received from concerned Ministry/ Department, it will be processed as per existing provisions.</p>

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12.	23(6)	<p>As a backward linkage, a Village Storage scheme is proposed to be run by the SHGs. This will provide farmers a good holding capacity and reduce their logistics cost. Women, SHGs shall regain their position as “Dhaanya Lakshmi”.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Agriculture Cooperation & Farmers Welfare</p>	<p>In View of Covid the implementation of this Scheme has been deferred.</p>
13.	23(7)	<p>To build a seamless national cold supply chain for perishables, inclusive of milk, meat and fish, the Indian Railways will set up a “Kisan Rail” – through PPP arrangements. There shall be refrigerated coaches in Express and Freight trains as well.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Animal Husbandry & Dairying Agriculture Cooperation & Farmers Welfare Fisheries, Railways</p>	<p>D/o Animal Husbandry & Dairying The matter is under consideration in consultation with Railway Board regarding requirement of rail milk tankers and issues w.r.t. transportation of milk and milk products.</p> <p>D/o Agriculture Cooperation & Farmers Welfare Based on the learning of operation of Special Parcel Trains during lockdown period, Indian Railways has started operating Kisan Special Trains for transportation of perishable horticulture/agriculture products, dairy, fisheries on 10 routes. It has been decided that Railway Board would identify and provide route-wise details of vacant land of Railways in the vicinity of these 10 routes for setting up of the Post-harvest Management infrastructure facilities like cold storages and warehouses etc. nearby these 10-OD trains stoppages leveraging AIF Fund.</p> <p>D/o Fisheries: In order to effectively implement this project, the requisite initiatives as required would be taken up by the Department of Fisheries in consultation with concerned Ministries/Departments. In this context, a pilot study on Kisan Rail for transport of fish initially for following two sectors for undertaking feasibility study is under process: (i) Vijayawada- (or nearby towns)-Howrah-Guwahati, Silchar primarily catering Inland Fisheries. (ii) Vijayawada- (or nearby towns) –Nellore-Chennai-Kochi primarily catering marine fisheries.</p> <p>M/o Railways: Under the Kisan Rail Project, potential circuits for movement of vegetables, fruits and other perishables are being identified in consultation with Ministry of Agriculture & Farmers Welfare and Agriculture/Animal Husbandry/Fisheries Departments of State Governments. So far, the services over following routes have become operational – (1) Devlali-Danapur -00107/00109 (now running from Sangola to Muzaffarpur) - 07th Aug 20, (2) Anantpur to Adarsh Nagar– 0784 - 09th Sept 20, (3)Yeshwantpur to Nizamuddin-00625-19th Sept 20, (4) Nagpur to Adarsh Nagar- 00101 - 14th Oct 20,</p>

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			<p>(5) Chhindwara to Howrah- 00883 - 28th Oct 20, (6) Sangola to Howrah - 00121 - 29th Oct 20, (7) Sangola to Shalimar - 00123 - 21st Nov 20, (8) Indore to New Guwahati - 00907 - 24th Nov 20, (9) Ratlam to New Guwahati - 00969 - 05th Dec 20, (10) Indore to Agartala - 27th Dec 20.</p> <p>50% subsidy in freight (borne by Ministry of Food Processing Industries), is being granted on notified fruits and vegetables, when transported through Kisan Rail services.</p> <p>100th KISAN Rail service was flagged off by Hon'ble Prime Minister on 28.12.2020 (Sangola to Shalimar).</p>
14.	23(8)	<p>KrishiUdaan will be launched by the Ministry of Civil Aviation on international and national routes. This will immensely help improve value realisation especially in North-East and tribal districts.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Civil Aviation</p>	<p>Krishi Udaan has been approved on 10.09.2020. The scheme basically envisages facilitation of domestic and international carriage of agri-perishables by air. This is sought to be achieved through convergence with schemes of various Ministries relating to horticulture, animal husbandry, fisheries and processed agri-products. Convergence between the Krishi Udaan (Top to Total) and Operation Green (TOP to TOTAL) scheme of Ministry of Food Processing Industries has been achieved, with extension of subsidy on freight rates of horticultural produce of NER and Himalayan States. Steps are being taken to draw the benefits from Transport and Marketing Assistance scheme for promoting India's agricultural exports.</p> <p>Consultation with Ministry of Tribal Affairs for finalising the incentivisation of air transportation of tribal agri-produce under their schemes.</p>
15.	23(9)	<p>Horticulture sector with its current produce of 311million MT exceeds production of food grains. For better marketing and export, we propose supporting States which, adopting a cluster basis, will focus on "one product one district".</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Agriculture Cooperation & Farmers Welfare</p>	<p>Consultations in progress with stakeholders for finalization of the list of "One product one district".</p>

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16.	23(10)	<p>Integrated farming systems in rainfed areas shall be expanded. Multi-tier cropping, bee-keeping, solar pumps, solar energy production in non-cropping season will be added. Zero-Budget Natural Farming (mentioned in July 2019 budget) shall also be included. The portal on "jaivikkheti" – online national organic products market will also be strengthened.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Agriculture Cooperation & Farmers Welfare</p>	<p>During 2020-21 up to December, 2020, an area of about 0.30 lakh ha has been brought under Integrated Framing System and rest of targeted area will be completed next five years.</p> <p>Status of Beekeeping/ NBHM:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Revised National Beekeeping and Honey Mission (NBHM) as a Central Sector Scheme for • Honeybee colonies increased from about 20.00 lakhs in 2013-14 to 36.00 lakhs in 2019-20. • Honey production increased from 76,150 Metric Tonnes (MTs) (2013-14) to 1,20,000 MTs (2019-20). • Honey Export increased from 28378.42 MTs (2013-14) to 59536.74 MTs (2019-20). 61333 MTs exported during 2018-19. • Revised National Beekeeping & Honey Mission (NBHM), Central Sector Scheme, for ₹ 500.00 crores for 3 years (2020-21 to 2022-23) under AtmaNirbhar Bharat Announcement approved for overall promotion & development of scientific beekeeping in country to achieve goal of "Sweet Revolution". Main thrust on infrastructure including R&D under 3 Mini Missions (MM-I,II&III). • One Honey Testing Lab set up. • 5 FPOs of Beekeepers launched. • 16 Integrated Beekeeping Development Centres (IBDCs) as role model commissioned. • >30,000 farmers/ beekeepers trained in scientific beekeeping, including production of high value beehive products, viz.; Bee Pollen, Propolis, Royal Jelly, Bee Venom, etc. • 11 project for total assistance of ₹ 2560.21 lakhs approved under NBHM. <p>Till date the BPKP project proposals have been received from following states i.e. Andhra Pradesh, Kerala, HP, Chhattisgarh, Jharkhand, Odisha, Tamil Nadu & Madhya Pradesh. Funds have been released to Andhra Pradesh, Kerala, Himachal Pradesh, Jharkhand, Chhattisgarh. The process of fund release to Odisha, Tamil Nadu & Madhya Pradesh is under process. Total 3.58 lakhs farmers registered on Jaivikkheti portal.</p>
17.	23(11)	<p>Financing on Negotiable Warehousing Receipts (e-NWR) has crossed more than ₹6000 crore. This will be integrated with e-NAM.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Agriculture Cooperation & Farmers Welfare</p>	<p>Action Complete. Rolled out on 2nd April 2020.</p>

Sr. No.	Para No	Budget Announcements	Status of Implementation
18.	23(12)	<p>Non-Banking Finance Companies (NBFCs) and cooperatives are active in the agriculture credit space. The NABARD re-finance scheme will be further expanded. Agriculture credit target for the year 2020-21 has been set at Rs 15 lakh crore. All eligible beneficiaries of PM-KISAN will be covered under the KCC scheme.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Financial Services</p>	<p>(i) A Special Liquidity Facility (SLF) of ₹ 30,000 crore as additional refinance to RRBs Coop Banks/ NBFCs-MFIs has been provided through NABARD to supplement lending resources of these Rural Financial Institutions.</p> <p>(ii) As on 30.10.2020, ₹25,000 crore has been disbursed out of this special facility.</p> <p>(iii) Balance amount of ₹5000 crore under SLF allocated by RBI to NABARD for smaller NBFCs and NBFC-MFIs.</p> <p>(iv) proposals amounting to ₹ 690 crore has been sanctioned to 6 NBFC-MFIs by NABARD. Out of this, disbursement of 130 crore has been made till 4.12.2020. The region-wise, agency-wise and purpose-wise agriculture credit target for 2020-21 has been conveyed to RBI, NABARD, IBA and PSBs.</p> <p>Since the launch of the drive, as on 4.12.2020, 169.77 lakh KCC have been issued to farmers, including PM-Kisan beneficiaries.</p>
19.	23(13)	<p>Our government intends to eliminate Foot and Mouth disease, brucellosis in cattle and also peste des petits ruminants (PPR) in sheep and goat by 2025. Coverage of artificial insemination shall be increased from the present 30% to 70%. MNREGS would be dovetailed to develop fodder farms. Further, we shall facilitate doubling of milk processing capacity from 53.5 million MT to 108 million MT by 2025.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Animal Husbandry & Dairying Rural Development</p>	<p>D/o Animal Husbandry & Dairying</p> <p>Under NADCP, against the total target of 30.33 crore cattle and buffalo, the total animals vaccinated and tagged are 16.35 crore and 16.14 crore respectively till date. Nationwide Artificial Insemination Programme (NAIP) Phase II is being implemented in chosen 604 districts including Aspirational districts with less than 50% Artificial Insemination (A.I.) coverage. It is a campaign mode programme for genetic upgradation of bovines through A.I. with semen of high genetic merit bulls, to get the best productivity. As on 04.01.2021, 34 lakh bovines have been covered and 28 lakh farmers got benefitted under the programme.</p> <p>Animal Husbandry Infrastructure Fund has been set up at a cost of Rs 15,000 cr for addressing issues relating to expanding dairy processing infrastructure.</p> <p>D/o Rural Development:</p> <p>Joint Convergence Guide lines has been issued on 20.06.2020. So far during the current FY 2020-21 a total 8375 works related to fodder cultivation (Silvi pasture development) have been completed and a total of 17124 works are ongoing.</p>
20.	23(14)	<p>Blue Economy: Our government proposes to put in place a framework for development, management and conservation of marine fishery resources.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Fisheries</p>	<p>A proposal on Indian Marine Fisheries (Development & Management) Bill, 2021 is under consideration.</p>

Sr. No.	Para No	Budget Announcements	Status of Implementation
21.	23(15)	<p>Youth in coastal areas benefit through fish processing and marketing. By 2022-23, I propose raising fish production to 200 lakh tonnes. Growing of algae, sea-weed and cage Culture will also be promoted.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Commerce, Fisheries</p>	<p>D/o Commerce (DoC):</p> <p>i) In line with the budgetary announcement, Marine Products Export Development Authority (MPEDA) /DoC prepared an export strategy in consultation with Department of Fisheries (DoF), including increasing production of export oriented species, developing cold chain and fisheries infrastructure, quality assurance, value addition and market promotion.</p> <p>ii) A joint meeting of Secretaries of DoC and DoF held in Sept 2020 with the stakeholders, to work out a joint strategy for doubling exports, including road map with annual milestones and targets across the States. DoF has incorporated the components like production, quality assurance and fisheries infrastructure under the PMMSY and World Bank schemes.</p> <p>iii) MPEDA is focusing on expanding the export markets and addressing the challenges of Non- Tariff Barriers (NTB):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • After a protracted engagement, Japan relaxed the export inspection from 100% to 30% on Black Tiger shrimp consignments. • Based on the consistent negotiations with the EU side, listed 23 new units for exporting sea-caught products. Also pursuing with EU for allowing aquaculture products. • DoC/MPEDA engaging with China to lift the ban on 12 Indian establishments on account of WSSV & IHHN Virus. • DOC/MPEDA is engaged with Russia to approve Indian enterprises who had applied for FSVPS approval. • MPEDA is organizing Buyer-Seller meets and webinars with major markets, wherein exporters and buyers could identify their potential trade opportunities. • DoC/MPEDA is engaged with U.S. NOAA wrt compliance under Sec 609 of U.S. Public Law on turtle conservation, to lift the export ban on wild-caught shrimp. <p>iv) Species diversification – MPEDA has developed technology to diversify the varieties for promoting exports of fin fishes like Tilapia, Seabass, Scampi, mud crab etc. State Governments have been requested to sensitize the stakeholders to make use of this.</p> <p>v) MPEDA has rolled out a Certification scheme 'Shaphari' for Shrimp Hatcheries, and guidelines are under preparation.</p> <p>vii) MPEDA has released a COVID safety protocols across</p>

Sr. No.	Para No	Budget Announcements	Status of Implementation
			<p>the entire Seafood sector in India along with short video, to assure the International seafood buyers and consumers on the safety precautions implemented across the sector in India.</p> <p>D/o Fisheries;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pradhan Mantri Matsya Sampada Yojana (PMMSY) envisages increasing fish production to 220 lakh tonnes by 2024-25 and State/UT wise production targets have been finalised in consultation with States/UTs. • A total of 4,784 Cages (reservoirs and open sea) have been sanctioned as on date under PMMSY. • Production target of 10.6 lakh Tons of Seaweed has been fixed for next 5 years under PMMSY. States/UT wise targets have been communicated. Draft Action Plan for promotion of Seaweed cultivation and marketing has been prepared. In so far, there are 15,000 rafts and 1331 monolines have been approved under PMMSY for augmentation of seaweed cultivation. • A total of 1,997 SagarMitras have been approved till date. • DoF in collaboration with D/o Commerce is working on a strategy for doubling exports by 2024-25. • State/UT - wise Action Plan for roll out of 500 FFPOs has been finalised and it is being implemented in coordination with NCDC. The Guidedlinesforformation/ implementation of FFPOsare being finalized. The Department of Fisheries also sanctioned for creation of 5 Nos FFPOS through SFAC under the erstwhile Blue Revolution Scheme.
22.	23(16)	<p>Under Deen Dayal Antyodaya Yojana for alleviation of poverty, 58 lakh SHGs have been mobilised. We shall further expand on SHGs.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Housing & Urban Affairs</p>	<p>As on 31.12.2020, 5.16 lakh SHGs with over 53 lakh members have been formed.</p>
23.	26(1)	<p>It is proposed to set up Viability Gap funding window for setting up hospitals in the PPP mode. In the first phase, those Aspirational Districts will be covered, where presently there are no Ayushman empanelled hospitals. This would also provide large scale employment opportunities to youth. Proceeds from taxes on medical devices would be used to support this vital health infrastructure.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Economic Affairs</p>	<p>MOHFW has been informed to avail benefits of Viability Gap Funding (VGF) as VGF window is available for setting up of a hospital in PPP mode. This scheme is demand driven as and when proposal for VGF for setting up of warehouses is received from concerned Ministry/ Departmentis under process. Meanwhile, the Cabinet Committee on Economic Affairs on 11.11.2020 approved VGF support to social sector with enhancing the quantum upto 30% each of Total Project Cost as VGF by Centre and State/Statutory Bodies. For other sectors, VGF existing support of 20% each from Gol and States/Statutory Bodies shall continue.</p>

Sr. No.	Para No	Budget Announcements	Status of Implementation
24.	26(2)	<p>Using machine learning and AI, in the Ayushman Bharat scheme, health authorities and the medical fraternity can target disease with an appropriately designed Preventive regime.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Health & Family Welfare</p>	<p>Following Artificial intelligence/ Machine Learning Techniques/ Models are currently being used by the National Anti-Fraud Unit of NHA:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fuzzy logic • Supervised/ Un-supervised Risk Scoring Models • Neural networks • Social Network Analysis • Image Analytics • Cluster and Peer Analysis <p>Under AB-PMJAY, AI/ML technologies are planned to be deployed in the following fields-</p> <p>(i) Disease Diagnosis : AI/ML based standard treatment workflow systems to ensure proper treatment and Clinical decision support system with AI/ML based triggers</p> <p>(ii) Fraud Prevention: Developing machine learning & artificial intelligence-based models for fraud detection and prevention.</p>
25.	27	<p>“TB Harega Desh Jeetega” campaign has been launched. I propose to strengthen these efforts realise our commitment to end Tuberculosis by 2025.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Health & Family Welfare</p>	<p>The Hon'ble Minister of Health & Family Welfare wrote to the Governors/ Lt. Governors of all the States/UTs for implementation of TB Harega Desh Jeetega campaign.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Total 30 meetings to review TB programme were held in 13 States/UTs under the Chairpersonship of Governors/ Lt. Governors, Chief Ministers/Dy. CMs and Health Ministers till December, 2020. Already 10 State/UTs have formed State/UT specific action plan to end TB by 2025. 2. Hon. Union Minister also wrote to all the Hon. M.P.s requesting to provide leadership for the TB control efforts in their respective constituencies. 3. In year 2020 total 17,65,840 TB cases have been notified (up to 31/12/2020) among which 5,38,414 TB cases have been notified from private sector 4. TB screening has been included in the Community Based Assessment Checklist (CBAC) as part of the Ayushman Bharat-Health & Wellness Centre activities 5. As part of Multi-sectoral engagement, MoUs have been signed with Ministries of AYUSH, Defence and Railways. MoU with Seven other line Ministries are under process. <p>In view of the COVID-19 situation and restrictions imposed due to it, The MoHFW has released guidance's to all State/UTs for ensuring uninterrupted services under the National TB Elimination Programme so the treatment of notified TB patients is not affected and diagnosis of newer cases is continued during the lockdown period.</p>

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26.	28	<p>I propose to expand Jan Aushadhi Kendra Scheme to all districts offering 2000 medicines and 300 surgicals by 2024. I have provided for the health sector about ₹69,000 crores that is inclusive of ₹ 6400 crores for Prime Minister Jan ArogyaYojana (PMJAY) .</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Pharmaceuticals</p>	<p>To cover all districts: All 734 districts of the country have been covered.</p> <p>Product basket- medicines: The number of medicines offered under Jan Aushadhi Scheme will be increased presently from 900 to 2000 by March, 2024. Annual target for 2020-21 has been fixed at 200 (Cumulative 1400). As of now, the number of medicines offered under Jan Aushadhi Scheme has been increased to 1449.</p> <p>Product basket-Surgical items: The number of Surgicals offered under Jan Aushadhi Scheme will be increased presently from 154 to 300 by March, 2024. Annual target for 2020-21 has been fixed at 20. (Cumulative 220). As of now, the number of Surgicals offered under Jan Aushadhi Scheme has been increased to 204. Finalization of tender for procurement of new 16 Surgicals is under process.</p>
27.	29	<p>Our government is committed to ODF Plus in order to sustain ODF behaviour and to ensure that no one is left behind. Now, more needs to be done towards liquid and grey water management. Focus would also be on Solid waste collection, source segregation and processing. Total allocation for Swachh Bharat Mission is about ₹12,300 crore in 2020-21.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Drinking Water & Sanitation, Housing & Urban Affairs</p>	<p>D/o Drinking Water & Sanitation (DDWS):</p> <p>As per the Revised Estimates, allocation under Swachh Bharat Mission (Grameen) (SBM-G) is ₹6000 crore.</p> <p>Cabinet approved Phase-II of SBM-G on February 19, 2020, to be implemented from 2020-21 to 2024-25 with the focus on ODF sustainability and Solid & Liquid Waste Management and to ensure that no one is left behind.</p> <p>Operational Guidelines of SBM(G) Phase-II were issued on 22.5.2020.</p> <p>Thereafter, Annual Implementation Plans (AIPs) of States/UTs for 2020-21 were approved by DDWS.</p> <p>41.61 lakh Individual household latrines (IHHLs) have been constructed during 2020-21 upto 31.12.2020.</p> <p>70,929 Community Sanitary Complexes (CSCs) have been completed and 31,560 CSCs are under progress during 2020-21 upto 31.12.2020.</p> <p>As on 31.12.2020, funds amounting to ₹4189.04 crore have been utilized under the scheme.</p> <p>M/o Housing & Urban Affairs:</p> <p>Meeting of the EFC for continuation of Swachh Bharat Mission (SBM) was held on 17/12/2020 and EFC recommended for the same for five years period from FY 2021-22 to 2025-26 with a total indicative outlay of ₹1,41,678 crore. Further action on the matter is under process.</p>

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28.	30	<p>Aiming to provide piped water supply to all households, Prime Minister announced from the Red Fort the Jal Jeevan Mission. Our government has approved ₹3.60 lakh crore for this Mission. This scheme also places emphasis on augmenting local water sources, recharging existing sources and will promote water harvesting and de-salination. Cities with over a million population will be encouraged to meeting this objective during the current year itself. During the year 2020-21 the scheme would be provided budget of ₹11,500 crore. Education and Skills The third and the final item under Aspirational India is Education and Skills.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Drinking Water & Sanitation</p>	<p>In the FY 2020-21, an amount of ₹ 11,000 Crore as Gross Budget Support (Revised Estimates) and ₹ 12,000 Crore as Extra Budgetary Resources (EBR) has been allocated for implementation of Jal Jeevan Mission (JJM). State/ UT-wise allocation has been made and an amount of ₹6,189.65 Crore has also been released. As reported by States, as on 30.12.2020, about 2.14 Crore tap connections have been provided in the FY 2020-21.</p> <p>With these efforts, as reported by the States/ UTs, in the last 15 months, despite pandemic, 2.99 Crore households have been given tap water connection and at present about 6.21 Crore (32.45%) households are having tap water connections.</p> <p>At present, 26 districts in the country spread across Gujarat (5), Telangana (10), Himachal Pradesh (2), Jammu & Kashmir (2), Goa (2), Haryana (2) and Punjab (3) have become 'Har Ghar Jal Districts'. Similarly, 448 Blocks, 34,616 Gram Panchayats, 65,081 villages have also become 'Har Ghar Jal Block', 'Har Ghar Jal Panchayat' and 'Har Ghar Jal Gaon' respectively. Goa has become first State in the country to have 100% households with tap water connections i.e. 'Har Ghar Jal Rajya'.</p>
29.	31	<p>By 2030, India is set to have the largest working-age population in the world. Not only do they need literacy but they need both job and life skills. Dialogues have been held with State Education Ministries, Members of Parliament and other stake-holders about Education policy. Over 2 lakh suggestions were also received. The New Education Policy will be announced soon.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Higher Education</p>	<p>National Education Policy (NEP) 2020 has been announced on 29.07.2020.</p>
30.	32	<p>It is felt that our education system needs greater inflow of finance to attract talented teachers, innovate and build better labs. Therefore steps would be taken to enable sourcing External Commercial Borrowings and FDI so as to able to deliver higher quality education.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Higher Education</p>	<p>University Grants Commission (UGC) has constituted a Committee to deliberate upon the changes required in existing Regulations and Guidelines of 2016, to promote research and innovation with foreign institutions, and facilitate Dual Degree, Joint Degree and Twinning Programme. The Committee has held two meetings and the regulations in this regard are being finalized.</p> <p>All India Council of Technical Education (AICTE) is making a comprehensive note about establishment of Centres of Eminence by foreign institutes in Indian institutions. The provisions of establishment of such Centres is being worked out.</p> <p>Under NEP 2020 top foreign universities are being allowed to operate in India. The UGC Committee is examining the issue of formulating guidelines in this regard.</p>

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31.	33	<p>Students in the general stream (vis-à-vis services or technology stream) need their employability improved. About 150 higher educational institutions will start apprenticeship embedded degree/diploma courses by March 2021.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Higher Education</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • It was decided that University Grants Commission (UGC) will formulate a regulation embedding apprenticeship with general degree programmes. • UGC is in consultation with various stakeholders in HEIs, industry and Sector Skill Councils framed the Guidelines for Higher Education Institutions to offer Apprenticeship/Internship embedded Degree Programme which was duly approved by the Commission. • The UGC Guidelines was released by Union Education Minister on 7 th August 2020 on occasion of National Conclave on Transformational Reforms in Higher Education under National Education Policy-2020.
32.	34	<p>The government proposes to start a programme whereby urban local bodies across the country would provide internship opportunities to fresh engineers for a period up to one year.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Housing & Urban Affairs</p>	<p>The Budget announcement stands implemented on 4th June, 2020 on the date of launch of the TULIP Internship Program. However, upto December, 2020, more than 13,000 internships have been posted by Smart Cities/ULBs, out of which 827 internships are ongoing and 84 internships have already been completed.</p>
33.	35	<p>In order to provide quality education to students of deprived section of the society as well as those who do not have access to higher education, it is proposed to start degree level full-fledged online education programme. This shall be offered only by institutions who are ranked within top 100 in the National Institutional Ranking framework. Initially, only a few such institutions would be asked to offer such programmes.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Higher Education</p>	<p>eVidya - Higher Education:</p> <p>Full Commission meeting of UGC was held on 29th May, 2020. The following decisions were taken:</p> <p>Higher education institutions (HEIs) ranked in top 100 in NIRF or NAAC score of 3.26 to offer online programme without prior approval of UGC.</p> <p>Institutions with NAAC score between 3.01 to 3.25 would be permitted to offer online programme with prior approval of UGC.</p> <p>For conventional courses, the UGC has decided that the limit of online course contents be increased from upto 20% to upto 40% in regular degree programmes.</p> <p>The Regulation effecting the above provisions have been issued.</p> <p>Presently 7 Universities are permitted to offer online full Degree/ Diploma Programmes. With the new regulatory changes, the number of HEIs eligible to offer programmes in online mode is likely to increase to 239 and in ODL mode it is likely to increase to 204.</p>
34.	36	<p>India should be a preferred destination for higher education. Hence, under its "Study in India" programme, Ind-SAT is proposed to be held in Asian and African countries. It shall be used for benchmarking foreign candidates who receive scholarships for studying in Indian higher education centres.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Higher Education</p>	<p>Ind-SAT exam took place on 22nd July, 2020.</p>

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35.	37	<p>A National Police University and a National Forensic Science University are being proposed in the domain of policing science, forensic science, cyber-forensics etc.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Home Affairs</p>	<p>Rashtriya Raksha University (the National Police University) and National Forensic Sciences University have been established and both the Universities have commenced operations w.e.f 1st October 2020.</p>
36.	38(1)	<p>It is proposed to attach a medical college to an existing district hospital in PPP mode. Those states that fully allow the facilities of the hospital to the medical college and wish to provide land at a concession, would be able to receive Viability Gap Funding. Details of the scheme would be worked out.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Economic Affairs</p>	<p>VGF Scheme has been amended vide notification 20th July 2020 to provide VGF to PPP Medical college to be attached to an existing district hospital where land is given by state at a concession. MoHFW and all states have been informed. This scheme is demand driven as and when proposal for VGF for setting up of medical college will be received, it will be processed as per existing provisions of the scheme.</p>
37.	38(2)	<p>National Board of Examination imparts PG medical qualifications ; Diploma and fellow of National Board (DNB/FNB). The Government will, therefore encourage large hospitals with sufficient capacity to offer resident doctors DNB/FNB courses under the National Board of Examinations.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Health & Family Welfare</p>	<p>In order to promote PG Medical education in the country, the Ministry has mandated the National Board of Examination (NBE) to carry out rapid expansion of DNB program. The Ministry vide Notification dated 06.08.2020 has recognized 8 new Diploma courses of NBE A proposal to provide stipend assistance to DNB students is under examination.</p>
38.	39	<p>There exists a huge demand for teachers, nurses, para-medical staff and care-givers abroad. However, their skill sets, many a time, do not match the employer's standards and therefore need to be improved. I propose that special bridge courses be designed by the Ministries of Health, Skill Development together with professional bodies to bring in equivalence. Language requirements of various countries need also to be included. All these should be achieved through special training packages. Our Government proposes to provide about ₹ 99,300 crore for education sector in 2020-21 and about ₹ 3,000 crores for skill development.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Skill Dev & Entrepreneurship, Health & Family Welfare</p>	<p>M/o Skill Dev & Entrepreneurship</p> <p>(1) A video conference was held on 15th December 2020 with HEE (Health Education England) UK and other relevant authorities to discuss about the mapping of job roles in health sector.</p> <p>(2) Communication is being done with the regulatory authorities and employment agencies of various countries in this regard.</p> <p>(3) Several interactions have taken place with stakeholders (of various countries) regarding the mapping of health sector job roles and issues related to health sector mapping and mobility.</p> <p>M/o Health & Family Welfare</p> <p>The Ministry, through the Indian Nursing Council (INC) has developed a bridge course (Nursing Competency Enhancement Bridge Program) of three months' duration for Indian Nurses and Midwives aspiring for overseas job placement. The bridge course, besides brushing up knowledge and skills, will orient the nurses regarding nursing care practices in other countries along with</p>

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			language skills. The bridge course has been notified by INC vide their notification dated 24.08.2020. With this the said Budget announcement stands fully implemented.
39.	40	<p>Entrepreneurship has always been the strength of India. Even today, young men and women have given up greener pastures elsewhere to contribute to India's growth. They are risk-taking and come up with disruptive solutions to festering challenges. Equally, established old industries are resetting themselves in a changing global and domestic situation. We recognise the knowledge, skills and risk-taking capabilities of our youth. He is no longer the job seeker. He is creator of jobs. Now we wish to create more opportunities and remove road-blocks from his path. I propose to set up an Investment Clearance Cell that will provide "end to end" facilitation and support, including pre-investment advisory, information related to land banks and facilitate clearances at Centre and State level. It will work through a portal.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: DPIIT</p>	<p>Joint Secretary, DPIIT has been appointed Nodal Officer in-charge of Investment Clearance Cell of DPIIT. TCS has been on-boarded as technology vendor. Invest India & TCS are working on technical parameters Detailed system design and architecture have been prepared. Review meeting, chaired by Secretary, has been conducted to ensure that timelines are complied with. Several meetings and workshops have been held to acquaint States with the best practices of developing/upgrading State Single Window Systems through cross-learning, demonstrating select features and briefing on the proposed Investment Clearance Cell (ICC). The progress of the work being done on the development of ICC is closely monitored</p>
40.	41	<p>There is a case for maximising the benefits of three separately developing economic activities: (1) the upcoming economic corridors; (2) revitalisation of manufacturing activities; and (3) Technology and the demands of aspirational classes. We have to benefit from their convergence. Hence, it is proposed to develop five new smart cities in collaboration with States in PPP mode. Such sites would be chosen that offer the best choices in terms of aforementioned principles.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: DPIIT</p>	<p>Detailed Master planning and preliminary engineering for greenfield industrial cities at Krishnapatnam (AP), Tumakuru (Karnataka), Raghunathpur (WB) West Bengal and Dighi (Maharashtra) have been completed. Land is in possession of respective State Govt.(s). However, confirmation with regard to transfer of land from Govt. of Maharashtra for Dighi and institutional & financial structure for Raghunathpur is under examination with Govt. of West Bengal. Proposal for Krishnapatnam and Tumakuru is under consideration.</p> <p>2. National Industrial Corridor Development and Implementation Trust (NICDIT) in Aug 2020 approved following nodes:-</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Development of two priority nodes i.e. Hyderabad Pharma city & Zaheerabad Industrial Area under Hyderabad-Warangal & Hyderabad-Nagpur Industrial Corridor in the State of Telangana. 2. Development of Orvakal node under Hyderabad Bengaluru Industrial Corridor by Govt. of Andhra Pradesh 3. Development of two nodes i.e. GBK (Gopalpur, Bhubaneswar Kalinganagar) & Paradip – Kendrapada – Dhamra – Subarnarekha (PKDS) under Odisha Economic Corridor in the State of Odisha.

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41.	42(1)	<p>Electronics manufacturing industry is very competitive and India has shown its cost advantages. The potential of this industry in job creation is immense. India needs to boost domestic manufacturing and attract large investments in the electronics value chain. Here, I propose a scheme focussed on encouraging manufacture of mobile phones, electronic equipment and semi-conductor packaging. Details would be announced later.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: MeitY</p>	<p>The following Schemes have been notified to promote and incentivise manufacturing:</p> <p>(a) Production Linked Incentive Scheme (PLI) for Large Scale Electronics Manufacturing providing production linked incentive of 4% - 6% on incremental sales of specific categories of electronic goods manufactured in India, notified vide Gazette Notification CG-DL-E-01042020-218990 dated 1st April, 2020. The Scheme and Guidelines have been launched and portal for receipt of PLI applications has been made available to applicants on 02.06.2020 [https://pli.ifcilttd.com]. 16 companies got approved under the scheme. The projected outcomes over next 5 years: Production: 10.5 lakh crore; Exports: 6.5 lakh crore; Employment: More than 2,00,000 direct jobs</p> <p>2. Scheme for Promotion of manufacturing of Electronic Components and Semiconductors (SPECS) providing financial incentive of 25% on capital expenditure for the identified list of electronic goods notified on 1st April, 2020. The Scheme and Guidelines have been launched on 2nd June, 2020 and portal for receipt of PLI applications has been made available to applicants on 02.06.2020 [https://specs.ifcilttd.com]</p>
42.	42(2)	<p>With suitable modifications, this scheme can be adapted for manufacture of medical devices too.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Pharmaceuticals</p>	<p>The sub-scheme "Production Linked Incentive Scheme for Promoting Domestic Manufacturing of Medical Devices" under the Umbrella Scheme of the Department for Development of Pharmaceutical Industries was approved by the Cabinet in its meeting dated 20.03.2020 with a total outlay of ₹ 3420 Crore.</p> <p>The guidelines of the sub-scheme were issued on 27.07.2020. Project Management Consultant (PMC) i.e. IFCI Ltd. has also been appointed. The list of relevant products included in the Scheme include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. Cancer care/Radiotherapy medical devices ii. Radiology & Imaging medical devices (both ionizing & non-ionizing radiation products) and Nuclear Imaging Devices iii. Anesthetics & Cardio-Respiratory medical devices including Catheters of Cardio Respiratory Category & Renal Care Medical Devices iv. All Implants including implantable electronic devices. <p>The revised guidelines of the said scheme have been issued and are available on the website of the Department, A total number of 28 applications have been received which are under examination by the PMC.</p>

Sr. No.	Para No	Budget Announcements	Status of Implementation
43.	43	<p>India imports significant quantity of technical textiles worth US\$ 16 billion every year. To reverse this trend and to position India as a global leader in Technical Textiles, a National Technical Textiles Mission is proposed with a four-year implementation period from 2020-21 to 2023-24 at an estimated outlay of ₹ 1480 crore.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Textiles</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Approved by CCEA on 26th Feb 2020. • 34 Research Proposals identified. • Integrated Research, Testing and Validation Centre planned in Telangana. • Aatma Nirbhar Bharat- Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and N-95 Masks capacity indigenously developed for COVID-19. • More than 6 crore PPE and 15 crore N-95 Masks produced. India is the second largest exporter to the world. • 1100, PPE and 300, N-95 Masks manufacturers in the country.
44.	44	<p>From the Red Fort, our Prime Minister spoke about quality and standards when he spoke of “Zero Defect-Zero Effect” manufacturing. In September last year, I had called for a time-bound adoption by industry of all necessary, mandatory technical standards and their effective enforcement. All Ministries, during the course of this year, would be issuing quality standard orders.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Consumer Affairs, DPIIT</p>	<p>M/o Consumer Affairs</p> <p>46 Quality Control Orders (QCOs) for products covered by 204 Indian Standards are under consideration of various line Departments/Ministries. Further, 341 products covering 346 Indian Standards have been notified under Compulsory Certification through QCOs issued by various line Departments / Ministries. Out of these:</p> <p>08 products -date of implementation is 1st January, 2021 02 product –date of implementation is 17th January, 2021 05 products -date of implementation is 23rd January, 2021 20 products -date of implementation is 27th February, 2021 01 product -date of implementation is 1st March, 2021 01 product -date of implementation is 31st March, 2021 01 product -date of implementation is 1st April, 2021 03 products -date of implementation is 3rd May, 2021 05 products -date of implementation is 4th May, 2021 01 products -date of implementation is 10th May, 2021 31 products -date of implementation is 12th May, 2021 01 products -date of implementation is 1st June, 2021 06 products -date of implementation is 13th June, 2021 26 products -date of implementation is 1st July, 2021 05 products -date of implementation is 21st September, 2021</p> <p>68 IT & Solar products and 08 Low – Voltage switchgear and control gear are covered under mandatory registration. Out of these, 07 IT products are that for which date of implementation is 01st April, 2021 and 08 Electrical Equipment for which date of implementation is 11th November, 2021.</p> <p>Quality control order for mandatory hallmarking of Gold Jewellery/artefacts -issued on 15 Jan 2020. Shall come into force with effect from the date 1st June, 2021.</p> <p>DPIIT</p> <p>DPIIT as per its mandate has been issuing QCOs since 1987. QCOs for 100 products (e.g. Air conditioner, Toys, Footwears, Pressure cooker, Microwave oven etc.) under BIS Act, 1986/2016 as well as 15 products under Indian Explosives Act, 1884 (Gas Cylinder, Valves and Regulators) have been issued.</p> <p>71 HSN Codes as identified by Department of Commerce (DoC) based on import surge have been examined by DPIIT. Out of which QCOs notified for 22; additional 13 are under consideration; on the rest 36 HS lines QCO not feasible. DPIIT is continuously engaged with BIS and relevant stakeholders for notification of QCOs.</p>

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45.	45	<p>To achieve higher export credit disbursement, a new scheme, NIRVIK is being launched, which provides for higher insurance coverage, reduction in premium for small exporters and simplified procedure for claim settlements.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Commerce</p>	Scheme is under examination.
46.	46	<p>It is proposed to digitally refund to exporters, duties and taxes levied at the Central, State and local levels, such as electricity duties and VAT on fuel used for transportation, which are not getting exempted or refunded under any other existing mechanism. This Scheme for Reversion of duties and taxes on exported products will be launched this year.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Commerce</p>	<p>i) RODTEP Committee set up by Department of Revenue is having consultations with various line Ministries/ Departments and EPCs/ Industry associations for determining the ceiling rates under the new scheme. RoDTEP Committee has submitted its first report with recommendation of rates for around 2000 HS lines, which is being examined.</p> <p>ii) Deliberations between DoR and DoCon RoDTEP Scheme implementation guidelines are being held on a regular basis including exclusion categories and the safeguards to be built in.</p> <p>iii) DoR/ DG (SYSTEMS) has operationalized the shipping bill module at ICEGATE, so that from 01.01.2021, exporters who wish to claim benefits under the Scheme for RoDTEP are able to declare their intention and select the appropriate scheme code. The DoR/ DG (Systems) are also developing the software so that e-scrips can be issued to the exporters in a digital environment after the Scheme guidelines and rates of refund are notified by the Government.</p>
47.	47	<p>It is the vision of the Prime Minister that each District should develop as an export hub. Efforts of the Centre and State governments are being synergised and institutional mechanisms are being created.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Commerce</p>	<p>Seminars/ Meetings are being conducted in Regional Authorities of DGFT in various districts with the objective of exploring their potential for exports. District Export Promotion Committees (DEPCs) have been constituted in all States/UTs except West Bengal, and initial DEPC meetings have already been conducted in 510 Districts. DGFT monitors the progress on weekly basis. Draft District Export Action Plans have been prepared for 451 districts; Export products identified in 725 districts. State Level Export Promotion Committees have been constituted in all 36 states/UTs. State Export Strategy has been prepared in 25 States/UTs. Toy clusters identified in 12 Districts. 20 Agri cluster committees formed. Export Development Centers (EDCs) are proposed to be set up on pilot basis in 10 districts of UP and 5 districts of Karnataka to integrate e-commerce with the exports from these Districts.</p>

Sr. No.	Para No	Budget Announcements	Status of Implementation
48.	48	<p>Government e-Marketplace (GeM) is moving ahead for creating a Unified Procurement System in the country for providing a single platform for procurement of goods, services and works. It offers a great opportunity for Medium, Small and micro Enterprises (MSMEs). 3.24 lakh vendors are already on this platform. Its proposed to take its turnover to ₹ 3lakh crores. I propose to provide about ₹27,300 crore for development and promotion of Industry and Commerce for the year 2020-21.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: MSME, Commerce</p>	<p>MSME</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. As on 30.12.2020, total number of 9,13,332 sellers and service providers and 3,85,353 MSEs are registered on GeM. 2. Around 57.92 % of total orders value (Micro & Small Enterprises) has been placed with MSMEs through GeM. 3. Field offices of the Ministry of MSME have been instructed to encourage more number of MSEs for on boarding themselves on the GeM Portal for supply of goods or services 4. Newly launched Udyam Registration Portal provides an option for linking the Enterprise with GeM at the time of registration of itself. 5. GeM has also been requested to put in place a grievance redressal mechanism for the MSMEs on the model of the CHAMPIONS portal created by the M/o MSME 6. GeM and Trade Receivables Discounting System (TreDS) platforms, too, have been integrated. <p>D/o Commerce</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. On schedule. 2. Categories of products and services now available on GeM cover approximately INR 1.78 lakhs Crore of Public Procurement potential. 3. 12,588 product categories and 178 service categories have been created. 4. The functionality of ""custom bid"", has been enabled for all Central and State Government Organisations for procurement of Goods and Services not available on GeM portal . 5. 1493 software processes with 292 major ones have been implemented / enhanced from August 2019 for providing a number of features and functionalities for transparent, convenient and cost effective procurement. 6. Functionality for providing GeM seller ID is live. It makes it mandatory for sellers providing goods and services to Central Government Organizations to be registered on GeM and obtain a unique GeM Seller ID . 7. GeM regularly organizes training sessions/conferences/ large scale outreach programmes /webinars for MSMEs to create awareness about GeM. 8. A total of 9,78,011 vendors have been onboarded out of which 4,39,764 are MSEs. MSEs contribute to more than 57% of total order Value on GeM.
49.	49	<p>Hon'ble Speaker, Sir, in his Independence Day speech 2019, Prime Minister had highlighted that ₹ 100 lakh crore would be invested on infrastructure over the next 5 years. As a follow up measure, I had launched the National Infrastructure Pipeline on 31st December 2019 of ₹ 103 lakh crore. It consists of more than 6500 projects across sectors and are classified as per their size and stage of development. These new projects</p>	<p>Till December 2020, a total of 6,20,874 trainees have been trained in 326 National Skills Qualifications Framework (NSQF) aligned infrastructure related job roles under Pradhan MantriKaushalVikasYojana (PMKVY) (including Short Term Training (STT), Recognition Prior Learning (RPL) & Special Projects under both CSCM & CSSM component) following which a total of 84,510 trainees have been reported placed.</p> <p>The sector wise details are as below:-</p> <p>(i) Infrastructure: STT- 3256 are trained, 2505 are certified and 750 are</p>

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		<p>will include housing, safe drinking water, access to clean and affordable energy, healthcare for all, world-class educational institutes, modern railway stations, airports, bus terminals, metro and railway transportation, logistics and warehousing, irrigation projects, etc. The National Infrastructure Pipeline envisions improving the ease of living for each individual citizen in the country. It's also will bring in generic and sectoral reforms in development, operation and maintenance of these infrastructure projects. A huge employment opportunity exists for India's youth in construction, operation and maintenance of infrastructure. National Skill Development Agency will give special thrust to infrastructure-focused skill development opportunities.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Skill Dev & Entrepreneurship</p>	<p>reported placed RPL- 31,129 are trained and 25,501 are certified Special Projects- 565 are trained, 463 are certified and 228 are reported placed.</p> <p>(ii) Capital Goods: STT- 51,665 are trained, 28,167 are certified and 16,148 are reported placed RPL- 914 are trained and 167 are certified Special Projects- 4,885 are trained, 1087 are certified and 269 are reported placed.</p> <p>(iii) Construction: STT- 1,45,252 are trained, 1,07,613 are certified and 65,373 are reported placed RPL- 3,74,106 are trained and 2,38,324 are certified Special Projects- 9,102 are trained, 4695 are certified and 1742 are reported placed.</p>
50.	50(1)	<p>I propose to set up a project preparation facility for infrastructure projects. This programme would actively involve young engineers, management graduates and economists from our Universities.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Economic Affairs</p>	<p>Project Development Cell are being set up in various infrastructure ministries. DPIIT is monitoring the implementation of the same. India Infrastructure Project Development Fund (IIPDF) has been made available to the Sponsoring Authorities for PPP projects for the purpose of meeting the project development costs which may include the expenses incurred by the Sponsoring Authority for achieving Technical Close of such projects. Further, Project Preparation & Supporting facility with some changes in IIPDF guidelines is under process.</p>
51.	50(2)	<p>It is also proposed to direct all infrastructure agencies of the government to involve youth-power in start-ups. They will help in rolling out value added services in quality public infrastructure for citizens.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Economic Affairs</p>	<p>All Infra Ministries to reform policies as per their mandate. Issue relating to start-up are under purview of DPIIT. Communication issued to various infra Departments/ Ministries to promote, handhold, encourage youth power, start-ups to contribute towards development of value added services in public infrastructure sphere.</p>

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52.	51	<p>A National Logistics Policy will be released soon. Inter alia; it will clarify the roles of the Union Government, State Governments and key regulators. It will create a single window e-logistics market and focus on generation of employment, skills and making MSMEs competitive.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Commerce</p>	<p>The Policy is under consideration. The Logistics Platform is under process and has now been rechristened as iLog (India Logistics) Platform. The proposal is being reviewed to workout a suitable implementation mechanism.</p>
53.	52	<p>Accelerated development of highways will be undertaken. This will include development of 2500 Km access control highways, 9000 Km of economic corridors, 2000 Km of coastal and land port roads and 2000 Km of strategic highways. Delhi-Mumbai Expressway and two other packages would be completed by 2023. Chennai-Bengaluru Expressway would also be started.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Road Transport & Highways</p>	<p>Out of 2,638 km, 237 km of expressways have already been completed by NHAI. 1,190 km of expressways (760 km in Delhi Vadodara, 269 km in Vadodara Mumbai, 51 km in Delhi Meerut Expressway, 110 km in Ahmedabad Dholera) are under implementation. In addition, 798 km of length is under bidding.</p> <p>Economic Corridors: NHAI has already awarded 3,326 km and NHIDCL has awarded about 529.27 km for development under Phase – I of Bharatmala Pariyojana.</p> <p>Coastal and Port Connectivity Roads - 168 km (i.e., 77 km of coastal roads and 91 km of port connectivity roads) have been awarded by NHAI so far.</p> <p>Strategic Highways (Border and International Connectivity Roads): NHAI has already awarded 977 km of Border Roads under Phase – I of Bharatmala Pariyojana. NHIDCL has awarded about 137.71 km of Strategic Highways.</p>
54.	53	<p>FASTag mechanism encourages us towards greater commercialisation of our highways so that NHAI can raise more resources. I propose to monetise at least twelve lots of highway bundles of over 6000 Km before 2024.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Road Transport & Highways</p>	<p>FASTag issuance: As on 27.12.2020, about 2.23 crore FASTag have been issued.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Avg. no. of daily Electronic Toll Collection (ETC) transaction: about 46.56 lakh. • Avg. value of daily ETC transaction: about ₹76.17 crore. • ETC Penetration: about 74% • Cumulative no. of ETC transaction till date: about 175 crore. • Cumulative value of ETC transaction till date: about ₹ 34,781 crore <p>Status of Monetisation of NH stretches through ToT: –</p> <p>Status of Monetisation of NH stretches through ToT –</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Out of 6,000 km of length, 680 km of National Highways are already monetized through TOT model (Bundle-1). Concession fee of ₹9,681.50 cr realised in 2018-19. • 566 km length of NHs has been monetised under TOT Bundle-3. Appointed date declared on 20.10.2020 at 00.00 hours. Concession fee of ₹5,011 Cr has been realised in 2020-21. • RFP floated for TOT bundle 5(A-1) & 5(A-2) on 24.9.2020 with extended bid due date on 18.01.2021. <p>Action plan award about 100 project stretches in 7,000 km upto 2024-25.</p> <p>Efforts are being made to bid out further Bundles such as TOT Bundle-5B.</p>

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55.	54	<p>In carrying out its duty, the Indian Railways performs a service to the nation.</p> <p>a) Within 100 days of assumption of this government, it has commissioned 550 wi-fi facilities in as many stations.</p> <p>b) Eliminated unmanned crossings</p> <p>c) Aims to achieve electrification of 27000 Km of tracks.</p> <p>This will call for optimisation of costs. Railways has small operating surplus. About Indian Railways, there are five measures, among others, that I wish to highlight:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Setting up a large solar power capacity alongside the rail tracks, on the land owned by the railways. A proposal is under consideration. • Four station re-development projects and operation of 150 passenger trains would be done through PPP mode. The process of inviting private participation is underway. • More Tejas type trains will connect iconic tourist destinations. • High speed train between Mumbai to Ahmedabad would be actively pursued. <p>148 km long Bengaluru Suburban transport project at a cost of ₹ 18600 crore, would have fares on metro model. Central Government would provide 20% of equity and facilitate external assistance up to 60% of the project cost.</p> <p>Ministry/Department : Railways</p>	<p>Indian Railways plan to utilize its unused vacant Land parcels for setting up of Land Based Solar Plants for its traction power requirements as 'Green mode of transportation'. There are about 51,000 hectare of vacant Railway land. There are 3 ongoing pilot projects:</p> <p>1) 50 MWp solar power plant at vacant unused land at Bhilai (Chhatisgarh) which shall be connected with Central Transmission Utility (CTU).</p> <p>2) 2 MWp solar plant at Diwana (Haryana which shall be connected to State Transmission utility (STU). Successfully commissioned in Sept.' 2020.</p> <p>3) 1.7 MWp solar plant at Bina (MP) which shall be connected directly to Overhead Traction System. Successfully commissioned in July' 2020</p> <p>I. Status on Stations redevelopment is as under:- Works for Habibganj and Gandhinagar station are at advanced stage of progress. Works are in progress at Ayodhya and Gomti Nagar stations and to be completed by October, 2021 and December, 2022 respectively. Contracts have been awarded for Bijwasan, Chandigarh and Ajni stations and to be completed by June, 2023. Contracts has also been finalized for Safdarjung station. RFQ finalized for 8 stations (Nagpur, Gwalior, Sabarmati, Amritsar, Nellore, Tirupati, Puducherry and Dehradun). RFQ invited for 2 stations (New Delhi and Chhatrapati Shivaji Maharaj Terminus). RFQ under PPPAC/SFC appraisal for 4 stations (Lucknow, Ernakulam, Surat and Udhna). 28 stations are at different stage of proposal/RFQ formulation.</p> <p>II. The project of operation of passenger train on Public Private Partnership (PPP) mode of over approximately 150 passenger train services are divided into 12 (twelve) clusters. The RFQs have been finalized for the 12 Clusters. The results of RFQ evaluation were published on 19 Nov 2020. The process for inviting the RFPs (Request for Proposals) has been initiated. The RFPs for various clusters have been published on 24 Nov 2020. The First Pre- Application Conference for the RFP stage has been held on 10.12.2020 and replies to the Queries asked during the conference has been uploaded on the Central Procurement Portal on 30.12.2020.</p> <p>04 pairs of Tejas Express services are operating over Indian Railways system. Two of these namely 22671/22672 Chennai Egmore – Madurai JnTejas Express and 22119/22120 Chhatrapati Shivaji Maharaj Terminal – Karmali Tejas Express are being run by Indian Railways (IR) and while the other two namely 82501/82502 Lucknow-New Delhi Tejas Express and 82901/82902 Mumbai Central-Ahmedabad Tejas Express are being operated by Indian Railways Catering and Tourism Corporation (IRCTC). In addition, IRCTC operated 82501/82502 Lucknow-New Delhi Tejas Express and 82901/82902 Mumbai Central-Ahmedabad Tejas Express, which had resumed operations in mid October, 2020, have been temporarily discontinued owing to poor patronage. Post budget announcement, no new Tejas train has been introduced. Introduction of more Tejas trains would be feasible after additional Tejas type rolling stock is</p>

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			<p>manufactured and operation of regular services resume.</p> <p>Technical survey for 508 Km completed. 984.12 Hectare land, 70.49% of 1396 Hectare has been acquired The state-wise break-up of land acquired is as under :-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 877.82 Ha out of 956 Ha in Gujarat - 7.65 Ha out of 8 Ha in Dadra & Nagar Haveli - 98.65 Ha out of 432 Ha in Maharashtra <p>This project is under evaluation with survey and design issues finalized. Environment and CRZ clearances obtained. The entire project is planned in 25 Contract Packages including the setting up of High Speed Rail Training Institute. Works completed in 3 Contract Packages of Training Institute. Tenders for 2 Contract Packages related to Civil Works of 325 Km mainline viaduct including stations, depot etc. have been awarded. Further, tenders for 1 more Contract Package is under evaluation and 7 more have been invited.</p> <p>Cabinet Committee on Economic Affairs has accorded approval to Bengaluru Suburban Transport Project on 07.10.2020 for an estimated cost of ₹ 13,926 crore and completion cost of ₹ 15,767 crore. The proposed financial pattern of the completion cost is 20% each by Government of India and Government of Karnataka respectively and balance 60 % is as Loan from bank/bilateral/mult-lateral funding Agencies (MFA).</p>
56.	55	<p>Our sea-ports need to be more efficient. Technology has to be used to improve performance. A governance framework keeping with global benchmarks needs to be put in place. This government would consider corporatizing at least one major port and subsequently its listing on the stock exchanges.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Shipping</p>	<p>The PCS 1x was launched on 11th December, 2018 and as on date, has onboarded 26 out of the 27 identified stakeholders (more than 16,000 users). It includes integration with 9 banks (2 Banks are discontinued since 17.12.2020), 5 payment aggregators/gateways (for B2B and B2G transactions), 161 CFSs, 122 ICDs and CONCOR. All 12 major ports and 7 non-major ports (6 in Gujarat and 1 in Tamil Nadu) have been onboarded. A Transport/Vehicle Booking Module (including e-Vahan/e-Sarathi) has been developed, The testing of API integration of e-Vahan and e-Sarathi has been completed. The Transport module has been tested extensively at the below mentioned ports:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Kamarajar Port Ltd (Ennore) – Live transaction completed - New Mangalore Port Trust – Testing completed. Implementation pending for Go-live of NMPT POS (Port Operating Systems) - Mumbai Port Trust - Implementation delayed due to COVID <p>User Acceptance Test at remaining Ports is undergoing and is likely to be implemented at all major ports by 31st January, 2021.</p> <p>Further, PCS 1x is being bootstrapping to NLP-MARINE to provide end-to-end trade facilitation for the shipping ecosystem. The proposed NLP-MARINE is expected to provide a secure platform for all the stakeholders for maritime trade to optimize, manage and automate logistics-efficient processes through a single submission of data, linking the entire transport and chains. The NLP-Marine will be functional by December, 2021.</p>

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57.	56	<p>Inland Waterways received a boost in the last five years. The JalVikas Marg on National Waterway-1 will be completed. Further, the 890 Km Dhubri-Sadiya connectivity will be done by 2022. Developing waterways has its impact on the eco-system on both the banks of the river. Our Prime Minister has conceptualised "Arth Ganga". Plans are afoot to energise economic activity along river banks.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Shipping, Water Resources</p>	<p>M/o Shipping (a) The Jal Marg Vikas Project (JMVP) has achieved an overall financial progress of about 38.57% of the revised cost of JMVP and the physical progress is about 40.13%. Constructions of multi-modal terminals at Varanasi and Sahibganj have been completed and that of the multimodal terminal at Haldia and the Navigational Lock at Farakka have achieved substantial progress with 94.50% and 75.59% respectively. Fairway development in stretches of the Ganga by Least Assured Depth of 3m and bottom channel width of 35/45 m contracts is underway. DPR studies completed and Tendering process ongoing for 2 proposals to Equip, Operate and Transfer (EOT) model for Varanasi MMT & Haldia MMT under PPP Model. For Operation, Management & Development of Sahibganj MMT under PPP Model, DPR study completed and tendering to initiate.</p> <p>Comprehensive development of NW-2(the Brahmaputra) and NW- 16 (the Barak) & Indo-Bangladesh Protocol (IBP) route are proposed to be undertaken for a period of 5 years (2020-2025). Government has approved the development of these waterways at a cost of ₹ 606 crores during 2020-2025 to establish critical connectivity along with infrastructure development in the North East Region which would boost economic development and trade in the region by connecting hinterland. The program objectives of Arth Ganga have been aligned with the project development objectives of JMVP. Under the Arth Ganga program, it is proposed to develop floating community jetties, Ro-Ro and Ro-Pax jetties, modernization of existing navigation lock at Farakka, river cruise & passenger ferry terminals including their road linkages along the NW-1 with a total estimated cost of ₹ 746 cr. Procurement for Consultancy & Studies in progress.</p> <p>D/o Water Resources Two meetings of Arth Ganga held under the Chairmanship of Vice Chairman, NITI Aayog and Co-Chairmanship of Hon'ble Minister of Jal Shakti for developing the Sustainable Economic Development Model based on River Ganga.</p> <p>As part of the recommendations of the meeting, it was decided that NMCG will hold consultation meetings with sector experts and concerned line ministries to decide the modalities for development of implementation framework for each sector specific interventions.</p> <p>In pursuance of this decision, NMCG held the meetings with Tourism, Agriculture, Fisheries, Wetland & Biodiversity conservation and District Magistrates along with Expert consortium IIT- IIM and representatives of Ministries/Departments and various subject experts. furthermore, IIM IIT consortium has been roped in for developing a framework for Arth Ganga for implementation along Ganga. It has also been decided that to begin with the model will be implemented in 53 districts along Ganga focusing on 10 kms on both sides of the river and by taking up important interventions like Agriculture, Fisheries, Tourism, Bio diversities and others.</p>

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58.	57	<p>Air traffic has been growing rapidly in the country as compared to global average. One hundred more airports would be developed by 2024 to support Udaan scheme. It is expected that the air fleet number shall go up from the present 600 to 1200 during this time. I propose to provide about ₹ 1.70 lakh crore for transport Infrastructure in 2020-21.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Civil Aviation</p>	<p>The Regional Connectivity Scheme (RCS) – Ude Desh Ka Aam Naagrik (UDAN) was launched on 21.10.2016. The first RCS-UDAN flight was inaugurated by Hon'ble Prime Minister on 27th April, 2017.</p> <p>Till now 303 routes including 35 routes in the current FY 2020-21 have commenced benefiting five million passengers. 53 airports including 5 heliports and 2 water aerodromes have been developed in three years as compared to 76 airports that were developed in 70 years since independence. New mode of air transportation-seaplanes has been introduced under RCS-UDAN. Government is planning to start 1000 RCS routes and 100 RCS airports by the year 2024. During 2020-21, the target was to develop 26 RCS airports. Due to pandemic COVID-19, the process of development/upgradation of RCS airports got impacted. However, 14 RCS airports have been developed/partially developed for RCS operations and remaining 12 airports are likely to be developed by 31.03.2021. The entire Budgetary Allocation of ₹ 395.17 for FY 2020-21 crore has been utilised for revival/development of RCS airports.</p>
59.	58	<p>Taking electricity to every household has been a major achievement. However, the distribution sector, particularly the DISCOMS are under financial stress. The Ministry intends to promote “smart” metering. I urge all the States and Union Territories to replace conventional energy meters by prepaid smart meters in the next 3 years. Also, this would give consumers the freedom to choose the supplier and rate as per their requirements. Further measure to reform DISCOMs would be taken. I propose to provide about ₹ 22,000 crore to power and renewable energy sector in 2020-21.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Power</p>	<p>EFC meeting held on 02.12.2020. Further action on the subject is under consideration.</p>
60.	60(1)	<p>Further, it is proposed to expand the national gas grid from the present 16200 km to 27000 km, and</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Petroleum & Natural Gas</p>	<p>(1) Total length of operational gas pipeline is about 17,900 Km. Further, to complete the gas grid, approval has been given to set up additional 16,600 kms. of trunk pipelines, including a special project for the North East region of the country. Out of the total authorized new pipeline projects, about 8,900 Km long gas pipeline projects are being implemented by Public sector entities (GAIL & IOCL) and their SPV. Rest pipeline projects are being implemented by State SPVs and Private entities. (2) Head of Account for making Budget provisions to release of VGF to support development of North East Gas Grid (NEGG) by IGGL opened. (3) Order for procurement of 550 Kms of pipeline awarded. (4) Tender for laying of 413 kms pipeline awarded.</p>

Sr. No.	Para No	Budget Announcements	Status of Implementation								
61.	60(2)	<p>To deepen gas markets in India, further reforms will be undertaken to facilitate transparent price discovery and ease of transactions.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Petroleum & Natural Gas</p>	<p>Proposal on Natural Gas marketing reforms has been approved on 07.10.2020 which, inter-alia, provides for marketing freedom to certain Field Development Plans (FDPs) where Production Sharing Contracts already provide pricing freedom. Thus all discoveries and field development plans approved after 28.02.2019 have complete market and pricing freedom.</p>								
62.	62(1)	<p>To bring out soon a policy to enable private sector to build Data Centre parks throughout the country. It will enable our firms to skilfully incorporate data in every step of their value chains.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: MeitY</p>	<p>MeitY is currently deliberating on the policy for enabling the environment for private sector to build Data Centre Parks throughout the country.</p>								
63.	62(2)	<p>Our vision is that all “public institutions” at Gram Panchayat level such as Anganwadis, health and wellness centres, government schools, PDS outlets, post offices and police stations will be provided with digital connectivity. So, Fibre to the Home (FTTH) connections through Bharatnet will link 100,000 gram panchayats this year. It is proposed to provide ₹ 6000 crore to Bharatnet programme in 2020-21.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Telecommunication</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • BharatNet: • 4,85,001 km of Optical Fibre Cable laid from block to Gram Panchayats (GPs). • 1,50,474 GPs provided with broadband connectivity out of which 1,47,379 have been connected on Fibre and 3095 GPs in remote areas on satellite. • Special efforts made to spread high speed broadband connectivity through Fibre to the Home (FTTH) connections. Till date, 4,82,749 connections have been provided in various Government/ Public institutions. • Project to connect all 45,945 villages in Bihar with Optical Fibre Internet Service launched on 21st September, 2020. 								
64.	63	<p>We need to expand the base for knowledge-driven enterprises. Intellectual property creation and protection will play an important role. Several measures are proposed in this regard, which will benefit the Start-ups.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: DPIIT</p>	<p>Department has already implemented a scheme for facilitating Startups Intellectual Property Protection (SIPP).</p> <p>No. of patents and trademarks granted to Startup Applicants under SIPP scheme are as under:-</p> <p>Patents:</p> <table data-bbox="772 1742 1070 1805"> <tr> <td>Filed</td> <td>3618</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Granted</td> <td>336</td> </tr> </table> <p>Trademarks:</p> <table data-bbox="772 1868 1070 1930"> <tr> <td>Filed</td> <td>6873</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Granted</td> <td>3235</td> </tr> </table>	Filed	3618	Granted	336	Filed	6873	Granted	3235
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Sr. No.	Para No	Budget Announcements	Status of Implementation
65.	63(1)	<p>A digital platform would be promoted that would facilitate seamless application and capture of IPRs. Also, in an Institute of Excellence, a Centre would be established that would work on the complexity and innovation in the field of Intellectual Property.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Higher Education</p>	<p>Digital platform: An IPR digital platform is available with DPIIT with facility to : file online applications for patents, designs, trademarks and copyrights, receive information about examination report and information about dates, file replies and attend hearing on video conferencing, downloading certificates of registration/grant.</p> <p>Establish centre in an Institute of Excellence: Rajiv Gandhi School of Intellectual Property Law has been set up in IIT Kharagpur in 2006. The School is functional in the field of IPR related matter. Accordingly, it has been decided to entrust IIT Kharagpur to address the issues related to complexity and Innovation on IPR.</p>
66.	63(2)	<p>Knowledge Translation Clusters would be set up across different technology sectors including new and emerging areas.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Bio-Technology</p>	<p>URJIT cluster programme is approved.</p> <p>Call for proposal for new URJIT clusters announced</p>
67.	63(3)	<p>For designing, fabrication and validation of proof of concept, and further scaling up Technology Clusters, harbouring such test beds and small scale manufacturing facilities would be established.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Bio-Technology</p>	<p>Detailed Project Report on the subject has been prepared and further action is under process.</p>
68.	63(4)	<p>Mapping of India's genetic landscape is critical for next generation medicine, agriculture and for bio-diversity management. To support this development, we will initiate two new national level Science Schemes, to create a comprehensive database.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Bio-Technology</p>	<p>a) In Genome India project for sample collection 4901 individuals have been selected for recruitment as study participants into the project. 2051 participants have been enrolled. More than 400 samples have undergone WGS and genome wide high-throughput genotyping analysis of whole genome sequencing data to call genetic variants has been done for 363 of these.</p> <p>b) Earth Biogenome Sequencing: Project planning completed. Further necessary action is being taken.</p>
69.	63(5)	<p>The government proposes to provide early life funding, including a seed fund to support ideation and development of early stage Start-ups.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: DPIIT</p>	<p>A 'Startup India Seed Fund Scheme' (SISFS) with an aim to provide financial assistance to startups for proof of concept, prototype development, product trials, market entry and commercialization of ₹945 crore is under consideration) DPIIT is in the process of finalising the Credit Guarantee Scheme for Startups (CGSS). The objective of the CGSS is to create a Credit Guarantee Fund for Startups (CGFS) for providing credit guarantee up to a specified limit against loan extended by Member Lending Institution (MLI) to finance a Startup.</p>

Sr. No.	Para No	Budget Announcements	Status of Implementation
70.	64	<p>Quantum technology is opening up new frontiers in computing, communications, cyber security with wide-spread applications. It is expected that lots of commercial applications would emerge from theoretical constructs which are developing in this area. It is proposed to provide an outlay of ₹ 8000 crore over a period five years for the National Mission on Quantum Technologies and Applications.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Science & Technology</p>	<p>Consultations with the stakeholders has been done and further action in the matter is under process.</p>
71.	67	<p>Women's age of marriage was increased from fifteen years to eighteen years in 1978, by amending erstwhile Sharda Act of 1929. As India progresses further, opportunities open up for women to pursue higher education and careers. There are imperatives of lowering MMR as well as improvement of nutrition levels. Entire issue about age of a girl entering motherhood needs to be seen in this light. I propose to appoint a task force that will present its recommendations in six months' time. I propose to provide ₹35600 crore for nutrition-related programmes for the financial year 2020-21.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Women & Child Development</p>	<p>Task Force for Examination on the matters pertaining to the age of motherhood, imperatives of lowering MMR, improvement of nutritional levels and related issues was constituted vide Gazette Notification dated 04.06.2020. Task force has submitted its report on 29.12.2020.</p>
72.	69	<p>Our government is determined that there shall be no manual cleaning of sewer systems or septic tanks. Suitable technologies for such tasks have been identified by the Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs. The Ministry is working with urban local bodies for the adoption of these technologies. We will now take this to its logical conclusion through legislative and institutional changes. Financial support for wider acceptance of such technologies will be provided.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Housing & Urban Affairs, Social Justice & Empowerment</p>	<p>M/o Housing & Urban Affairs Meeting of the EFC for continuation of Swachh Bharat Mission has been conducted on 17/12/2020 and EFC recommended for the same for five years period from FY 2021-22 to 2025-26 with a total indicative outlay of ₹1,41,678 crore Further action on the matter is under process.</p> <p>D/o Social Justice & Empowerment A coordinated action would be initiated by SJE, MoHUA and D/o Drinking water and sanitation (DWS) and DPIIT. MoHUA has launched 'Safaimitra Suraksha Challenge', to reward the best performing Municipal Corporations. The DWS with DPIIT has shortlisted 260 start-ups and organised an orientation to understand the challenges in sludge management in rural areas. SJE has initiated action for amendment of certain provisions of "Prohibition of Employment as Manual Scavengers and their Rehabilitation Act, 2013 (MS Act, 2013)". Further action on the matter is under process. Loans with subsidy and concessional rate of interest for purchase of machines and vehicles required for</p>

Sr. No.	Para No	Budget Announcements	Status of Implementation
			mechanised cleaning of sewers and septic tanks is proposed. Free mobile application, "Swachhata Abhiyaan" was launched on 24.12.2020, for collection of data and create awareness. Social media is being used and communications are being issued to States/UTs.
73.	73	<p>Our government proposes to establish an Indian Institute of Heritage and Conservation under Ministry of Culture; it shall have the status of a deemed University to start with. Acquisition of knowledge in disciplines such as museology and archaeology are essential for collecting and analysing scientific evidence of such findings and for dissemination through high quality museums. Currently lack of trained man-power is a handicap for both these disciplines. This also affects tourism.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Culture</p>	<p>The administrative structure of the Institute is being finalised. Deliberations with its 5 partner institutes, (namely Institute of Archaeology (IoA) of ASI, Greater Noida; School of Archives (SoA) of National Archives of India, New Delhi; The National Museum Institute of the History of Art, Conservation and Museology (NMIHC&M) of National Museum, Noida; Indira Gandhi National Centre of Arts (IGNCA), New Delhi and; National Research Laboratory for Conservation of Cultural Property (NRLC), Lucknow) for course lists, course design and outreach activities are at advanced stages.</p>
74.	74	<p>Five archaeological sites would be developed as iconic sites with on-site Museums. They are: Rakhigarhi (Haryana), Hastinapur (Uttar Pradesh) Shivsagar (Assam), Dholavira (Gujarat) and Adichanallur (Tamil Nadu).</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Culture</p>	<p>Rakhigarhi- Proposed site has been inspected by the Senior Officers of ASI and development plans which include signages/ direction boards, public amenities, etc. are under process.</p> <p>Hastinapur - Govt. of Uttar Pradesh has instructed the Divisional Commissioner, Meerut Division for identification of suitable land for setting-up of site museum.</p> <p>Dholavira - Site was inspected by officials from World Heritage Committee. Matter is under process for up-gradation of existing site museum at Dholavira.</p> <p>Adichanallur - Concerned Circle in-charge has carried-out an inspection with officers from district administration for acquisition of land. DPR for development of museum will be prepared after acquisition of suitable land based on the allocation of budget.</p> <p>Sibasagar- Govt. of Assam has allotted 5 acre of land to State Archaeology for construction of museum building. Public amenities like Signages, toilet blocks, etc. have been provided at the 11 identified CPM for public convenience.</p>
75.	75	<p>In the historic Old Mint building Kolkata, a museum on Numismatics and Trade will also be located. Four more museums from across the country shall be taken up for renovation and re-curation so that a world class experience can be offered to visitors. Our government shall also support setting up of a Tribal Museum in Ranchi (Jharkhand).</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Culture</p>	<p>Content for three halls have been provided by Indian Museum for finalising the design. After finalization of Design, RFP will be placed before the Specially Constituted Committee for approval. Once approved, tenders shall be invited for execution of the work of re-curation and modernisation of three halls in first phase. Simultaneously Indian Museum is working on the content development of other halls which shall be taken up in next phase.</p>

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76.	75(1)	<p>In the historic Old Mint building Kolkata, a museum on Numismatics and Trade will also be located. Four more museums from across the country shall be taken up for renovation and re-curation so that a world class experience can be offered to visitors. Our government shall also support setting up of a Tribal Museum in Ranchi (Jharkhand).</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Economic Affairs, Culture, Tribal Affairs</p>	<p>D/o Economic Affairs The Old Mint complex at Strand Road, Kolkata is one of the prime Heritage buildings to be developed into a museum. A part of the complex was given temporarily to CRPF in 1973 and was under their occupation till recently. Department of Economic Affairs (DEA) has discussed the matter with Ministry of Culture (MoC), SPMCIL, RBI and Ministry of Home Affairs for setting up of the museum on Numismatics and Trade. Based on the decisions of the meetings, the area occupied by CRPF has been vacated by CRPF w.e.f. 16th December, 2020. MOC has submitted a Preliminary Project Report which is being examined for taking further course of action, including renovation, technical support from expert agency, and finalising institutional arrangement for the museum.</p> <p>M/o Culture The redevelopment project of Eggmore Museum , Chennai has been approved at the cost of ₹10,82,77,836/- and first installment of ₹5,41,38,918/- has been sanctioned and is under release. Tender awarded for Design of 9 galleries of National Museum. Tender is under finalisation for CCTV system and landscape /facade lighting systems. Tender for Digital & immersive experiences of National Museum has been opened and under evaluation. The work of renovation of National Museum Auditorium has commenced. CPWD Estimates sanctioned.</p> <p>M/o Tribal Affairs A Meeting of the National Level Committee was held on 10th August, 2020 under the chairpersonship of Secretary (Tribal Affairs) regarding review of the progress of Freedom Fighters' Museum at Jharkhand. The tentative date for inauguration of Tribal Freedom Fighter Museum as part of celebration of 75th years of independence is under finalisation in consultation with Govt of Jharkhand</p>
77.	75(2)	<p>A maritime museum would be set up at Lothal- the Harrapan age maritime site near Ahmedabad, by Ministry of Shipping. I propose to provide ₹ 3,150 crore for Ministry of Culture for 2020-21.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Shipping</p>	<p>Government of Gujarat(GoG) has transferred 375 acres of land in village Saragvada on lease for 99 years at token rate to MoPSW.</p> <p>A tripartite MoU amongst MoPSW, Government of Gujarat (GoG) and Indian Port Rail & Ropeway Corporation Ltd. (IPRCL) for Development, Construction and Operation & Maintenance of National Maritime Heritage Complex, Lothal, Gujarat, India has been signed. Bids for selection of consultant to prepare master plan and requisite design/engineering documents for inviting EPC tenders have been received and evaluation is under process.</p>

Sr. No.	Para No	Budget Announcements	Status of Implementation
78.	76	<p>India has moved up from rank 65 in 2014 to 34 in 2019 in the Travel & Tourism Competitive Index (World Economic Forum). Foreign exchange earnings grew 7.4% to ₹1.88 lakh crores for the period January to November 2019 from ₹1.75 lakh crores Growth of tourism directly relates to growth and employment. States have a critical role to play. I expect the State governments to develop a roadmap for certain identified destinations and formulate financial plans during 2021 against which specified grants will be made available to the States in 2020-21. For purpose of tourism promotion, I propose to allocate ₹ 2,500 crore for 2020-21.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Tourism</p>	<p>"Consultations between the Ministry of Tourism and State Governments for the development of tourism destinations is an ongoing process. New destinations/routes are being developed in coordination with the State Governments. The Swadesh Darshan Scheme is presently under submission for review. The EFC for the Development of Iconic Site/Destination Scheme was held on 15th October 2020. EFC has recommended the proposal for development of 19 Iconic Tourist Destinations as central sector scheme with an outlay of ₹ 5,109 Crore for the period of FY 2020-21 to FY 2025-26 with certain conditions. Ministry of Tourism has been allocated a Budget of ₹ 1260 Cr. in the revised estimates for the Financial Year 2020-21".</p>
79.	79	<p>There are yet, thermal power plants that are old and their carbon emission levels are high. For such power plants, we propose that utilities running them would be advised to close them, if their emission is above the pre-set norms. The land so vacated can be put to alternative use.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Power</p>	<p>Central Electricity Authority (CEA) has informed that 15 coal/lignite units of 1260 MW have been retired from 01.02.2020 (date of budget announcement 2020-21) to 15.12.2020.</p>
80.	80	<p>In large cities having population above one million, clean air is a matter of concern. The government proposes to encourage such States that are formulating and implementing plans for ensuring cleaner air in cities above one million. Parameters for the incentives would be notified by the Ministry of Environment, Forests and Climate change. Allocation for this purpose is ₹4400 crore for 2020-21.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Environment, Forest and Climate Change</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. MoEF&CC, in consultation with Central/State Pollution Control Board (CPCB) has prepared a draft framework for Performance and Outcomes Assessment for Air Quality Management in Million Plus Cities. 2. Consultation with State Governments have been held to discuss and finalize the framework and baseline values.. 3. The baseline air quality data (2017) and the assessment methodology has also been prepared and is part of the framework. 4. The framework is under finalisation.

Sr. No.	Para No	Budget Announcements	Status of Implementation
81.	81	<p>Hon'ble Speaker, Sir, all the while I have explained the colour and composition of the bouquet of flowers – schemes and programmes. They were grouped under Aspirational India, Economic Development and Caring India. Now I speak about the two hands that will hold them. One such hand is Governance – clean, corruption-free, policy driven and good in intent and most importantly trusting in faith. Trusting every citizen, the aspirational youth, the hard-working women, the risk-taking entrepreneur, the ever hopeful and untiring farmer or the wise and old senior citizen. Many among them are taxpayers. Others may not be taxpayers today. Our Prime Minister has laid before us Ease of Living as a goal to be achieved on behalf of all citizens. An important aspect of both ease of living and ease of doing business is fairness and efficiency of tax administration. We wish to enshrine in the statutes a “taxpayer charter” through this budget. Our government would like to reassure taxpayers that we remain committed to taking measures so that our citizens are free from harassment of any kind.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Revenue</p>	<p>The proposal was incorporated in Finance Bill 2020. A new Section 199A has been inserted in the Income Tax Act, 1961 which is reproduced as "119A, the Board shall adopt and declare a Tax Payer's Charter and issue such Orders/instructions/directions on guidelines of other income Tax Authorities as it may deem fit for the administration of the said Charter".</p> <p>Further, the Tax Payer Charter has been adopted on 13th August,2020</p>
82.	82	<p>There has been a debate about building into statutes, criminal liability for acts that are civil in nature. Hence, for Companies Act, certain amendments are proposed to be made that will correct this. Similarly, other laws would also be examined, where such provisions exist and attempts would be made to correct them.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Corporate Affairs</p>	<p>The Companies (Amendment) Bill, 2020, for decriminalizing the Companies Act, 2013 and also to carry out certain other amendments aimed at enhancing Ease of Living for law abiding companies in the country has been considered and passed by Lok Sabha on 19th September, 2020 and by Rajya Sabha on 22nd September, 2020. The assent of Honourable President has been received on 28th September, 2020 and accordingly, the Companies (Amendment) Act, 2020 has been published by M/o Law and Justice in the Official Gazette on the same date. A copy of the Amendment Act has been placed on the website of M/o Corporate Affairs (MCA). The further action for commencement of various provisions of this Amendment Act alongwith Rules, where required, is being taken.</p>

Sr. No.	Para No	Budget Announcements	Status of Implementation
83.	83	<p>The Government intends to introduce major reforms in recruitment to Non-Gazetted posts in governments and public sector banks. At present, candidates have to appear for multiple examinations conducted by multiple agencies at different points of time, for similar posts This places enormous burden on time, effort and cost of young people. To mitigate their hardship faced, it is proposed to set up a National Recruitment Agency (NRA) as an independent, professional, specialist organisation for conduct of a computer-based online Common Eligibility Test for recruitment to Non-Gazetted posts. A test-centre in every district, particularly in the Aspirational Districts would be set up.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: DoPT</p>	<p>Cabinet in its meeting held on 19.08.2020 approved the proposal for setting up of National Recruitment Agency (NRA) to conduct Common Eligibility Test for subordinate posts. Accordingly, order dated 28.08.2020 for setting up of NRA has been issued. Necessary formalities for registration of NRA as a Society under the Societies Registration Act, 1860 have been completed. This office is in look out for a suitable accommodation for NRA.</p>
84.	85	<p>A stable and predictable business environment is a key objective of this government. There is also a strong argument for ensuring that contracts are honoured. India has a sound framework related to Contracts Act. We shall deliberate upon strengthening it.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Legislative</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Specific Relief Act, 1963 has been amended by the Specific Relief Amendment) Act, 2018, which came into force on 1st October, 2018. 2. The amendment will eliminate several bottlenecks in the field of “enforcing contracts” by making performance the general rule, providing for substituted performance, curtailing the delay of public utility contracts, thereby instilling confidence in domestic and International investors and would help India improve its global ranking in the coming years. 3. Designated Courts under the Specific Relief Act have already been set up in 15 States and 4 Union territories.

Sr. No.	Para No	Budget Announcements	Status of Implementation
85.	86	<p>There is a growing need for the Indian Statistical system to meet the challenges of real time monitoring of our increasingly complex economy. Data must have strong credibility. The proposed new National Policy on Official Statistics would use latest technology including AI. It would lay down a road-map towards modernised data collection, integrated information portal and timely dissemination of information.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Statistics and Program Implementation</p>	<p>The National Policy on Official Statistics (NPOS) after Inter-Ministerial Consultation (IMC) is under process.</p>
86.	91	<p>We had earlier approved consolidation of 10 banks into four. In the last few years, Government of India has infused about ₹3,50,000 crore by way of capital into Public Sector Banks for regulatory and growth purposes. Governance reforms would be carried out in these banks, so that they become more competitive. A few among them will be encouraged to approach capital market to raise additional capital.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Financial Services</p>	<p>Pursuant to the budget announcement, the following governance reforms have been given effect to:</p> <p>(a) Peer review of performance of non-official directors has been institutionalised with all PSB Boards having non-official directors scheduling annual peer review on completion of one year as director;</p> <p>(b) Assessment of the performance of bank chief executives, whole-time directors and General Managers by Board committees has been institutionalised with Board committees in all nationalised banks setting annual key result areas for them;</p> <p>(c) The Government's policy decision empowering larger PSBs to create a Chief General Manager (CGM) level to effectively manage large business has been given effect to and</p> <p>(d) A system of setting business-goal and market-share based performance targets in banks with high measurability of employee performance appraisal has been instituted in PSBs under the EASE 3.0 Reforms Agenda, with the setting of such annual performance targets for FY2020-21.</p>
87.	92	<p>I wish to inform this august House that robust mechanism is in place to monitor the health of all Scheduled Commercial Banks and that depositors' money is safe. Further, the Deposit Insurance and Credit Guarantee Corporation (DICGC) has been permitted to increase Deposit Insurance Coverage for a depositor, which is now ₹one lakh to ₹five lakh per depositor.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Financial Services</p>	<p>Reserve Bank of India (RBI) and DICGC have already issued a Press Release dated 04.02.2020 on the subject. DICGC has also written to all insured banks in this regard vide their Circulars dated 05.02.2020.</p>

Sr. No.	Para No	Budget Announcements	Status of Implementation
88.	93	<p>To strengthen the Cooperative Banks, amendments to the Banking Regulation Act are proposed for increasing professionalism, enabling access to capital and improving governance and oversight for sound banking through the RBI.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Financial Services</p>	<p>Banking Regulation (Amendment) Bill to strengthen Co-operative Banks has been passed in the Parliament and the Act has been notified on 29.09.2020.</p>
89.	94	<p>The limit for NBFCs to be eligible for debt recovery under the Securitization and Reconstruction of Financial Assets and Enforcement of Security Interest (SARFAESI) Act 2002 is proposed to be reduced from ₹ 500 crore to asset size of ₹ 100 crore or loan size from existing ₹ 1 crore to ₹ 50 lakh.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Financial Services</p>	<p>A Notification dated 24.02.2020 has been issued specifying the Non-Banking Financial Companies as defined in clause (f) of section 45-I of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 having asset worth rupees one hundred crore and above as Financial Institutions for the purposes of SARFAESI Act for loan of rupees fifty lakhs and above. - No further action is required.</p>
90.	95	<p>In the last few years, the government has taken concrete steps to bring our banking system to be robust. However, there is a need for greater private capital. Accordingly, it is proposed to sell the balance holding of Government of India IDBI Bank to private, retail and institutional investors through the stock exchange.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: DIPAM</p>	<p>IDBI Bank is a listed Bank having 47.11% equity with the GOI and 51% with LIC, balance being with public and others.</p> <p>Further action for selling the remaining GOI equity stake in IDBI Bank is under process.</p>

Sr. No.	Para No	Budget Announcements	Status of Implementation
91.	96	<p>There is a need to take further steps to bring in transparency and greater professionalism in Public Sector Banks. The government will take appropriate measures.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Financial Services</p>	<p>PSBs have taken comprehensive steps under the EASE 3.0 Reforms Agenda for improving the quality of disclosures in their quarterly and annual results a system of drawing up Individualised Development Plans for senior bank executives has been adopted by PSBs under the EASE 3.0 Reforms Agenda. To enhance professionalisation, PSBs have created dedicated job families of banking roles for their officers. Annual online training programmes have been institutionalised in PSBs for role-based training.</p>
92.	97	<p>To help easy mobility while in jobs, we wish to infuse into the Universal Pension coverage with auto enrolment; also, we wish to place such mechanisms which can enable inter-operability and provide safeguards for the accumulated corpus. Regulating role of PFRDAI requires strengthening. Necessary amendments would be carried out in Pension Fund Regulatory Development Authority of India Act that will also facilitate separation of NPS trust for government employees from PFRDAI. This would also enable establishment of a Pension Trust by the employees other than Government. I am confident that this will motivate citizens to plan for their old age.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Financial Services</p>	<p>Accordingly, for a proposal for amending various Sections of the Pension Fund Regulatory and Development Authority Act, 2013 is under process.</p>
93.	98(1)	<p>I propose to make necessary amendments to the Factor Regulation Act 2011. This will enable NBFCs to extend invoice financing to the MSMEs through TReDS, thereby enhancing their economic and financial sustainability.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Financial Services</p>	<p>Cabinet had approved the proposal on 19.08.2020, the Bill was introduced in the Lok Sabha on 14.09.2020.</p> <p>The Bill has been referred to the Standing Committee on Finance (SCF) by the Hon'ble Speaker for examination and report thereon.</p>

Sr. No.	Para No	Budget Announcements	Status of Implementation
94.	98(2)	<p>Working capital credit remains a major issue for the MSMEs. It is proposed to introduce a scheme to provide subordinate debt for entrepreneurs of MSMEs. This subordinate debt to be provided by banks would count as quasi-equity and would be fully guaranteed through the Credit Guarantee Trust for Medium and Small Entrepreneurs (CGTMSE). The corpus of the CGTMSE would accordingly be augmented by the government.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: MSME</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The scheme, approved by the CCEA on 01.06.2020, has a provision of Rs 20,000 crore and it is likely to benefit around 2 lakh stressed MSMEs 2. Scheme Guidelines and FAQs have been circulated to all PSU Banks, prominent Private Scheduled Banks, State Governments and prominent Industry Associations for creating awareness 3. Clarifications sought by MLIs on some of the points of FAQs have been furnished after consulting DFS 4. Total number of 31 Banks (including all PSU Banks) got registered as Member Lending Institutions. 5. In a review meeting under the Chairmanship of AS&DC (MSME), MLIs have been requested to fasten the process of identification of the stressed accounts eligible under the scheme. 6. SBI has identified 8502 accounts with aggregate outstanding of ₹ 750.01 on the basis of preliminary analysis 7. As on 30.12.2020, 234 guarantees amounting to ₹ 23.16 crore have been extended.
95.	98(3)	<p>More than five lakh MSMEs have benefitted from restructuring of debt permitted by RBI in the last year. The restructuring window was to end on March 31, 2020. Government has asked RBI to consider extending this window till March 31, 2021.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Financial Services</p>	<p>The restructuring of the borrower account is extended till March 31, 2021 by RBI as per their Circular DOR.No.BP.BC/4/21.04.048/2020-21 dated August 6, 2020.</p>
96.	98(4)	<p>An app-based invoice financing loans product will be launched. This will obviate the problem of delayed payments and consequential cash flows mismatches for the MSMEs.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Financial Services</p>	<p>An application for cash flow-based lending, named SAHAY is being developed by iSPIRT in consultation with all stakeholders, i.e. Department of Economic Affairs, Department of Financial Services, Department of Revenue, Ministry of MSME and Reserve Bank of India.</p>
97.	99	<p>Many mid-size companies are successful domestically but not in export markets. For selected sectors such as pharmaceuticals, auto components and others, we propose to extend handholding support – for technology upgradations, R&D, business strategy etc. A scheme of ₹ 1000 crore will be anchored by EXIM Bank together with SIDBI. Both these institutions would contribute ₹50 crore each. This ₹ 100 crore would be achieved towards equity and technical assistance. Debt funding of ₹900 crore from banks would be made available.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Financial Services</p>	<p>The Government approval under extant provisions of EXIM Bank Act has been conveyed on 17.11.2020 for taking further necessary action.</p>

Sr. No.	Para No	Budget Announcements	Status of Implementation
98.	100(1)	<p>Certain specified categories of Government securities would be opened fully for non-resident investors, apart from being available to domestic investors as well.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Economic Affairs</p>	<p>RBI vide circular dated March 30,2020 has notified the 'Fully Accessible Route' for investment by non-residents in specified Government of India securities.</p>
99.	100(2)	<p>The limit for FPI in corporate bonds, currently at 9% of outstanding stock, will be increased to 15% of the outstanding stock of corporate bonds.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Economic Affairs</p>	<p>RBI vide circular dated March 30,2020 has increased the limit for FPI investment in corporate bonds to 15% of outstanding stock for 2020-21.</p>
100.	100(3)	<p>To improve investors' confidence and to expand the scope of credit default swaps, we propose to formulate a legislation, to be placed soon before the House, for laying down a mechanism for netting of financial contracts.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Economic Affairs</p>	<p>The Cabinet approved the proposal to introduce the Bill titled "The Bilateral Netting of Qualified Financial Contracts Bill, 2020 ("the Bill") in Parliament in its meeting held on 20th March, 2020. The Bill was passed by the Parliament in September, 2020. The Bilateral Netting of Qualified Financial Contracts Act, 2020 ("the Act") was published in the Gazette of India Extraordinary on 28th September, 2020. The Act has been brought into force w.e.f. 1st October, 2020.</p> <p>The Act would enable substantial savings for banks and other financial institutions. The Act will contribute significantly to strengthening the financial stability of the country and would facilitate in further developing the financial market, especially the financial derivatives market and corporate bond market. The appropriate regulatory and operational frameworks are being formulated to ensure expeditious implementation of the Act.</p>
101.	101	<p>The Debt-based Exchange Traded Fund (ETF) recently floated by the government was a big success. Government proposes to expand this by floating a new Debt-ETF consisting primarily of government securities. This will give retail investors access to government securities as much as giving an attractive investment for pension funds and long-term investors.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Economic Affairs</p>	<p>The proposal is under consideration in consultation with various stakeholders.</p>
102.	102	<p>To address the liquidity constraints of the NBFCs/HFCs, post the Union budget 2019-20, the government formulated a Partial Credit Guarantee scheme for the NBFCs. To further this support of providing liquidity, a mechanism would be devised. Government will offer support by guaranteeing securities so floated.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Economic Affairs</p>	<p>The Special Liquidity Scheme for NBFCs/HFCs to improve liquidity and to avoid potential systemic risks for the financial sector was launched by Government of India on 1st July 2020. The Scheme was to remain open for three months for making subscriptions by the SPV, which ended on 30th September, 2020 and recovery of dues was to be done in the next three months upto December 29, 2020. All operations of the Scheme have been completed within the targeted time period. A total of ₹71,25,51,62,900/- has been disbursed by way of 28 instruments to 23 NBFCs/HFCs. Repayment of principal and interest amounting to ₹72,49,60,15,809/- for all instruments have been received.</p>

Sr. No.	Para No	Budget Announcements	Status of Implementation
103.	103	<p>Government's commitment for investment in infrastructure was reiterated when ₹103 lakh crore National Infrastructure Pipeline projects were announced. I would also like to inform that about ₹22,000 crore has already been provided, as support to Infrastructure Pipeline. This would cater for equity support to Infrastructure Finance Companies such as IIFCL and a subsidiary of NIIF. They would leverage it, as permissible, to create financing pipeline of more than ₹1,00,000 crore. This would create a major source of long term debt for infrastructure projects and fulfil a long awaited requirement.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Financial Services, Economic Affairs</p>	<p>D/o Financial Services In view of the disruptions caused by COVID-19 pandemic, the capital infusion of ₹ 10000 crore in IIFCL as envisaged in BE 2020-21 would not be required in current FY. Request has been made to revise the RE for 2020-21. The capital infusion will be required only during FY 2021-22.</p> <p>D/o Economic Affairs: SBI Capital Market (SBICAP) has been engaged for carrying out valuation of the portfolio companies of NIIF.</p>
104.	104(1)	<p>GIFT IFSC has an approved Free Trade zone for housing vaults. It already has 19 insurance entities, 40 banking entities. It has also provided for setting up of precious metals testing laboratories and refining facilities. With the approval of the regulator, GIFT City would set up an International Bullion exchange(s) in GIFT-IFSC as an additional option for trade by global market participants. This will enable India to enhance its position worldwide, create jobs in India and will lead to better price discovery of gold.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Economic Affairs</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Government of India has notified the bullion spot delivery contract and bullion depository receipt (with bullion as underlying) as Financial Products and related services as Financial Services under the International Financial Services Centres Authority (IFSCA) Act, 2019. 2. For operationalization of this Exchange, IFSCA has entered into a MoU with the India Gold Policy Centre at IIM Ahmedabad (IGPC-IIMA) for facilitating structured consultations with requisite stakeholders along with technical and research support. 3. A working group was constituted for focused discussion on the modalities, structure, framework etc. of the Exchange which submitted its report on November 23, 2020. 4. Subsequently, the International Financial Services Centres Authority (Bullion Exchange) Regulations, 2020 were notified on December 11, 2020. 5. A Steering Committee has been constituted to examine the recommendations of working group and suggest necessary regulatory amendments for operationalization of IBE. The first meeting of the Steering Committee was held on December 18, 2020 under the chairmanship of Chairperson, IFSCA. The minutes of the said meeting have been circulated to the members. 6. A working group consisting of representatives from the BSE, NSE, MCX, NSDL and CSDL has also been constituted for enactment of the operational framework for International Bullion Exchange (IBE). In this regard, the first meeting of the working group was held on January 13, 2021.

Sr. No.	Para No	Budget Announcements	Status of Implementation
105.	105	<p>Listing of companies on stock exchanges discipline a company and provides access to financial markets and unlocks its value. It also gives opportunity for retail investors to participate in the wealth so created. The government now proposes to sell a part of its holding in LIC by way of Initial Public Offer (IPO).</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Financial Services, DIPAM</p>	<p>D/o Financial Services Meetings of the High-Level Committee (HLC) held regularly to discuss the modalities and way forward.</p> <p>Appointment of pre-IPO Transaction advisor finalized by DIPAM to facilitate the process of bringing IPO & necessary amendments in the LIC Act, 1956. DeloitteTouche Tohmatsu India and M/s SBI Capital Market Limited appointed as pre-IPO Transaction advisor by DIPAM.</p> <p>DIPAM IPO of LIC requires necessary legislative changes and regulatory approvals. A High Level Committee (HLC) of the officials of Department of Financial Services, DIPAM, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Department of Legal Affairs and LIC was set up to work out the roadmap for listing.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bids were invited and the Bidders made presentation before the HLC in the meetings held on 24.07.2020, 27.07.2020, 28.07.2020 & 03.08.2020. HLC recommended selection of two Pre-IPO TA(s), who were issued appointment letters on 27.08.2020. • Bids for engagement of actuarial firm for the purpose of reporting on Indian embedded value were invited till 11.12.2020 and HLC in the meeting on 17.12.2020 has recommended appointment of an Actuarial Firm. Hon'ble Finance Minister has approved recommendation of engagement of Actuarial Firm for Listing of LIC. Appointment letter issued to the selected Actuarial Firm on 6.1.2021. • HLC in the meeting on 27.10.2020 also discussed and approved the detailed Work Plan with timelines proposed by Pre-IPO Transaction Advisers for LIC IPO.
106.	112	<p>A good part of the borrowings for the financial year 2020-21 would go towards Capital expenditure of the Government that has been scaled up by more than 21%. As, I had previously mentioned another about ₹ 22,000 crore have been allocated for equity to fund certain specified infrastructure finance companies, who would leverage it manifold and provide much needed long-term finance to Infrastructure sector. That should spur growth impulses in the economy.</p> <p>Ministry/Department: Economic Affairs</p>	<p>SBI Capital Market (SBICAP) has been engaged for carrying out valuation of the portfolio companies of NIIF.</p>