

Addressing market chatter; growth, margin story set to play out

Information Technology ▶ Company Update ▶ September 16, 2025

CMP (Rs): 1,759 | TP (Rs): 1,850

Coforge's FY25 revenue growth and adjusted EBITDA growth were both healthy, although reported EBITDA, profit, and cash conversion—lagged expectations, raising key concerns among investors. Based on FY25 AR disclosures and interaction with the management, we provide more clarity and our viewpoint on some of these aspects, along with a comparable peer dataset, to help understand the nuances. KTAs from the FY25 AR: 1) Contract costs have risen 82% YoY, with incremental cost for obtaining a new contract being 2.5x YoY. 2) Elevated capex (+114% YoY) and capex intensity (4.6% of revenue vs 5Y average at ~2%) largely attributed to the Cigniti acquisition and investment in a data center for a client. 3) Increased ESOP expenses (+84% YoY, 1.4% of revenue), primarily due to higher new grants issued. 4) All-time high deal intake of USD2.1bn led by the Sabre deal, with the next 12M executable order book at USD1.5bn (+48% YoY). 5) Steady OCF/EBITDA conversion of ~73% (in line with the 5Y average of ~70%). In addition, the management aspires to i) sign 20 large deals (TCV of >USD20mn each) in FY26; 5 large deals signed in Q1. ii) ESOP costs to reduce to ~100bps in H2FY26. iii) Narrow divergence between GAAP and non-GAAP EBITDA, with absence of one-offs. The management remains confident of sustaining momentum in FY26 on the back of broad-based growth, and robust deal intake and deal pipeline, along with reported EBITM expansion. Factoring in all the aforementioned, we retain ADD with TP of Rs1,850, at 36x Jun-27E EPS.

Strong and consistent revenue growth on the back of sharp execution

Coforge delivered strong and consistent revenue growth performance on the back of a) execution discipline and strong delivery, b) focus on driving growth through solution-based large-size managed service deals, which emphasize its ability to gain wallet share in client spending, irrespective of macro uncertainty, c) sharp focus on building deep domain SME (Subject Matter Expert)-led specific engineering competencies. Coforge has consistently outpaced large-cap peers in CC growth, with TCV expanding ~6x from USD507mn in FY18 to USD3.5bn in FY25, supported by steady large-deal wins. Even during the Covid period, despite a ~20% contribution from the travel vertical, Coforge sustained growth momentum in FY21 through diversification and execution strength. Strategic acquisitions such as SLK Global (BFSI) and Cigniti (quality engineering and digital assurance) have expanded the company's addressable market and sharpened its capabilities across high-growth verticals. Such inorganic moves, coupled with organic traction, drove 19.5% USD revenue CAGR in FY20-25, ahead of the industry (Exhibit 1).

Contract cost jumps on the back of the Sabre deal

Coforge's contract costs rose 82% YoY to Rs7.3bn in FY25 (6.1% of revenue vs 4.4%/0.5% in FY24/18), indicating a shift toward multi-year constructs anchored by the Sabre program. Non-current contract costs increased 86% YoY to ~Rs5.8bn (~79% of total), consistent with elongated payout tails and amortization horizons of mega deals like the 13-year USD1.56bn Sabre engagement...(contd)...

Coforge: Financial Snapshot (Consolidated)

| Y/E Mar (Rs mn) | FY24 | FY25 | FY26E | FY27E | FY28E |
|---------------------|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Revenue | 91,790 | 120,507 | 160,424 | 188,458 | 218,000 |
| EBITDA | 14,277 | 16,937 | 28,226 | 33,255 | 38,253 |
| Adj. PAT | 8,080 | 8,121 | 14,164 | 16,583 | 20,197 |
| Adj. EPS (Rs) | 26.1 | 24.3 | 42.4 | 49.6 | 60.4 |
| EBITDA margin (%) | 15.6 | 14.1 | 17.6 | 17.6 | 17.5 |
| EBITDA growth (%) | 11.5 | 18.6 | 66.7 | 17.8 | 15.0 |
| Adj. EPS growth (%) | 9.2 | (7.1) | 74.4 | 17.1 | 21.8 |
| RoE (%) | 24.1 | 16.2 | 20.8 | 21.4 | 22.8 |
| RoIC (%) | 29.8 | 17.7 | 20.9 | 22.7 | 26.0 |
| P/E (x) | 67.3 | 72.4 | 42.4 | 35.5 | 29.1 |
| EV/EBITDA (x) | 38.2 | 32.2 | 19.3 | 16.4 | 14.2 |
| P/B (x) | 15.0 | 9.2 | 8.1 | 7.1 | 6.2 |
| FCFF yield (%) | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.8 | 3.1 | 3.9 |

Source: Company, Emkay Research

| | |
|-----------------------|--------|
| Target Price – 12M | Jun-26 |
| Change in TP (%) | - |
| Current Reco. | ADD |
| Previous Reco. | ADD |
| Upside/(Downside) (%) | 5.2 |

| Stock Data | COFORGE IN |
|-------------------------|------------|
| 52-week High (Rs) | 2,005 |
| 52-week Low (Rs) | 1,191 |
| Shares outstanding (mn) | 334.5 |
| Market-cap (Rs bn) | 588 |
| Market-cap (USD mn) | 6,670 |
| Net-debt, FY26E (Rs mn) | (6,429.6) |
| ADTV-3M (mn shares) | 3 |
| ADTV-3M (Rs mn) | 3,292.5 |
| ADTV-3M (USD mn) | 37.3 |
| Free float (%) | 99.5 |
| Nifty-50 | 25,069.2 |
| INR/USD | 88.2 |

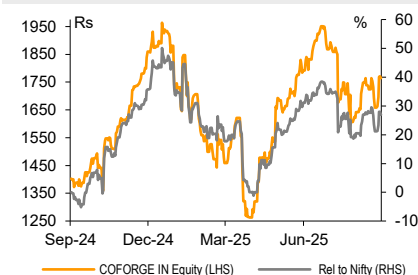
Shareholding, Jun-25

| | |
|---------------|-----------|
| Promoters (%) | 0.0 |
| FPIs/MFs (%) | 37.4/52.3 |

Price Performance

| (%) | 1M | 3M | 12M |
|---------------|-----|-------|------|
| Absolute | 7.1 | (1.9) | 25.4 |
| Rel. to Nifty | 5.3 | (3.2) | 26.8 |

1-Year share price trend (Rs)



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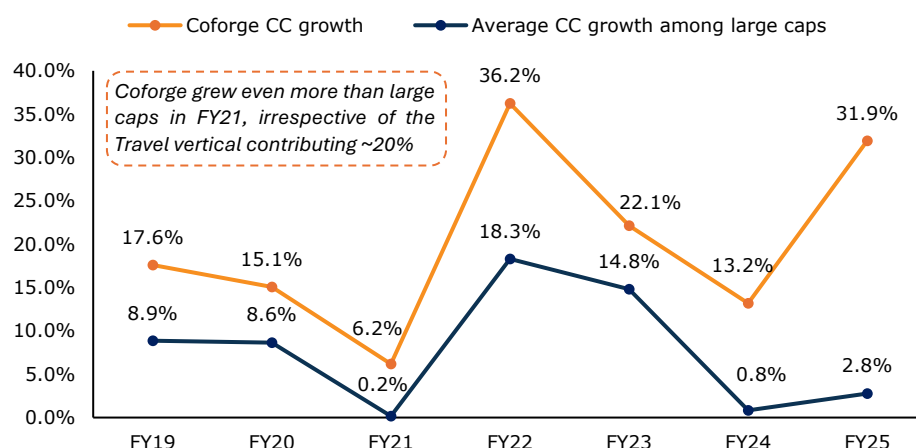
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...(contd)...The mix skew was driven by costs to obtain contracts (deal-linked bonuses for large deals) scaling ~2.5x, while fulfilment costs were broadly stable. This tilt aligns with front-loaded sales incentives for the large deals signed. It has also created corresponding contract liabilities against these, ensuring no impact on working capital and cushioning net balance-sheet expansion, matching the staged payout schedule through the deal life (please refer to a detailed explanation below).

Coforge's investment in sales and marketing has resulted in increasing velocity and median size of the large contracts. Its differentiated growth is anchored in its large-deal led sales strategy, AI-powered solutioning, and a robust execution framework built on its 'Plan-Execute-Debrief' model. With an all-time-high USD3.5bn order book in FY25 and continued traction in platform partnerships and GCC enablement, the company is well poised to maintain strong revenue growth momentum.

Exhibit 1: Coforge's growth trajectory vs IT large caps



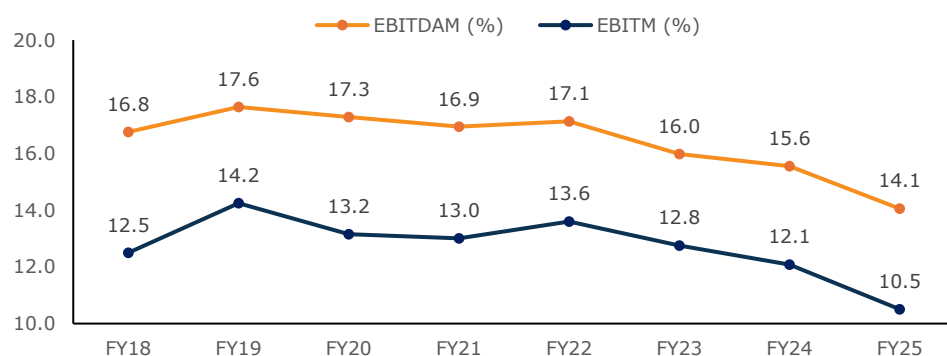
Source: Company, Emkay Research (large caps include TCS, INFO, HCLT, WPRO, TECHM, and LTIM)

Operating margin declined in FY25 due to elevated ESOP and subcontracting expenses

EBITM remained under pressure in FY25, due to an increase in ESOP-related costs and 'Other expenses' – primarily resulting from an increase in 1) legal and professional cost due to M&As, 2) subcontractor cost attributed to M&As, deal ramp-up, etc, 3) other production cost mainly due to the amortization component tied to the contract cost.

Despite such near-term pressures, the management remains confident of achieving EBITM of ~14% in FY26. This outlook is supported by expectations of lower ESOP-related expenses, continued revenue growth momentum, improved operating leverage from SG&A optimization, absence of one-offs, and a shift toward offshore delivery.

Exhibit 2: EBITM and EBITDAM remain under pressure in FY25



This report is for internal use only. Source: Company, Emkay Research (ansoor@whitemarquesolutions.com) use and downloaded at 09/

Exhibit 3: Curated breakdown of 'Other expenses' and key factors that result in an increase

| Particulars (Rs mn) | FY18 | FY19 | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 | FY25 | Chg YoY |
|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|-------------|
| Other expenses | 6,983 | 8,454 | 8,464 | 8,634 | 13,231 | 18,508 | 22,350 | 31,228 | 40% |
| as a % of revenue | 23.3% | 23.0% | 20.2% | 18.5% | 20.6% | 23.1% | 24.3% | 25.9% | |
| Key line items leading to an increase | | | | | | | | | |
| Legal and Professional | 789 | 835 | 971 | 816 | 960 | 861 | 1,183 | 2,740 | 132% |
| as a % of revenue | 2.6% | 2.3% | 2.3% | 1.8% | 1.5% | 1.1% | 1.3% | 2.3% | |
| Subcontractor cost | 2,117 | 3,004 | 2,893 | 3,845 | 6,572 | 9,267 | 9,463 | 13,902 | 47% |
| as a % of revenue | 7.1% | 8.2% | 6.9% | 8.2% | 10.2% | 11.6% | 10.3% | 11.5% | |
| Other production expenses (incl. third party license cost) | 344 | 403 | 1,064 | 1,660 | 2,352 | 4,751 | 7,412 | 9,149 | 23% |
| as a % of revenue | 1.1% | 1.1% | 2.5% | 3.6% | 3.7% | 5.9% | 8.1% | 7.6% | |

Source: Company, Emkay Research

Divergence between GAAP and non-GAAP (exchange vs company reported) EBITM set to narrow

There have been some concerns regarding the gap between GAAP and non-GAAP EBITM margins, which have recently widened due to one-off items such as bonuses and integration-related expenses linked to recent M&As. Such exceptional costs accounted for a higher divergence in FY25 and Q1FY26. However, the management expects bulk of these impacts to phase out from Q2. As a result, the margin difference should narrow considerably in coming quarters, reflecting a consistent underlying performance. Such convergence will offer a clearer view of the core operating performance and reinforce the sustainability of the underlying margin profile going forward.

Exhibit 4: Divergence between GAAP (exchange-reported) and non-GAAP (company-reported) EBITM

| Particulars | Q1FY24 | Q2FY24 | Q3FY24 | Q4FY24 | FY24 | Q1FY25 | Q2FY25 | Q3FY25 | Q4FY25 | FY25 | Q1FY26 |
|----------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|--------|
| GAAP EBITM | 10.4% | 11.6% | 13.5% | 12.8% | 12.1% | 8.8% | 9.4% | 9.8% | 11.8% | 10.5% | 11.3% |
| Non-GAAP EBITM | 11.5% | 11.9% | 13.8% | 14.4% | 12.9% | 13.6% | 11.7% | 11.9% | 13.2% | 12.7% | 13.2% |
| Difference | 1.2% | 0.3% | 0.3% | 1.7% | 0.8% | 4.8% | 2.4% | 2.2% | 1.4% | 2.2% | 1.9% |

Source: Company, Emkay Research

M&As remain integral part of growth strategy

M&As remain an integral part of the overall growth strategy for Coforge. It has helped the company in capability expansion, market entry, and portfolio diversification as well as differentiation. In FY25, Coforge 1) acquired Hyderabad-based Cigniti Technologies, an AI & IP-led Digital Assurance & Digital Engineering Services company 2) acquired Xceltrait Inc, a specialist in the implementation of ServiceNow's Financial Services Operations (FSO) and Customer Service Management (CSM) modules, bringing deep expertise into the P&C insurance industry 3) acquired Rythmos to strengthen its data practice and cloud engineering capabilities, coupled with deep industry knowledge in the airline sector 4) acquired TMLabs to enhance its presence in the Australian market, Healthcare vertical, and capabilities in the ServiceNow ecosystem, especially in integrated risk management, healthcare, and HR service delivery 5) entered into an asset purchase agreement with OptML Inc and its shareholders, to acquire customer contracts, key managerial personnel, employees and subcontractors/vendors of OptML Inc.

Exhibit 5: Key select acquisitions by Coforge

| Acquired entity | Date of acquisition | Description |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|--|
| Incessant | May-15 | Enhanced BPM automation and digital transformation capabilities, strengthening Coforge's North American presence |
| Ruletek | May-17 | Expanded digital integration services and near-shore delivery model, bolstering its North American market reach |
| Whishworks | Apr-19 | Augmented MuleSoft and big data expertise, accelerating digital integration and innovation |
| SLK Global | Apr-21 | Strengthened BFSI sector offerings with deep mortgage, cards, and insurance BPM capabilities |
| On Demand Agility Solution (ODA) | Jun-22 | Enhanced data and technology solutions for F100 clients, expanding delivery expertise |
| Cigniti Technologies | May-24 | Enhance the digital assurance and engineering services portfolio |
| OptML Inc | Jul-24 | Gained AI/ML, cloud, and UX design expertise, accelerating data-driven solutions |
| Xceltrait Inc | Feb-25 | Strengthened ServiceNow capabilities in the BFSI and P&C insurance sectors |
| Rythmos Inc | Mar-25 | Enhanced AI/ML, cloud, and big data capabilities, expanding data and analytics services. |
| TM Labs Pty | Mar-25 | Boosted data and cloud capabilities, strengthening industry knowledge, especially in the airlines sector |

Source: Company, Emkay Research

Exhibit 6: Zooming in on the acquisitions by Coforge in FY25

| Acquired entity | Date of acquisition | Consideration | Previous revenue | Business focus/vertical |
|-----------------|---------------------|--|---|--|
| TM Labs Pty | Mar-25 | AUD20mn and additional earnout payable based on the achievement/performance of certain revenue and EBITDA targets for FY26 and FY27 | Revenue of AUD7.0mn / AUD10.6mn / AUD11.0mn for FY22 / FY23 / FY24, respectively | Provides implementation services related to the 'ServiceNow' platform and helps enhance Coforge's capabilities in the ServiceNow ecosystem in newer modules like Integrated Risk Management, Healthcare, and HR Service Delivery. It also strengthens presence in Healthcare and Australia |
| Rythmos Inc | Mar-25 | USD30mn (upfront) and additional earnout payable in two tranches based on the achievement/performance of certain revenue and EBITDA targets for CY25 and CY26, subject to maximum payout of USD18.7mn | Revenue of USD22.6mn / USD24.4mn / USD25.3mn for CY22 / CY23 / CY24, respectively | Rythmos helps in adding data capabilities along with strong industry knowledge in the airlines industry and strengthens Coforge's data practice and cloud engineering capabilities |
| Xceltrait Inc | Feb-25 | ~USD17.85mn with the total consideration, including an initial payout of USD5.54mn and further earnout amount not exceeding USD10.85mn payable in two tranches based on the achievement of certain revenue and EBITDA targets of FY26 and FY27 | Revenue of USD3.7mn/ USD4.5mn/ USD5.8mn for CY21 / CY22 / CY23, respectively | Xceltrait helps the company expand its ServiceNow capabilities and up sell/cross sell opportunities |

Source: Company, Emkay Research

"The balance sheet leverage is largely going to be for acquisitions that fit the valuation and the capability profile of assets that we are looking at, but you will not see more by way or anything material by way of data center plays in the short to medium term..." – Sudhir Singh, CEO

Q1FY26 Earnings Call**Capex acceleration in FY25 driven by specific investments; stressing on FCF growth in the short term**

The spike in capex intensity (including acquisitions), from 16.7% in FY22 (SLK acquisition) and 21.9% in FY25 (Cigniti acquisition), coincides with the sharp jump in goodwill to 40% and then to 64% of net worth, respectively. The sharp increase in capex in FY25 (Rs5.6bn; +114% YoY) was essentially due to:

- **acquisition of Cigniti** (~Rs1bn), which elevated goodwill to 64% of net worth, compared to ~35-40% in earlier years (Exhibit 9).
- **AI-powered data center** in Thailand, wherein Coforge invested ~USD85mn over the last two quarters. The funding structure partly cushions the burden with USD62mn (73%) already recovered through client advances, while the remaining USD23mn (27%) financed via a Thai Baht-denominated term loan at interest rate of ~3.5%.

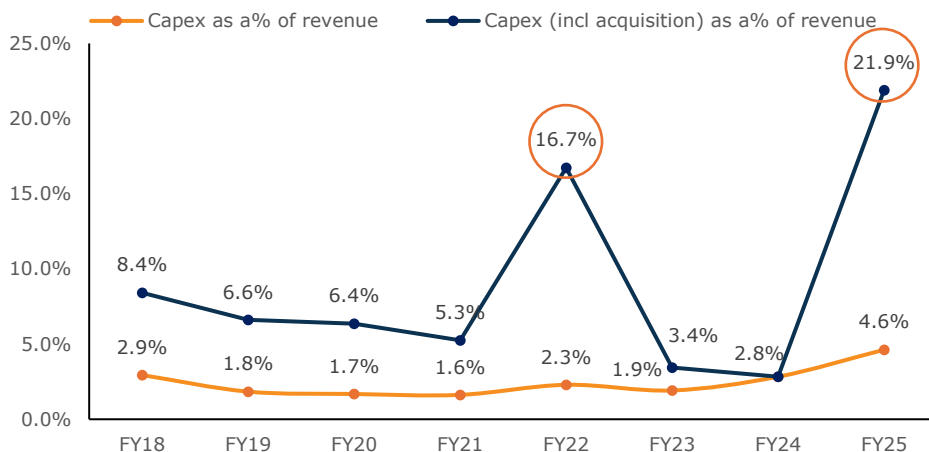
The consequences of the current elevated capex are most visible in cash flow dynamics. Coforge, which historically generated steady positive FCF, slipped into a negative Rs14bn FCF position in FY25, including acquisition-related outflows.

The management has indicated that no further investments are planned in the data center space. While Coforge could continue acquisitions as a part of its inorganic growth strategy, it expects the capex intensity to revert toward historical levels of ~2-3% of revenue, consistent with the asset-light base outside episodic programs.

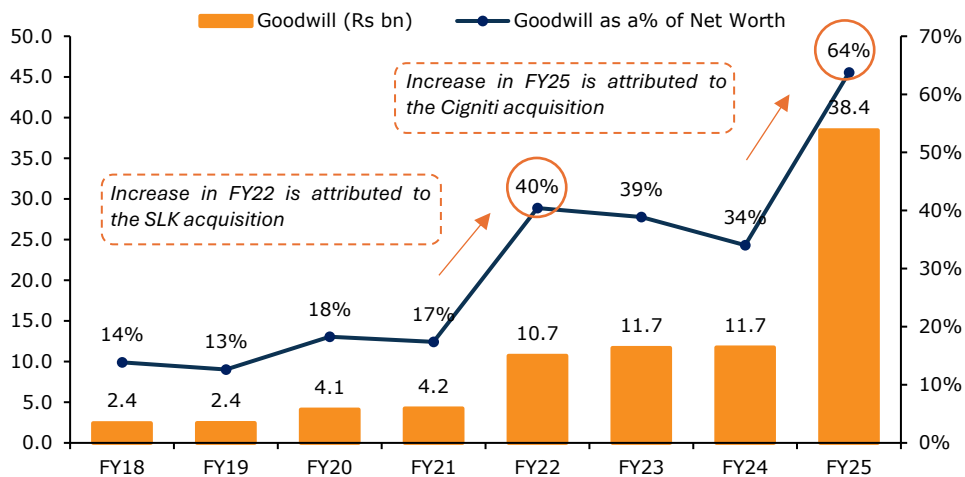
Exhibit 7: Capex grew ~2x, fueled by specific one-off investments for a client (data center development) with capex intensity peaking in FY25

| Particulars (Rs mn) | FY18 | FY19 | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 | FY25 | Chg YoY |
|--------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------------|
| Capex | 879 | 676 | 703 | 757 | 1,475 | 1,537 | 2,598 | 5,572 | 114% |
| As a % of revenue | 2.9% | 1.8% | 1.7% | 1.6% | 2.3% | 1.9% | 2.8% | 4.6% | |
| Capex (incl acquisition) | 2,518 | 2,432 | 2,662 | 2,448 | 10,761 | 2,759 | 2,598 | 26,382 | 915% |
| As a % of revenue | 8.4% | 6.6% | 6.4% | 5.3% | 16.7% | 3.4% | 2.8% | 21.9% | |

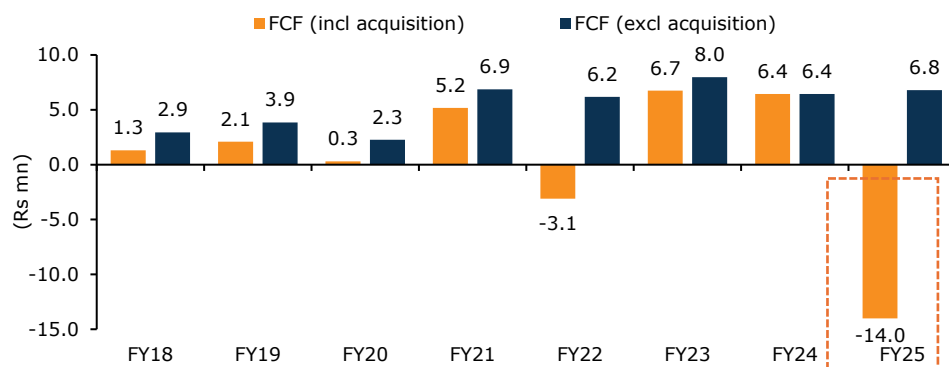
Source: Company, Emkay Research

Exhibit 8: Capex (with and without acquisition) intensity has ballooned in FY25


Source: Company, Emkay Research

Exhibit 9: Coforge's goodwill has jumped significantly in FY25, underlining its acquisition-led inorganic growth strategy


Source: Company, Emkay Research

Exhibit 10: Payment related to the Cigniti acquisition led to a negative FCF in FY25

Source: Company, Emkay Research

Cashflow profile has been largely steady, adjusting for strategic investments

With the objective of broadening its service portfolio and extending market reach, Coforge has actively pursued strategic acquisitions over the past few years. The integrations of Incessant, Ruletek, and Wishworks have specifically strengthened its digital transformation and automation capabilities, enabling the company to address a wider client base across geographies.

Coforge's cash generation trends accentuate the interplay between its aggressive capex cycle, acquisition-led expansion, and operating efficiency. While headline FCF/PAT looks volatile, dipping to negative territory in FY25, the distortions are largely attributable to inorganic investments and elevated data-center capex rather than structural weakness in operations. Stripping these out, the company's FCF conversion has been consistently healthy, sustaining in the 80-115% range, a level that reflects disciplined cash management even during expansion phases. This is further validated by its OCF-to-EBITDA, which has held steady at 65-70% across cycles, despite integration spends, working capital movements, and any other one-offs. Coforge has been frontloading investments, both—organic (data centers, tech infra) and inorganic (Cigniti, earlier tuck-ins)—to expand delivery capacity and capability stack, temporarily compressing free cash while positioning the business for operating leverage.

Exhibit 11: FCF/PAT trend over FY18-25 – The ratio looks steady, if adjusted for acquisitions

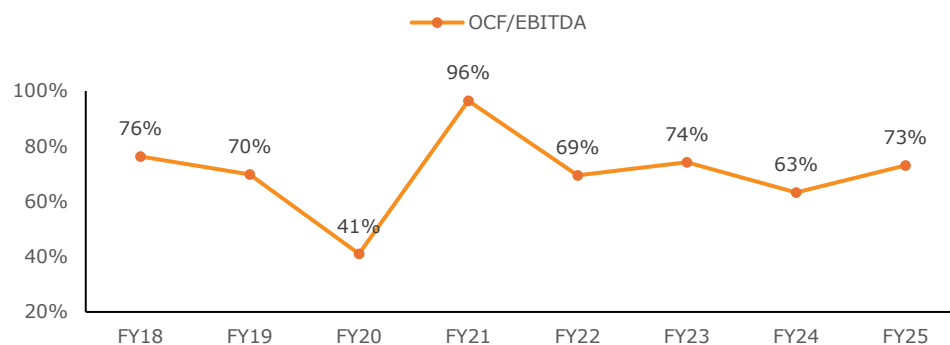
| Particulars | FY18 | FY19 | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 | FY25 |
|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------|-------|-------|----------|
| Capex | 879 | 676 | 703 | 757 | 1,475 | 1,537 | 2,598 | 5,572 |
| (-) Capex attributed to data center | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2,548 |
| Capex (ex-data center) | 879 | 676 | 703 | 757 | 1,475 | 1,537 | 2,598 | 3,024 |
| FCF | 1,306 | 2,095 | 307 | 5,175 | (3,105) | 6,746 | 6,436 | (14,011) |
| FCF (ex-acquisitions) | 2,945 | 3,851 | 2,266 | 6,866 | 6,181 | 7,968 | 6,436 | 6,799 |
| PAT | 2,802 | 4,033 | 4,511 | 4,736 | 6,617 | 6,938 | 8,080 | 8,121 |
| FCF / PAT | 47% | 52% | 7% | 109% | -47% | 97% | 80% | -173% |
| FCF / PAT (ex-acquisitions) | 105% | 95% | 50% | 145% | 93% | 115% | 80% | 84% |
| FCF / PAT (ex-acquisitions and ex-data center capex) | 105% | 95% | 50% | 145% | 93% | 115% | 80% | 115% |

Source: Company, Emkay Research

Exhibit 12: Cash conversion (OCF-to-EBITDA) across peers and select large-caps

| Company | FY19 | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 | FY25 |
|------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Coforge | 70% | 41% | 96% | 69% | 74% | 63% | 73% |
| Persistent | 72% | 62% | 107% | 87% | 63% | 73% | 56% |
| Mphasis | 72% | 80% | 81% | 81% | 60% | 90% | 72% |
| Infosys | 76% | 83% | 87% | 79% | 66% | 72% | 94% |
| TCS | 80% | 84% | 91% | 79% | 75% | 74% | 76% |
| HCLTech | 64% | 77% | 98% | 82% | 80% | 93% | 87% |

Source: Company, Emkay Research

Exhibit 13: OCF-to-EBITDA trend over the past 8 years; steady at ~73% in FY25

Source: Company, Emkay Research

Deconstructing the details of contract cost

The company's contract costs have grown significantly, in both—magnitude (absolute terms) and composition (as a share of revenue)—from FY18 (0.5% of revenue) to FY25 (6.1% of revenue). The sharp escalation in FY25 (Rs7.3bn, +82% YoY) looks to be primarily attributable to the Sabre deal (along with other large deals), which introduced higher upfront acquisition costs and longer amortization tails. There has been quite a lot of ambiguity with the numbers pertaining to the contract cost and hence with this note, we have made an attempt to simplistically explain the details around it, per the disclosure by Coforge.

Based on the nature of the costs

- **Incremental cost of obtaining a contract:** These are costs incurred to secure a contract that would not have been incurred if the contract had not been obtained. It represents the direct upfront investment in securing new business, such as deal bonuses for sales teams. In FY25, this cost surged 2.5x YoY to Rs5.2bn (73% of total contract cost) on the back of new large deals won by Coforge, resulting in increased sales commissions and bonuses.
- **Cost incurred for fulfilling a contract with customers:** These are direct costs associated with taking over wallet share from a competitor, displacing an incumbent vendor, or incurring certain costs on behalf of the client. In FY25, this cost was steady YoY to ~Rs2bn (27% of total cost) probably led by the consolidation deals won by Coforge. Depending on their nature, such costs may be classified under either 'other production expenses' or 'employee benefits expenses'.

Accounting treatment of the contract costs

Both categories mentioned as 'contract costs' are capitalized as assets and amortized over the contract life, ensuring costs align with associated revenue streams. Specifically, deal bonuses (a significant portion of the incremental cost) are largely recognized under 'employee benefits expense' and then spread across the term of the contract.

This structure allows Coforge to match costs with revenues, avoiding immediate compression of reported margins despite the surge. However, if contracts underperform, the risks could be two-fold: 1) asset impairments from contract cost write-downs, 2) sudden recognition of unamortized costs as expenses, pressuring margins.

Building liability against contract assets

Against such contract cost assets, the company reported corresponding contract liabilities of Rs3bn in FY25, a 10x increase from Rs298mn in FY24. These liabilities represent obligations tied to customer advances and are housed under financial and other liabilities. The steep rise signals longer payment timelines and higher deferred obligations over lifespan of these contracts.

"The velocity and the median size of large deals signed by Coforge has been increasing over the years..." – Sudhir Singh, CEO

Q1FY26 Earnings Call

Based on the composition of the costs

In terms of classification by the composition of these costs, since FY22, the mix has pivoted toward non-current cost assets. In FY25, ~21% of contract cost has been classified as current (recoverable/expensed within 12 months), while 79% has been classified as non-current (to be amortized over longer periods), indicating longer remaining amortization tails vs prior years. This is a stark reversal from the 81%/19% (current/non-current) split in FY18. The current shift suggests that more costs will amortize beyond the next 12 months, in contrast to earlier years, when a larger share was due within a year and overall balances were far smaller.

Coforge's front-loaded investment in securing multi-year, high-visibility engagements, with the Sabre deal serving as a case in point (the management commented on the deal nature and composition during the Q1 earnings call). If the company continues to execute (as done historically), the higher non-current component strengthens long-term revenue visibility, even though it could temporarily inflate the balance sheet via contract assets and liabilities.

Exhibit 14: Contract cost trend over FY18-25; peaked as a % of revenue in FY25 (likely due to a spike in incremental cost incurred due to signing of new large deals)

| | FY18 | FY19 | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 | FY25 | Chg YoY |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|------------|
| Contract cost (A) | 139 | 41 | 56 | 107 | 1,155 | 1,912 | 4,034 | 7,347 | 82% |
| Current (B) | 113 | 37 | 34 | 43 | 336 | 734 | 922 | 1,571 | 70% |
| % of total contract cost (B/A) | 81% | 90% | 61% | 40% | 29% | 38% | 23% | 21% | |
| Non-Current (C) | 26 | 4 | 22 | 64 | 819 | 1,178 | 3,112 | 5,776 | 86% |
| % of total contract cost (C/A) | 19% | 10% | 39% | 60% | 71% | 62% | 77% | 79% | |
| Revenue (Rs mn) | 29,914 | 36,762 | 41,839 | 46,628 | 64,320 | 80,146 | 91,790 | 120,507 | 31% |
| Contract Cost as a % of revenue | 0.5% | 0.1% | 0.1% | 0.2% | 1.8% | 2.4% | 4.4% | 6.1% | |

Source: Company, Emkay Research

Exhibit 15: Contract cost categorization between new and existing contracts

| | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 | FY25 | Chg YoY |
|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|------------|
| Contract cost (asset) | 1,155 | 1,912 | 4,034 | 7,347 | 2x |
| Incremental cost of obtaining a contract | 219 | 963 | 2,148 | 5,381 | 2x |
| % of total contract cost (B/A) | 19% | 50% | 53% | 73% | |
| Cost incurred for fulfilling a contract with customers | 936 | 949 | 1,886 | 1,966 | 1x |
| % of total contract cost (B/A) | 81% | 50% | 47% | 27% | |
| Corresponding liability against the above contract cost | - | - | 298 | 3,031 | 10x |
| Net contract cost | 1,155 | 1,912 | 3,736 | 4,316 | 1x |

Source: Company, Emkay Research; Note: The company did not record any corresponding liability in FY22/FY23, per the disclosures

Relative comparison with peers

In FY25, Coforge reported a sharp increase in contract costs and liabilities, rising to 2.7% of revenue from a steady ~0.9% in earlier years (attributed to Sabre and other large deals, as aforementioned). Its contract assets, at ~2.1% of revenue, are in the mid-range, below that of Infosys and LTIMindtree—both of which typically carry higher unbilled revenues due to the larger share of fixed-price, milestone-linked contracts in their portfolio, albeit above that of Mphasis and TCS, wherein balances have historically been leaner. HCL Tech, meanwhile, presents a different profile – relatively higher contract liabilities (4.9% in FY25) and modest contract assets, reflecting its scale in large annuity outsourcing deals where billing often runs ahead of revenue recognition. However, it is important to understand that all peers operate with a mix of fixed-price and time-and-materials contracts; the difference lies more in scale, billing cadence, and project profile than in a strict contract-type split. For instance, Infosys disclosed over half its FY25 revenue came from fixed-price deals, LTIMindtree also carries significant milestone-driven projects, while Mphasis, TCS, and HCL Tech balance fixed-price engagements with steady managed-services portfolio.

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Exhibit 16: Relative comparison of contract cost, asset, and liabilities, as a % of revenue of the peer set with Coforge

| Company | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 | FY25 |
|-----------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Contract Costs | | | | | |
| Coforge | 1.1% | 0.9% | 0.8% | 0.9% | 2.7% |
| Mphasis | 1.2% | 1.0% | 0.8% | 1.3% | 0.8% |
| LTIMindtree | 0.8% | 1.2% | 1.0% | 1.2% | 1.5% |
| Infosys | 2.3% | 1.7% | 1.3% | 2.0% | 2.3% |
| TCS | 0.4% | 0.5% | 0.5% | 0.5% | 0.5% |
| HCL Tech | 2.8% | 3.0% | 2.5% | 2.0% | 1.6% |
| Contract Assets | | | | | |
| Coforge | 1.5% | 2.0% | 2.0% | 2.1% | 2.1% |
| Mphasis | 0.6% | 1.4% | 1.4% | 0.1% | 0.6% |
| LTIMindtree | 2.6% | 4.0% | 4.0% | 2.6% | 1.9% |
| Infosys | 0.5% | 0.5% | 0.5% | 0.3% | 0.3% |
| TCS | 0.2% | 0.2% | 0.3% | 0.3% | 0.3% |
| HCL Tech | 0.4% | 0.6% | 0.6% | 1.0% | 1.2% |
| Contract Liabilities | | | | | |
| Coforge | 1.1% | 0.9% | 0.8% | 0.9% | 2.7% |
| Mphasis | 1.2% | 1.0% | 0.8% | 1.3% | 0.8% |
| LTIMindtree | 0.8% | 1.2% | 1.0% | 1.2% | 1.5% |
| Infosys | 0.4% | 0.5% | 0.5% | 0.5% | 0.5% |
| TCS | 0.1% | 0.1% | 0.1% | 0.1% | 0.1% |
| HCL Tech | 4.8% | 4.7% | 4.6% | 4.7% | 4.9% |

Source: Company, Emkay Research

Exhibit 17: Discount as a % of revenue increased to 1.4% in FY25

| Particulars | FY18 | FY19 | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 | FY25 |
|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------|
| Discount (incl volume discount) and others (Rs mn) | (65) | (148) | (55) | (542) | (504) | (614) | (573) | (1,699) |
| Discount as a % of revenue as per contracted price | -0.2% | -0.4% | -0.1% | -1.1% | -0.8% | -0.8% | -0.6% | -1.4% |

Source: Company, Emkay Research

Exhibit 18: Decreasing share of the executable order book as a % of order intake indicating higher long-tenure deal structure

| Particulars (USD mn) | FY19 | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 | FY25 | Chg YoY |
|--|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|--------------|
| Revenue (A) | 531 | 590 | 628 | 863 | 1,005 | 1,122 | 1,448 | 30% |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | FY18 | FY19 | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 | FY25 Chg YoY |
| Order intake (B) | 507 | 646 | 749 | 780 | 1,154 | 1,265 | 1,972 | 3,456 75% |
| Executable order book for the next 12 months (C) | 339 | 390 | 468 | 520 | 720 | 869 | 1,019 | 1,505 48% |
| % share of revenue (C/A) | 64% | 66% | 75% | 60% | 72% | 77% | 70% | 80%* |
| % share of order intake (C/B) | 67% | 60% | 62% | 67% | 62% | 69% | 52% | 44% |

Source: Company, Emkay Research; Note: * based on our FY26 estimated revenue

Exhibit 19: RPO increased ~17x YoY, possibly led by the Sabre deal; the revenue to be recognized in the next 12M grew ~4x YoY

| Particulars (Rs mn) | FY19 | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 | FY25 | Chg YoY |
|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------|---------|
| Remaining Performance Obligations (RPO) | 1,182 | 1,596 | 4,254 | 3,789 | 5,591 | 7,033 | 121,640 | 17x |
| RPO expected to be recognized as revenue in next 12M | 1,024 | 1,512 | 2,128 | 2,033 | 3,283 | 3,710 | 14,257 | 4x |
| As a % of LTM revenue | 3.4% | 4.1% | 5.1% | 4.4% | 5.1% | 4.6% | 15.5% | |

Source: Company, Emkay Research

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Exhibit 20: Finance cost profile over FY22-25 with elevated levels in FY25

| Particulars (Rs mn) | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 | FY25 | Chg YoY |
|--|------------|------------|--------------|--------------|-----------|
| Finance costs | 650 | 806 | 1,255 | 1,347 | 7% |
| Interest on borrowings (A) | 479 | 598 | 926 | 871 | -6% |
| Bank and financial charges (B) | 41 | 38 | 50 | 54 | 8% |
| Unwinding of discounts (C) | 130 | 170 | 279 | 422 | 51% |
| Average debt (D) | 1,775 | 3,464 | 3,874 | 5,686 | 47% |
| Average lease liabilities (E) | 1,082 | 1,796 | 2,567 | 3,297 | 28% |
| Interest as a % of Average debt ((A+B)/D) | 29% | 18% | 25% | 16% | |
| Discount as a % of Average lease liabilities (C/E) | 12% | 9% | 11% | 13% | |

Source: Company, Emkay Research

Other key takeaways**Progress and developments in AI/Gen AI**

- **Enterprise Enablement.** Coforge has embedded AI into the core of its business model, operating as an AI-first enterprise.
 - The AI Spark program has ensured broad-based enablement, with ~95% of employees trained in AI and GenAI through role-based learning tracks. This creates a workforce capable of embedding AI into solution design, engineering, and delivery.
 - In addition, Coforge has adopted GitHub Copilot across its developer base. Preliminary results show ~25% faster code writing and ~50% higher developer satisfaction, signaling broad-based productivity improvements from early-stage AI enablement (Exhibit 21).
- **Data and AI Modernization.** Coforge's modernization framework ensures that enterprises are AI-ready at the data layer, addressing one of the biggest adoption hurdles for GenAI.
 - It applies a '6+2 Data Modernization' framework: six modernization tracks (appliance retirement, pipeline modernization, database upgrades, ML lifecycle modernization, governance, report rationalization) plus two accelerators (Data4AI and AI4Data).
 - *Data4AI* focuses on preparing enterprise data for AI by building feature stores, vector stores, and RAG pipelines.
 - *AI4Data* automates ingestion, schema mapping, and validation to speed up AI-readiness of data.
 - Proprietary accelerators such as CodeXpress, MigXpress, and IngestXpress shorten migration and transformation cycles, allowing faster AI deployment.
- **Coforge AI marketplace,** Quasar, encapsulates solutions, and accelerators built on technologies such as GenAI, SpeechAI, VisionAI, and ConversationalAI, hosting industry-specific use cases. It integrates more than 23 LLMs and has been used in over 200 industry use cases, such as collection management, fraud detection, wealth advisory, and insurance quote creation.

Engineering and Cloud Capabilities

Coforge's engineering strategy is structured around five critical pillars:

- *Product Engineering* to build modular, cloud-ready, and scalable digital products.
- *System Integration* to enable interoperability across legacy systems, APIs, SaaS platforms, and real-time data pipelines.
- *Software Development Lifecycle Acceleration* embedding AI, DevSecOps, and automation to reduce time-to-market and enhance engineering quality.
- *Modern Application Managed Services (AMS)* shifting from traditional models to intelligent, automated, and outcome-driven service delivery.
- *Legacy Modernization* transforming aging systems into agile, cloud-native platforms while safeguarding past investments.

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Exhibit 21: Select Gen AI use cases delivered by Coforge across industries

| Industry | AI/GenAI Applications | Probable Impact |
|------------------------------|--|---|
| Insurance | AI-powered underwriting workbench using Quasar + Microsoft Azure OpenAI | 70% productivity improvement; near-zero error rates |
| Travel & Hospitality | Automated travel policy scoring using AWS Bedrock + Sonnet 3.5 LLM | Reduced scoring time from 18 hours to 1 hour; improved accuracy |
| Retail | GenAI in quality engineering for automated test case generation and intelligent assurance | Faster product releases; reduced QA costs |
| Banking & Financial Services | Real-time transcription, call scoring, sentiment analysis, and next-best-action recommendation | Enhanced relationship management and client engagement |
| Healthcare & Life Sciences | Agentic AI for drug discovery and clinical trials | 50% cost reduction; timeline reduced, from 10-15 years to 3-5 years |

Source: Company, Emkay Research

Deep dive into selected subsidiaries

- **SLK Global** (now Coforge Business Process Solutions Pvt) is a business process transformation firm with strong domain expertise in BFSI and a sharp focus on the North American market.

The acquisition has reinforced Coforge's presence in its core BFSI while unlocking meaningful cross-selling opportunities, especially for Coforge's cloud and digital services across SLK Global's client base. SLK has subsidiaries in US and Philippines (included in our analysis).

Coforge acquired 80% stake in SLK Global over FY22-24, with the remaining stake held by Fifth Third Bancorp, one of its large clients. Since acquisition, SLK Global has delivered strong performance (~21% revenue CAGR, ~16% PAT CAGR over FY22-25) despite a weak US mortgage market.

- **Cigniti Technologies**, acquired in FY25, is an AI and IP led Digital Assurance and Digital Engineering Services company. The business has been fully integrated into Coforge and is contributing meaningfully to overall growth, with visible cross-sell and synergy benefits.

Its capabilities could strengthen Coforge's offerings in platform modernization, cloud-native transformation, hyper-automation, and AI-led product engineering across key sectors such as BFSI, Healthcare, Retail, and Hi-Tech, supporting the company's strong deal momentum and order book growth.

Exhibit 22: SLK has performed well, with revenue CAGR of ~21% post-acquisition by Coforge

| Particulars (Rs mn) | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 | FY25 | CAGR (FY22-25) |
|---------------------|-------|-------|--------|--------|----------------|
| Revenue | 7,607 | 9,205 | 11,407 | 13,479 | 21% |
| % YoY | | 21% | 24% | 18% | |
| Profit Before Tax | 1,578 | 1,738 | 1,943 | 2,350 | 14% |
| % YoY | | 10% | 12% | 21% | |
| % PBT margin | 21% | 19% | 17% | 17% | |
| Profit After Tax | 1,256 | 1,472 | 1,678 | 1,970 | 16% |
| % YoY | | 17% | 14% | 17% | |
| % PAT margin | 17% | 16% | 15% | 15% | |

Source: Company, Emkay Research; Note: SLK group companies—Business Process Solutions Pvt (India), erstwhile SLK Global Solutions Private, is the holding company. Its subsidiaries are Coforge BPS America Inc (USA) and Coforge BPS Philippines Inc (Philippines). Its step-down subsidiary is Coforge BPS North Carolina LLC (USA)

Exhibit 23: Operating performance of recently acquired entity Cigniti

| Particulars (Rs mn) | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 | FY25 |
|---------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Revenue | 12,418 | 16,476 | 18,150 | 20,143 |
| YoY chg | | 33% | 10% | 11% |
| Profit before Tax | 1,215 | 2,216 | 2,204 | 2,720 |
| YoY chg | | 82% | -1% | 23% |
| PBT margin | 10% | 13% | 12% | 14% |
| Profit after Tax | 917 | 1,683 | 1,656 | 2,002 |
| YoY chg | | 83% | -2% | 21% |
| PAT margin | 7% | 10% | 9% | 10% |

Source: Company, Emkay Research

ESOP expenses grew 1.8x in FY25; total grants rise with KMPs holding more, although proportion remains unchanged

- The total number of outstanding ESOPs has seen a ~2x increase, from FY18 to FY25, with FY25 ESOP cost reaching a peak of Rs1.7bn (1.4% of revenue).
- FY25 was a standout year for new option grants. The company issued the largest annual grant during this period. A substantial portion of this was allocated to the top leadership team under the 'Coforge ESOP 2005 Scheme'.
- The large grants made to the CEO and President in FY25 are structured as long-term incentives. The vesting period for these options is set for FY26-31, aligning the executives' interests with the company's long-term growth.

Exhibit 24: Total ESOP expenses incurred by Coforge over the past 8 years; peaked as a % of revenue in FY25

| Particulars (Rs mn) | FY18 | FY19 | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 | FY25 | Chg YoY |
|---------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|---------|
| ESOP | 97 | 76 | 63 | 464 | 382 | 574 | 943 | 1,731 | 84% |
| Revenue | 29,914 | 36,762 | 41,839 | 46,628 | 64,320 | 80,146 | 91,790 | 120,507 | 31% |
| As a % of revenue | 0.3% | 0.2% | 0.2% | 1.0% | 0.6% | 0.7% | 1.0% | 1.4% | |

Source: Company, Emkay Research

Exhibit 25: ESOP trend over FY18-25; granted maximum ESOPs in FY25

| Particulars | FY18 | FY19 | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 | FY25 |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Opening balance | 1,091,580 | 1,202,420 | 968,340 | 1,719,230 | 1,574,493 | 1,340,822 | 1,338,421 | 577,684 |
| Granted during the year | 303,550 | 204,070 | 1,532,230 | 32,875 | 302,000 | 276,480 | 326,347 | 1,645,100 |
| Exercised during the year | (93,950) | (327,750) | (710,685) | (54,080) | (320,803) | (173,928) | (733,912) | (188,297) |
| Forfeited/ lapsed during the year | (98,760) | (110,400) | (70,655) | (123,532) | (214,868) | (104,953) | (353,172) | (116,962) |
| Closing balance | 1,202,420 | 968,340 | 1,719,230 | 1,574,493 | 1,340,822 | 1,338,421 | 577,684 | 1,917,525 |

Source: Company, Emkay Research; Note: The numbers above do not consider that the 1:5 split of shares was effective 4-Jun-25

Exhibit 26: Share options held by key managerial personnel of the company's 'Stock Option Plan 2005'

| Grant date | Expiry date | Exercise price | Closing options as on | |
|---|------------------------|----------------|-----------------------|----------------|
| | | | 31-Mar-24 | 31-Mar-25 |
| FY19-20 | 31-Dec-28 to 30-Sep-30 | 10 | 69,720 | 8,091 |
| FY21-22 | 30-Sep-29 to 30-Sep-30 | 10 | 2,867 | 2,867 |
| FY23-24 | 31-Dec-25 to 30-Jan-30 | 10 | 142,000 | 137,721 |
| FY24-25 | 31-Dec-25 to 30-Sep-31 | 10 | - | 525,000 |
| FY24-25 | 1-Oct-30 to 29-Sep-31 | 5,511 | - | 50,000 |
| ESOPs held by KMPs | | | 214,587 | 723,679 |
| ESOPs held by KMPs/Total ESOPs (%) | | | 37.1% | 37.7% |

Source: Company, Emkay Research; Note: The numbers above do not consider that the 1:5 split of shares was effective 4-Jun-25

Exhibit 27: Grants issued to the leadership team during FY25, under Coforge ESOP 2005 Scheme

| Name | Designation | ESOP granted during FY25* (mn) | Face Value | Exercise price per ESOP | Vesting Period |
|----------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|----------------|
| Sudhir Singh | CEO and Executive Director | 1.75 | 2 | 2 | FY26-31 |
| Gautam Samanta | President and Executive Director | 0.5 | 2 | 2 | FY26-31 |

Source: Company, Emkay Research; Note: * All grants have performance-based vesting and the number of grants reflected above considers a 1:5 split of shares, effective 4-Jun-25

Exhibit 28: Remuneration paid to Executive Director

| Name title | Designation | Remuneration in FY25 (Rs mn) | Remuneration in FY24 (Rs mn) | % increase in remuneration in FY25 over FY24 | Ratio of remuneration to median remuneration of employees | Median remuneration of employees (Rs mn) |
|----------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|--|---|--|
| Sudhir Singh | CEO and Executive Director | 361.2 | 1,051.2 | -65.6% | 190.1 | 1.9 |
| Gautam Samanta | Executive Director | 102.8 | 166.7* | NA | 54.1 | 1.9 |

Source: Company, Emkay Research; Note: *An amount of Rs166.7mn was paid to Gautam Samanta as remuneration during FY24 in his capacity as President of the company

Exhibit 29: Senior management personnel appointment during FY24-25

| Senior Management | Designation | Effective Date |
|-------------------|--|----------------|
| Pankaj Khanna | Chief People Officer | 1-Apr-24 |
| Anup Kumar | EVP - Head of M&A | 2-Jul-24 |
| Vikrant Karnik | EVP and HBU leader for Digital, Data, AI, and CIMS | 2-Jul-24 |
| Sunil Fernandes | EVP - Global Delivery Head | 22-Jul-24 |

Source: Company, Emkay Research

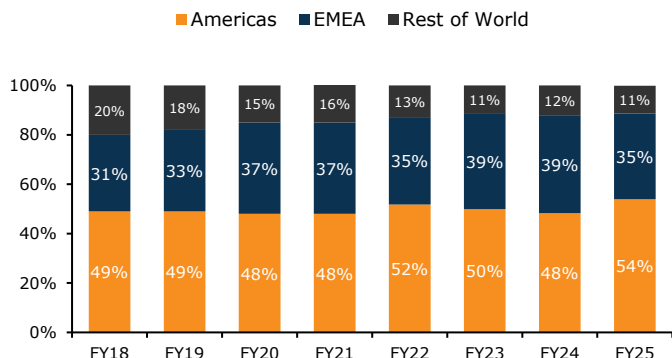
Exhibit 30: Changes in estimates

| (Rs mn) | FY26E | | | FY27E | | | FY28E | | |
|------------------|---------|---------|--------|---------|---------|--------|---------|---------|--------|
| | Old | New | Change | Old | New | Change | Old | New | Change |
| Revenue (USD mn) | 1,871 | 1,871 | 0.0% | 2,154 | 2,154 | 0.0% | 2,477 | 2,477 | 0.0% |
| YoY growth | 29.4% | 29.4% | | 15.1% | 15.1% | | 15.0% | 15.0% | |
| Revenue | 160,424 | 160,424 | 0.0% | 188,458 | 188,458 | 0.0% | 218,000 | 218,000 | 0.0% |
| EBIT | 21,477 | 21,493 | 0.1% | 25,496 | 25,447 | -0.2% | 29,699 | 29,737 | 0.1% |
| EBIT margin (%) | 13.4 | 13.4 | | 13.5 | 13.5 | | 13.6 | 13.6 | |
| Net Profit | 14,109 | 14,164 | 0.4% | 16,274 | 16,583 | 1.9% | 19,661 | 20,197 | 2.7% |
| EPS (Rs) | 42.2 | 42.4 | 0.4% | 48.7 | 49.6 | 1.9% | 58.8 | 60.4 | 2.7% |

Source: Company, Emkay Research

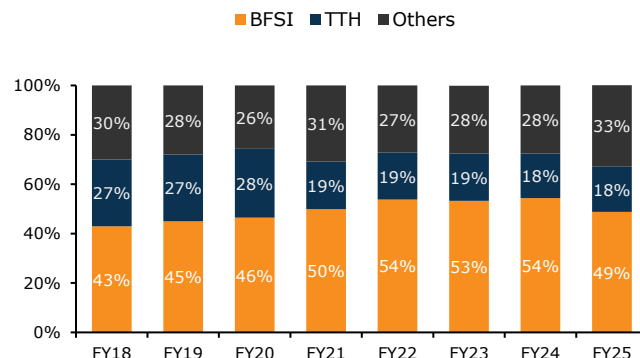
Story in Charts

Exhibit 31: Revenue contribution across geographies largely steady



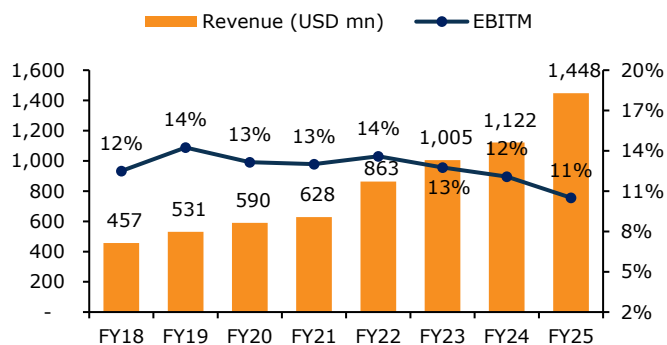
Source: Company, Emkay Research

Exhibit 32: Vertical-wise evolving revenue mix, indicating diversification at play (TTH share reduced from FY18 to FY25)



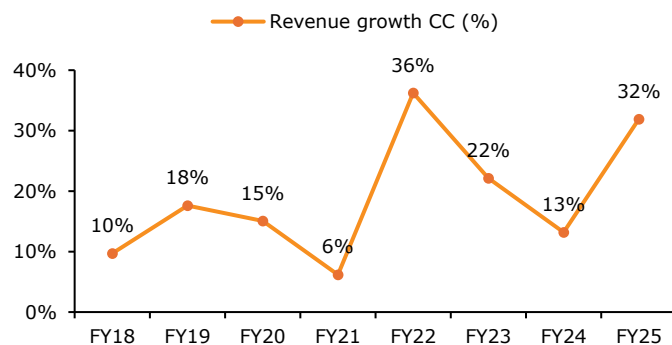
Source: Company, Emkay Research; Note – 'Others' include 'Government Outside India' wef FY24

Exhibit 33: Revenue growth and developing margin profile



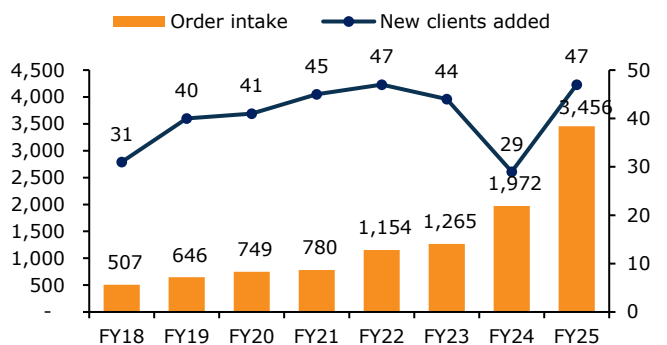
Source: Company, Emkay Research

Exhibit 34: Strong and consistent revenue growth performance



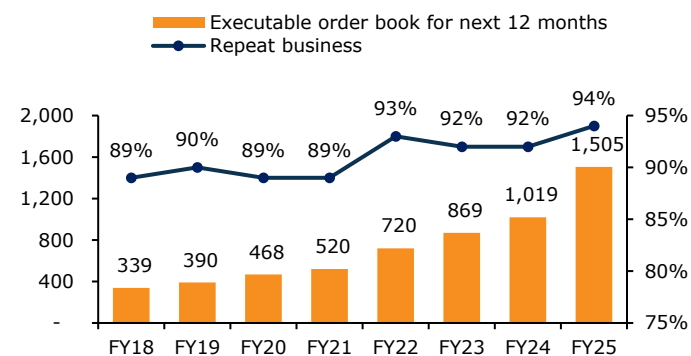
Source: Company, Emkay Research

Exhibit 35: Order intake grew ~6x from FY18 to FY25, with steady new-client addition



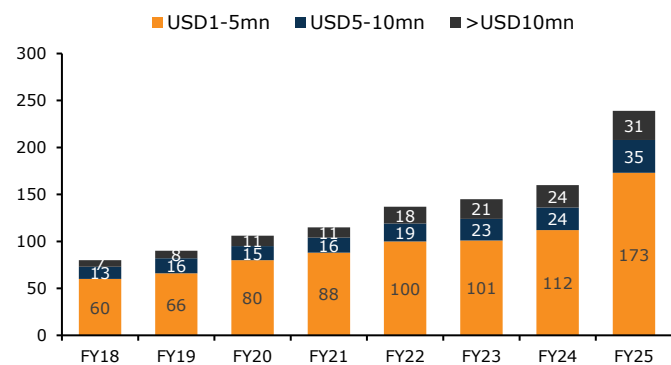
Source: Company, Emkay Research

Exhibit 36: Around 5x increase in the executable order book from FY18 to FY25, with repeat business inching up steadily

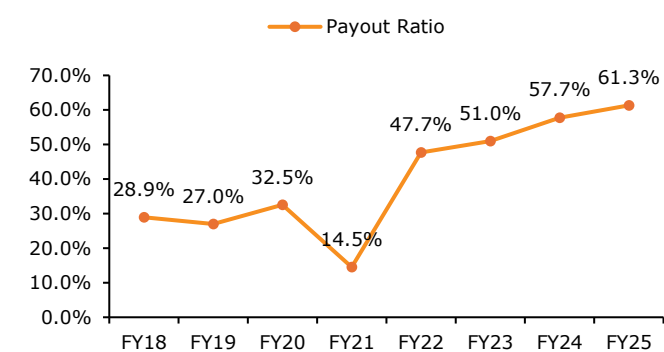


Source: Company, Emkay Research

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Exhibit 37: Increasing large-client relationships

Source: Company, Emkay Research

Exhibit 38: Payout has been consistently increasing since the past few years

Source: Company, Emkay Research

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Coforge: Consolidated Financials and Valuations

| Profit & Los | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Y/E Mar (Rs mn) | FY24 | FY25 | FY26E | FY27E | FY28E |
| Revenue | 91,790 | 120,507 | 160,424 | 188,458 | 218,000 |
| Revenue growth (%) | 14.5 | 31.3 | 33.1 | 17.5 | 15.7 |
| EBITDA | 14,277 | 16,937 | 28,226 | 33,255 | 38,253 |
| EBITDA growth (%) | 11.5 | 18.6 | 66.7 | 17.8 | 15.0 |
| Depreciation & Amortization | 3,186 | 4,276 | 6,733 | 7,808 | 8,516 |
| EBIT | 11,091 | 12,661 | 21,493 | 25,447 | 29,737 |
| EBIT growth (%) | 8.5 | 14.2 | 69.8 | 18.4 | 16.9 |
| Other operating income | - | - | - | - | - |
| Other income | 614 | 1,647 | 217 | 564 | 1,169 |
| Financial expense | 1,256 | 1,347 | 1,899 | 1,670 | 1,452 |
| PBT | 10,449 | 12,961 | 19,811 | 24,341 | 29,454 |
| Extraordinary items | 0 | 0 | (291) | 0 | 0 |
| Taxes | 2,093 | 3,326 | 4,759 | 6,085 | 7,364 |
| Minority interest | (276) | (1,514) | (888) | (1,673) | (1,894) |
| Income from JV/Associates | - | - | - | - | - |
| Reported PAT | 8,080 | 8,121 | 13,873 | 16,583 | 20,197 |
| PAT growth (%) | 19.0 | 0.5 | 70.8 | 19.5 | 21.8 |
| Adjusted PAT | 8,080 | 8,121 | 14,164 | 16,583 | 20,197 |
| Diluted EPS (Rs) | 26.1 | 24.3 | 42.4 | 49.6 | 60.4 |
| Diluted EPS growth (%) | 9.2 | (7.1) | 74.4 | 17.1 | 21.8 |
| DPS (Rs) | 15.5 | 15.2 | 16.0 | 19.0 | 23.2 |
| Dividend payout (%) | 59.2 | 62.8 | 38.6 | 38.3 | 38.4 |
| EBITDA margin (%) | 15.6 | 14.1 | 17.6 | 17.6 | 17.5 |
| EBIT margin (%) | 12.1 | 10.5 | 13.4 | 13.5 | 13.6 |
| Effective tax rate (%) | 20.0 | 25.7 | 24.0 | 25.0 | 25.0 |
| NOPLAT (pre-IndAS) | 8,869 | 9,412 | 16,330 | 19,085 | 22,303 |
| Shares outstanding (mn) | 309 | 334 | 334 | 334 | 334 |

Source: Company, Emkay Research

| Balance Sheet | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|
| Y/E Mar (Rs mn) | FY24 | FY25 | FY26E | FY27E | FY28E |
| Share capital | 618 | 669 | 669 | 669 | 669 |
| Reserves & Surplus | 35,648 | 63,123 | 71,645 | 81,874 | 94,312 |
| Net worth | 36,266 | 63,792 | 72,314 | 82,543 | 94,981 |
| Minority interests | 1,003 | 19,498 | 20,386 | 22,059 | 23,953 |
| Non-current liab. & prov. | (5,117) | (3,286) | (3,286) | (3,286) | (3,286) |
| Total debt | 4,366 | 7,005 | 6,000 | 3,000 | 2,000 |
| Total liabilities & equity | 39,412 | 90,708 | 99,809 | 109,479 | 123,620 |
| Net tangible fixed assets | 4,760 | 7,837 | 11,976 | 11,062 | 9,960 |
| Net intangible assets | 4,395 | 11,296 | 10,578 | 8,667 | 6,587 |
| Net ROU assets | 2,637 | 3,399 | 3,935 | 4,142 | 4,018 |
| Capital WIP | 232 | 4,131 | 200 | 200 | 200 |
| Goodwill | 11,738 | 38,430 | 40,930 | 40,930 | 40,930 |
| Investments [JV/Associates] | 0 | 1,457 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Cash & equivalents | 3,352 | 8,832 | 12,430 | 20,229 | 32,678 |
| Current assets (ex-cash) | 28,380 | 44,055 | 55,004 | 64,604 | 74,722 |
| Current Liab. & Prov. | 16,082 | 28,729 | 35,243 | 40,355 | 45,474 |
| NWC (ex-cash) | 12,298 | 15,326 | 19,760 | 24,249 | 29,248 |
| Total assets | 39,412 | 90,708 | 99,809 | 109,479 | 123,620 |
| Net debt | 1,014 | (1,827) | (6,430) | (17,229) | (30,678) |
| Capital employed | 39,412 | 90,708 | 99,809 | 109,479 | 123,620 |
| Invested capital | 33,191 | 72,889 | 83,244 | 84,908 | 86,724 |
| BVPS (Rs) | 117.3 | 190.8 | 216.2 | 246.8 | 284.0 |
| Net Debt/Equity (x) | - | - | (0.1) | (0.2) | (0.3) |
| Net Debt/EBITDA (x) | 0.1 | (0.1) | (0.2) | (0.5) | (0.8) |
| Interest coverage (x) | 9.3 | 10.6 | 11.4 | 15.6 | 21.3 |
| RoCE (%) | 30.5 | 21.7 | 23.0 | 25.2 | 27.0 |

Source: Company, Emkay Research

| Cash flows | | | | | |
|------------------------------|---------|----------|---------|---------|---------|
| Y/E Mar (Rs mn) | FY24 | FY25 | FY26E | FY27E | FY28E |
| PBT (ex-other income) | 10,449 | 12,536 | 19,520 | 24,341 | 29,454 |
| Others (non-cash items) | 5,046 | 6,483 | 6,733 | 7,808 | 8,516 |
| Taxes paid | (3,661) | (3,959) | (4,759) | (6,085) | (7,364) |
| Change in NWC | (2,800) | (2,689) | (2,234) | (3,721) | (4,189) |
| Operating cash flow | 9,034 | 12,371 | 19,260 | 22,343 | 26,417 |
| Capital expenditure | (2,598) | (5,572) | (9,259) | (5,190) | (5,210) |
| Acquisition of business | 0 | (20,810) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Interest & dividend income | 120 | 714 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Investing cash flow | (2,478) | (24,483) | (9,306) | (5,190) | (5,210) |
| Equity raised/(repaid) | 7 | 22,015 | - | 0 | 0 |
| Debt raised/(repaid) | (2,556) | 2,139 | (1,005) | (3,000) | (1,000) |
| Payment of lease liabilities | 0 | (866) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Interest paid | - | - | - | - | - |
| Dividend paid (incl tax) | (4,781) | (5,097) | (5,351) | (6,354) | (7,759) |
| Others | (1,540) | (1,438) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Financing cash flow | (8,870) | 16,753 | (6,356) | (9,354) | (8,759) |
| Net chg in Cash | (2,314) | 4,641 | 3,598 | 7,799 | 12,449 |
| OCF | 9,034 | 12,371 | 19,260 | 22,343 | 26,417 |
| Adj. OCF (w/o NWC chg.) | 11,834 | 15,060 | 21,494 | 26,064 | 30,607 |
| FCFF | 6,436 | 6,799 | 10,001 | 17,153 | 21,207 |
| FCFE | 5,300 | 6,166 | 8,102 | 15,483 | 19,755 |
| OCF/EBITDA (%) | 63.3 | 73.0 | 68.2 | 67.2 | 69.1 |
| FCFE/PAT (%) | 65.6 | 75.9 | 58.4 | 93.4 | 97.8 |
| FCFF/NOPLAT (%) | 72.6 | 72.2 | 61.2 | 89.9 | 95.1 |

Source: Company, Emkay Research

| Valuations and key Ratios | | | | | |
|---------------------------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| Y/E Mar | FY24 | FY25 | FY26E | FY27E | FY28E |
| P/E (x) | 67.3 | 72.4 | 42.4 | 35.5 | 29.1 |
| EV/CE(x) | 13.1 | 6.0 | 5.5 | 5.1 | 4.5 |
| P/B (x) | 15.0 | 9.2 | 8.1 | 7.1 | 6.2 |
| EV/Sales (x) | 5.9 | 4.5 | 3.4 | 2.9 | 2.5 |
| EV/EBITDA (x) | 38.2 | 32.2 | 19.3 | 16.4 | 14.2 |
| EV/EBIT(x) | 49.1 | 43.0 | 25.3 | 21.4 | 18.3 |
| EV/IC (x) | 16.4 | 7.5 | 6.5 | 6.4 | 6.3 |
| FCFF yield (%) | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.8 | 3.1 | 3.9 |
| FCFE yield (%) | 0.9 | 1.0 | 1.4 | 2.6 | 3.4 |
| Dividend yield (%) | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 1.1 | 1.3 |
| DuPont-RoE split | | | | | |
| Net profit margin (%) | 8.8 | 6.7 | 8.8 | 8.8 | 9.3 |
| Total asset turnover (x) | 2.7 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 1.9 |
| Assets/Equity (x) | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.3 |
| RoE (%) | 24.1 | 16.2 | 20.8 | 21.4 | 22.8 |
| DuPont-RoIC | | | | | |
| NOPLAT margin (%) | 9.7 | 7.8 | 10.2 | 10.1 | 10.2 |
| IC turnover (x) | 3.1 | 2.3 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.5 |
| RoIC (%) | 29.8 | 17.7 | 20.9 | 22.7 | 26.0 |
| Operating metrics | | | | | |
| Core NWC days | 48.9 | 46.4 | 45.0 | 47.0 | 49.0 |
| Total NWC days | 48.9 | 46.4 | 45.0 | 47.0 | 49.0 |
| Fixed asset turnover | 3.0 | 2.3 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.4 |
| Opex-to-revenue (%) | 84.3 | 85.9 | 82.4 | 82.4 | 82.5 |

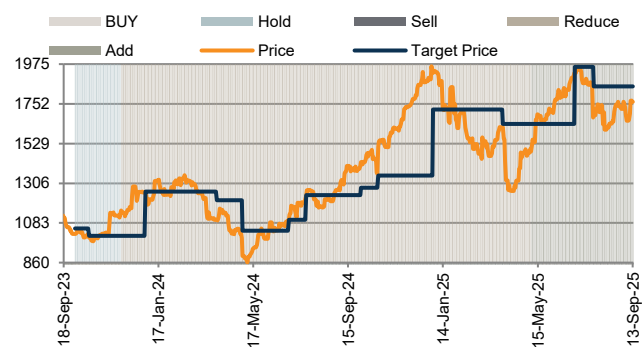
Source: Company, Emkay Research

RECOMMENDATION HISTORY - DETAILS

| Date | Closing Price (Rs) | TP (Rs) | Rating | Analyst |
|-----------|--------------------|---------|--------|-------------------|
| 25-Jul-25 | 1,689 | 1,850 | Add | Dipeshkumar Mehta |
| 01-Jul-25 | 1,923 | 1,960 | Add | Dipeshkumar Mehta |
| 06-May-25 | 1,485 | 1,640 | Add | Dipeshkumar Mehta |
| 31-Mar-25 | 1,622 | 1,640 | Reduce | Dipeshkumar Mehta |
| 24-Jan-25 | 1,847 | 1,720 | Reduce | Dipeshkumar Mehta |
| 01-Jan-25 | 1,926 | 1,720 | Reduce | Dipeshkumar Mehta |
| 29-Dec-24 | 1,890 | 1,350 | Reduce | Dipeshkumar Mehta |
| 23-Oct-24 | 1,512 | 1,350 | Reduce | Dipeshkumar Mehta |
| 01-Oct-24 | 1,425 | 1,280 | Reduce | Dipeshkumar Mehta |
| 23-Jul-24 | 1,236 | 1,240 | Reduce | Dipeshkumar Mehta |
| 01-Jul-24 | 1,104 | 1,100 | Reduce | Dipeshkumar Mehta |
| 09-Jun-24 | 1,086 | 1,040 | Reduce | Dipeshkumar Mehta |
| 03-Jun-24 | 1,003 | 1,040 | Reduce | Dipeshkumar Mehta |
| 27-May-24 | 1,053 | 1,040 | Reduce | Dipeshkumar Mehta |
| 03-May-24 | 897 | 1,040 | Reduce | Dipeshkumar Mehta |
| 31-Mar-24 | 1,100 | 1,210 | Reduce | Dipeshkumar Mehta |
| 01-Mar-24 | 1,301 | 1,260 | Reduce | Dipeshkumar Mehta |
| 23-Jan-24 | 1,240 | 1,260 | Reduce | Dipeshkumar Mehta |
| 31-Dec-23 | 1,255 | 1,260 | Reduce | Dipeshkumar Mehta |
| 30-Nov-23 | 1,152 | 1,010 | Reduce | Dipeshkumar Mehta |

Source: Company, Emkay Research

RECOMMENDATION HISTORY - TREND



Source: Company, Bloomberg, Emkay Research

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|---------------|---|
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| ADD | 5-15% upside |
| REDUCE | 5% upside to 15% downside |
| SELL | >15% downside |

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